



X-ray Diffraction Studies of Low-Energy Ion-Irradiation Defects in Model Targets

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Outline



- Surface X-ray Diffraction
- Silicon as “ideal” target
- Oxygen dosing results
- High energy Ar^+ irradiation
- CTR method
- Ion Damage as Vacancy or Relaxation
- Ex-situ samples from AO source
- Future plans



Goals of Project



- Materials modifications due to 5eV oxygen present in Low Earth Orbit
- Focus on Silicon as “ideal” target
- Develop X-ray diffraction methods
- Utilize X-ray resources at
 - Brookhaven National Lab (X16A NSLS)
 - Argonne National Lab (sector 34 APS)



Why are 5eV oxygen ions interesting?



- Chemical interaction
 - 5eV O is reactive
 - Breaks bonds
 - Forms new bonds
 - Adsorbed species
- Physical interaction
 - 5eV O is a projectile
 - Causes collisions
 - Results in point defects
 - Defects seen as strain
- Crossover energy = “Sputtering threshold”
- Around 15eV for Silicon
 - Orientation dependence?
 - Site-specific dependence?



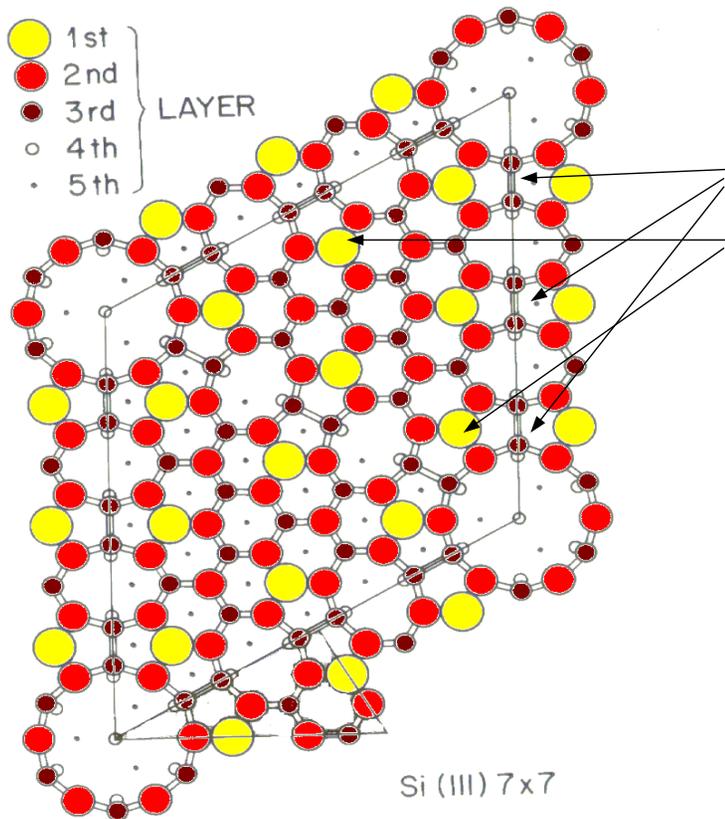
Surface X-ray Diffraction



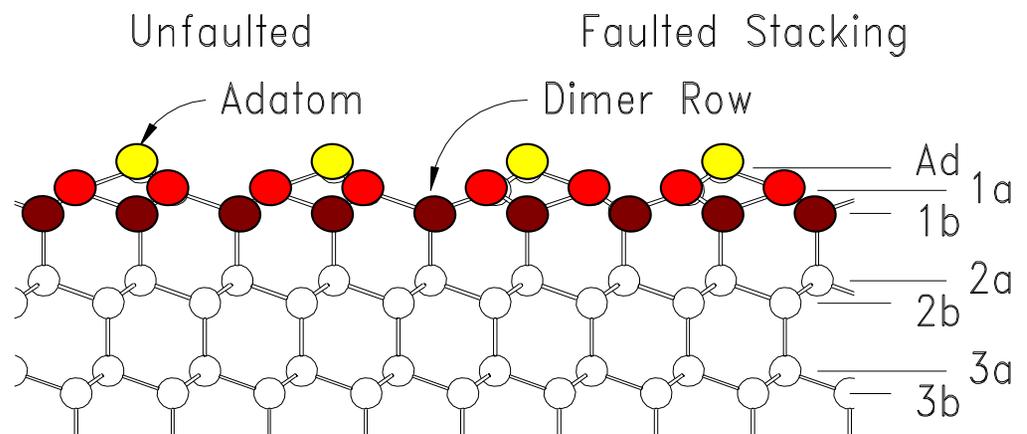
- Surface sensitivity comes from **symmetry**
- Buried interfaces equally accessible
- Kinematical diffraction is quantitative
- Ordered superstructure or “ 1×1 ”
- Direct methods under development



Si(111) 7x7



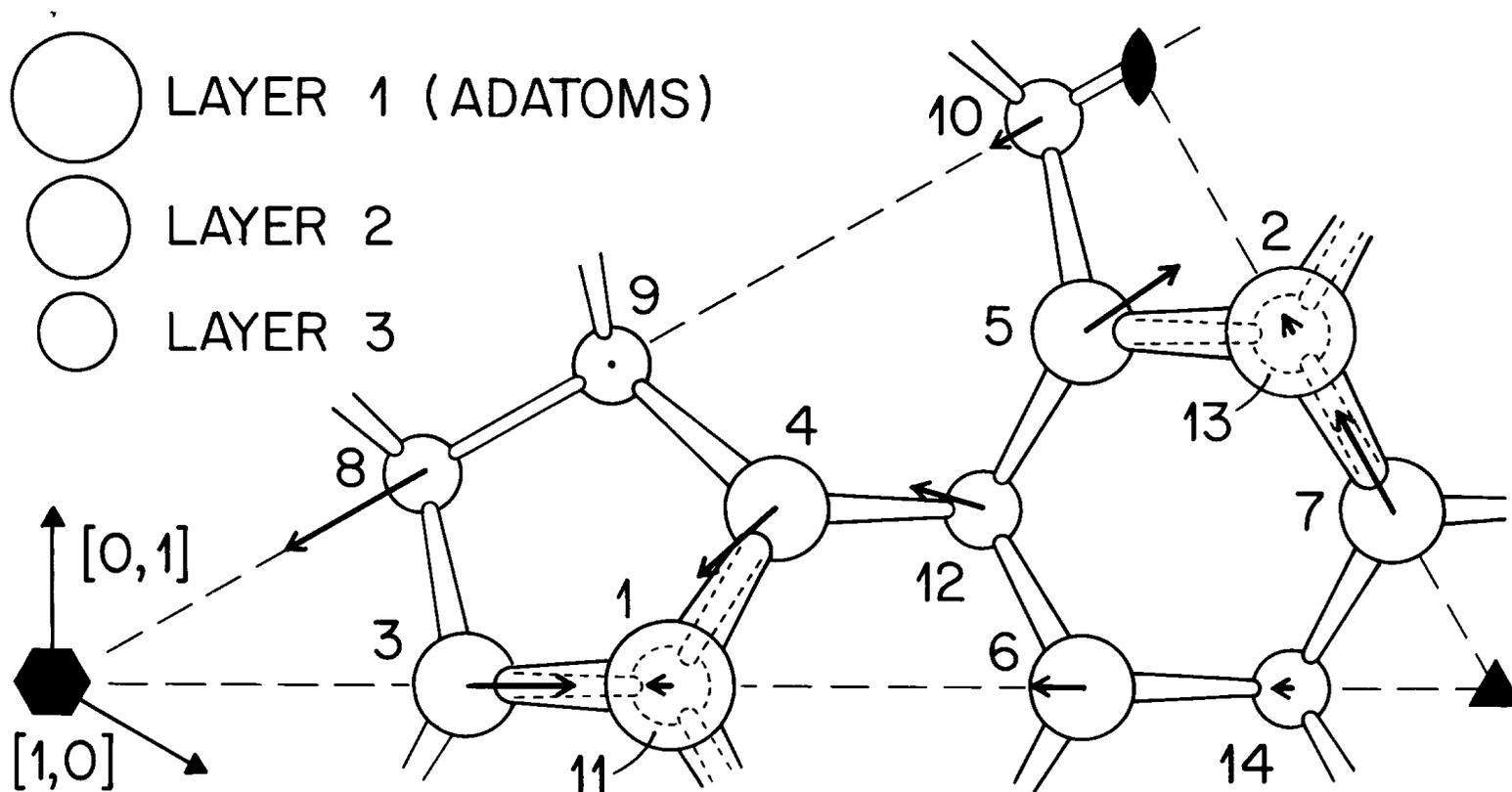
Dimers +
Adatoms +
Stacking Fault
= DAS model





Asymmetric Triangle

Contains all unique atoms in the P6mm structure

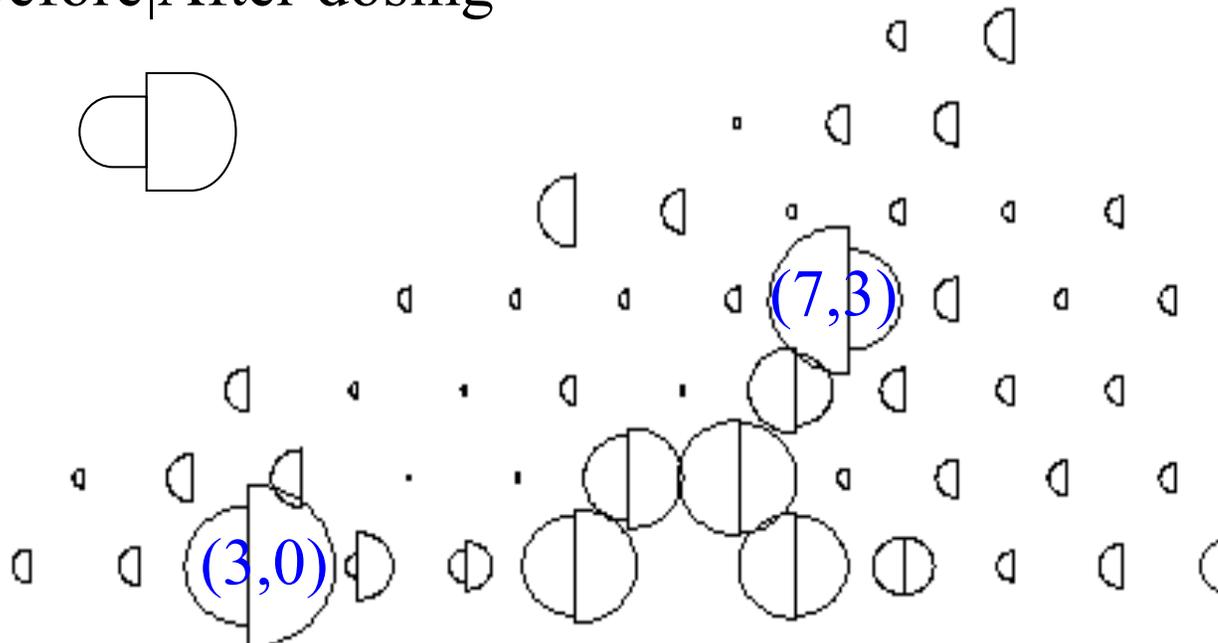




Structure factor Measurements

After averaging over p6mm symmetry
Two most sensitive reflections indicated

Before|After dosing



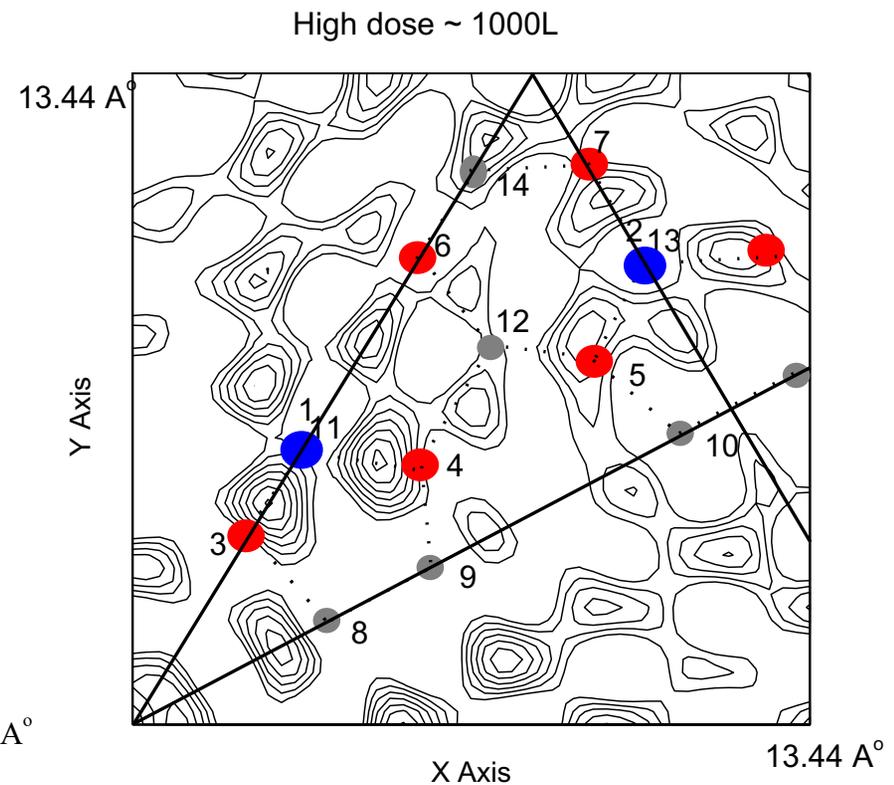
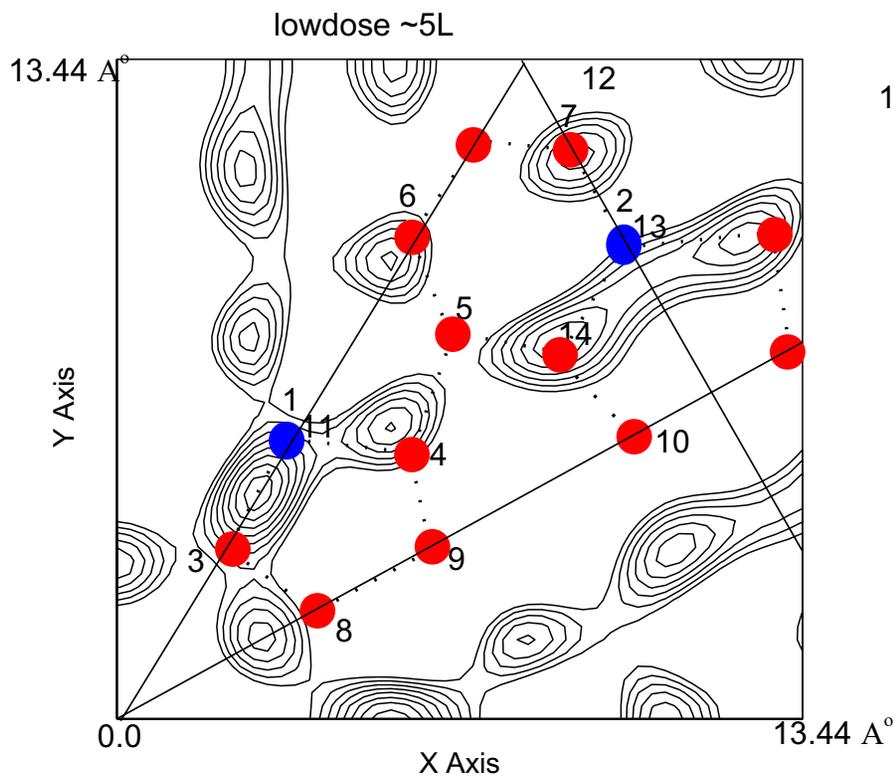


Difference Maps: effect of dose



Low dose, ~5L

High dose, 1000L

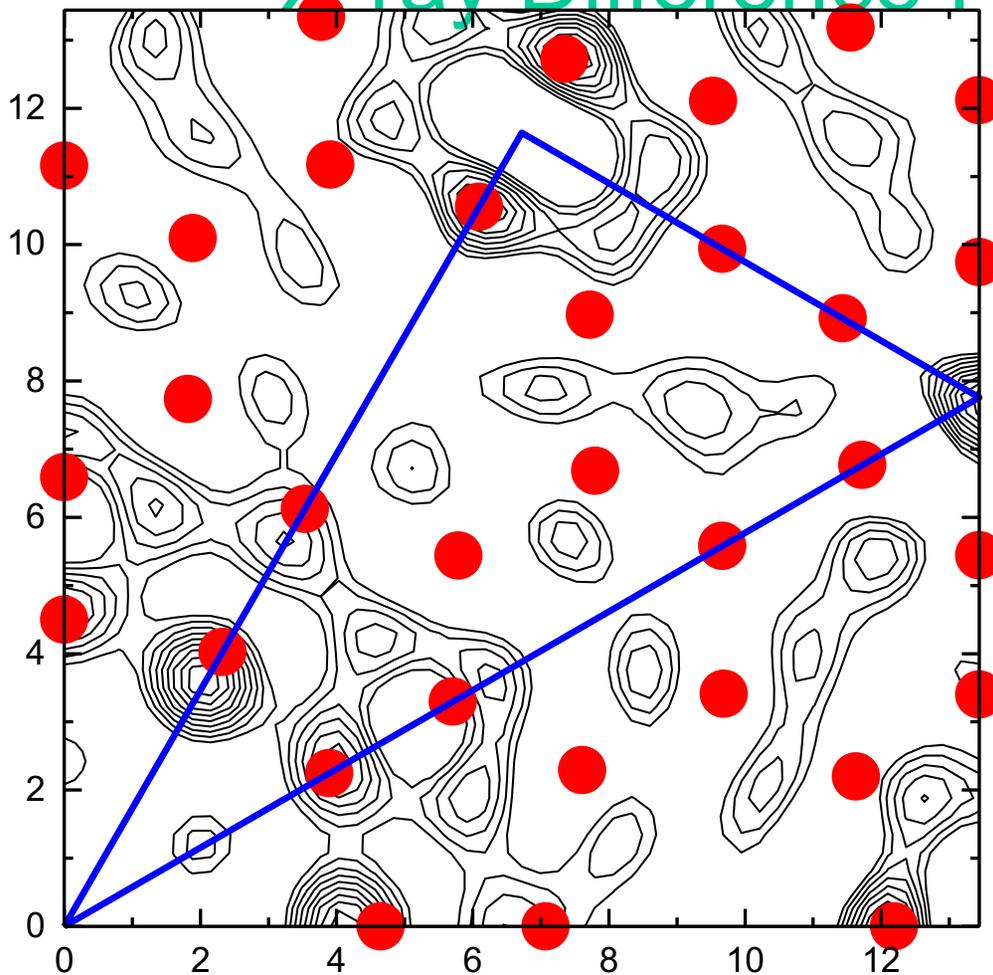




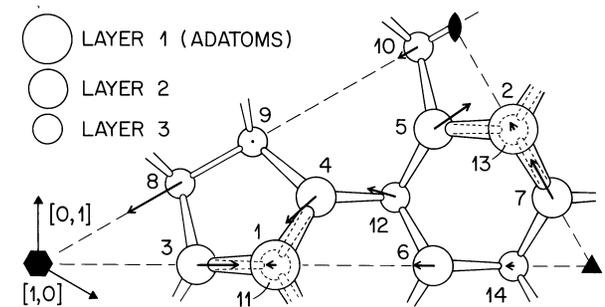
Oxygen Gas Modification of Silicon



X-ray Difference Fourier Map

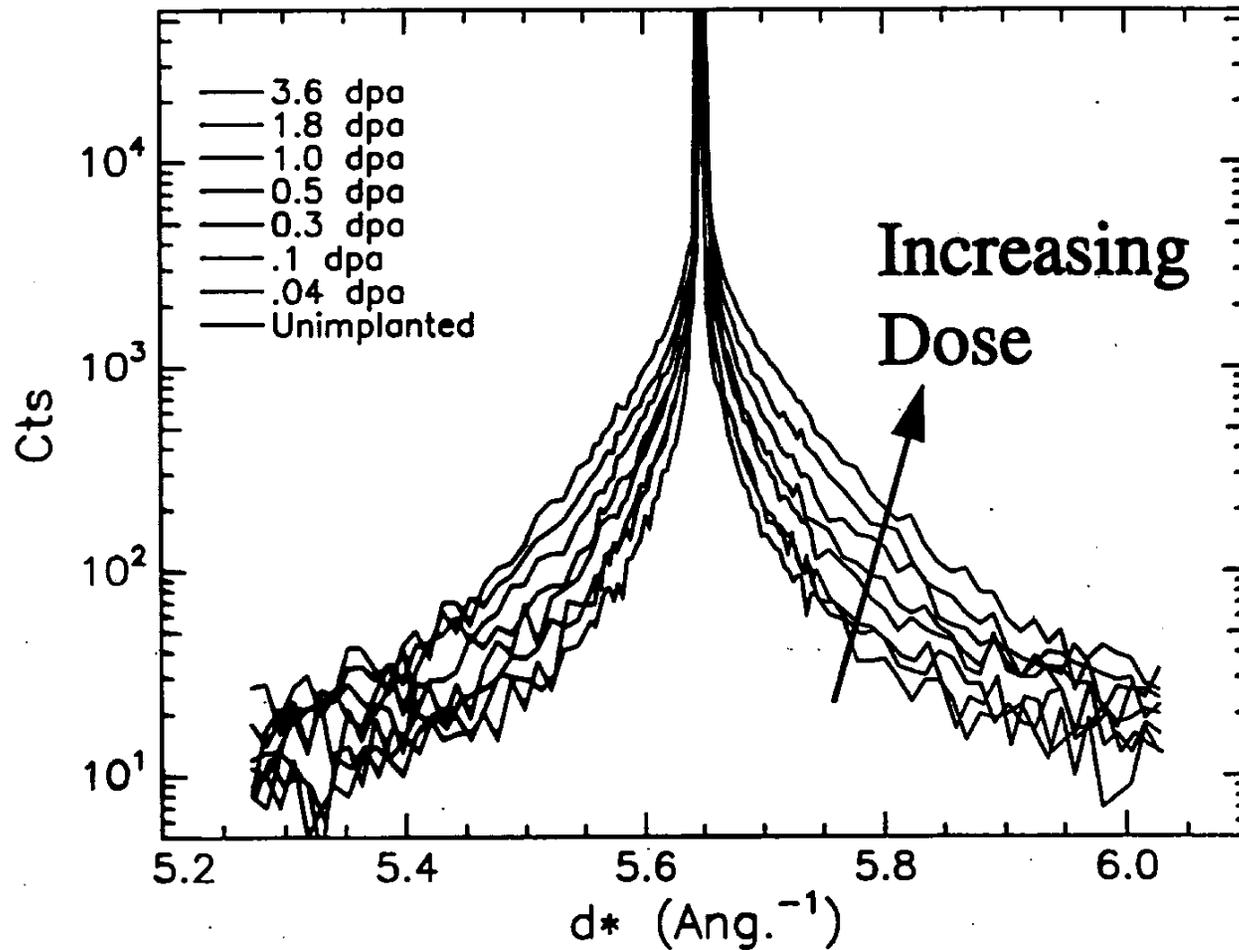


- X-ray Diffraction Measurement #1
- Oxygen Gas dose of Si(111) Surface
- X-ray Diffraction Measurement #2
- Difference Map of Negative Changes





Diffuse Scattering During Irradiation



Si(111) substrate

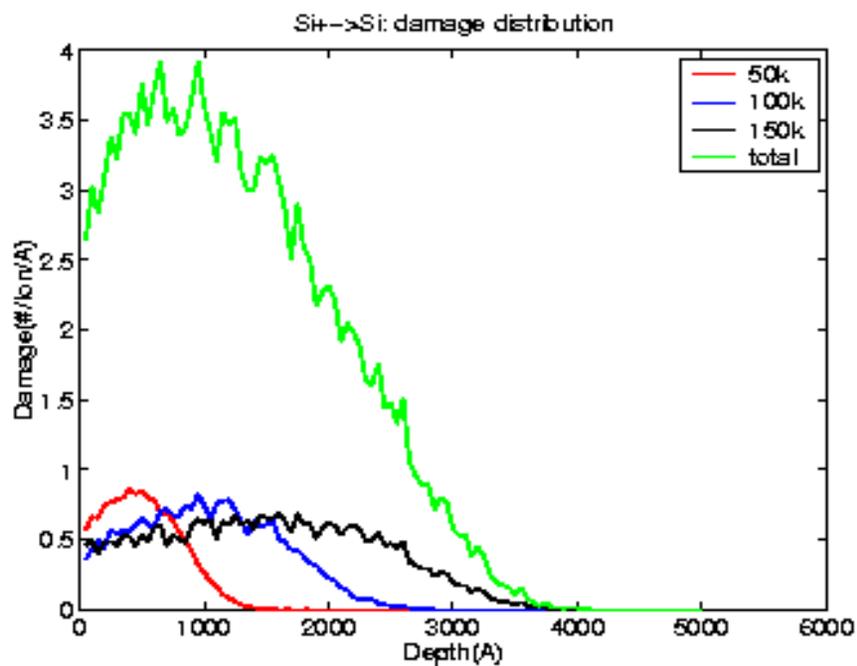
In-plane (422)
reflection

4.5keV He⁺ at 210K

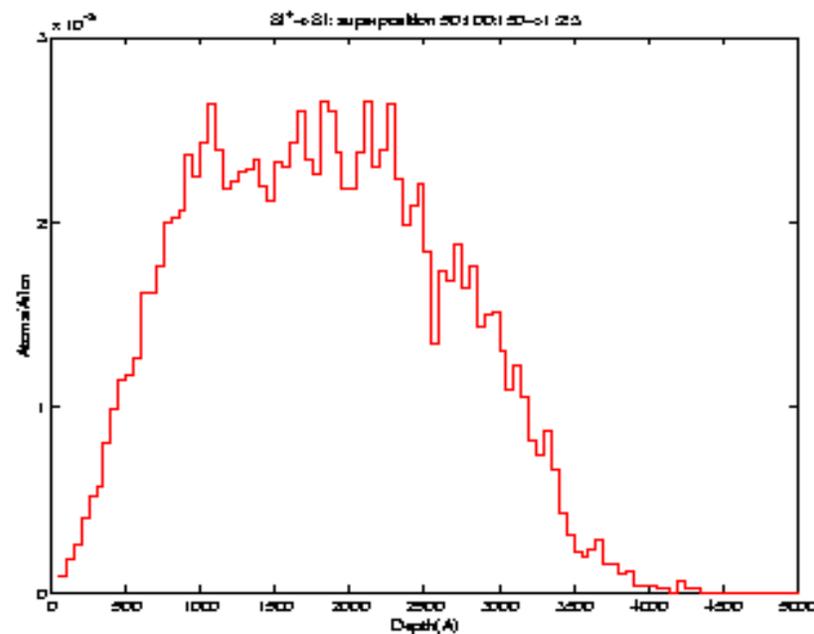


TRIM Calculation of Irradiation

Damage profile



Implantation profile

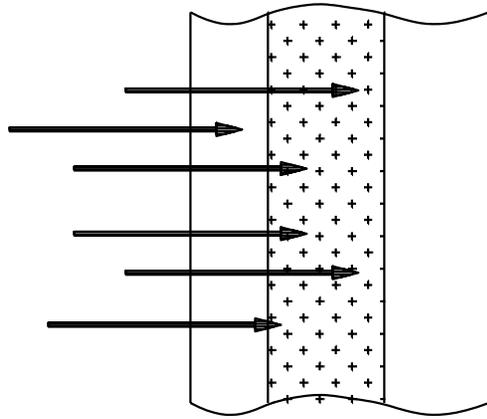




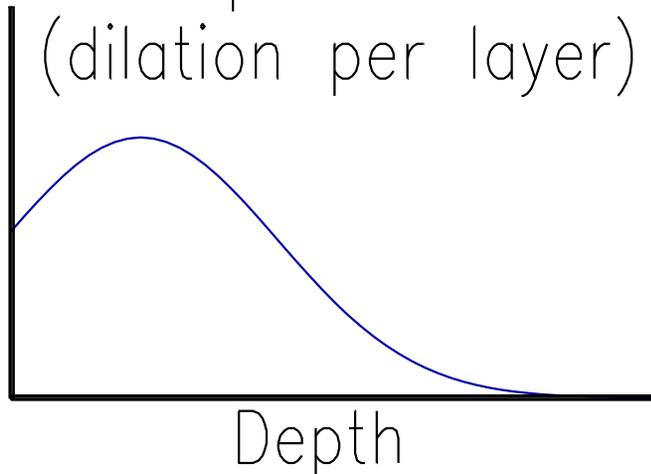
Gaussian Model of Strain



Distribution



Strain amplitude
(dilation per layer)



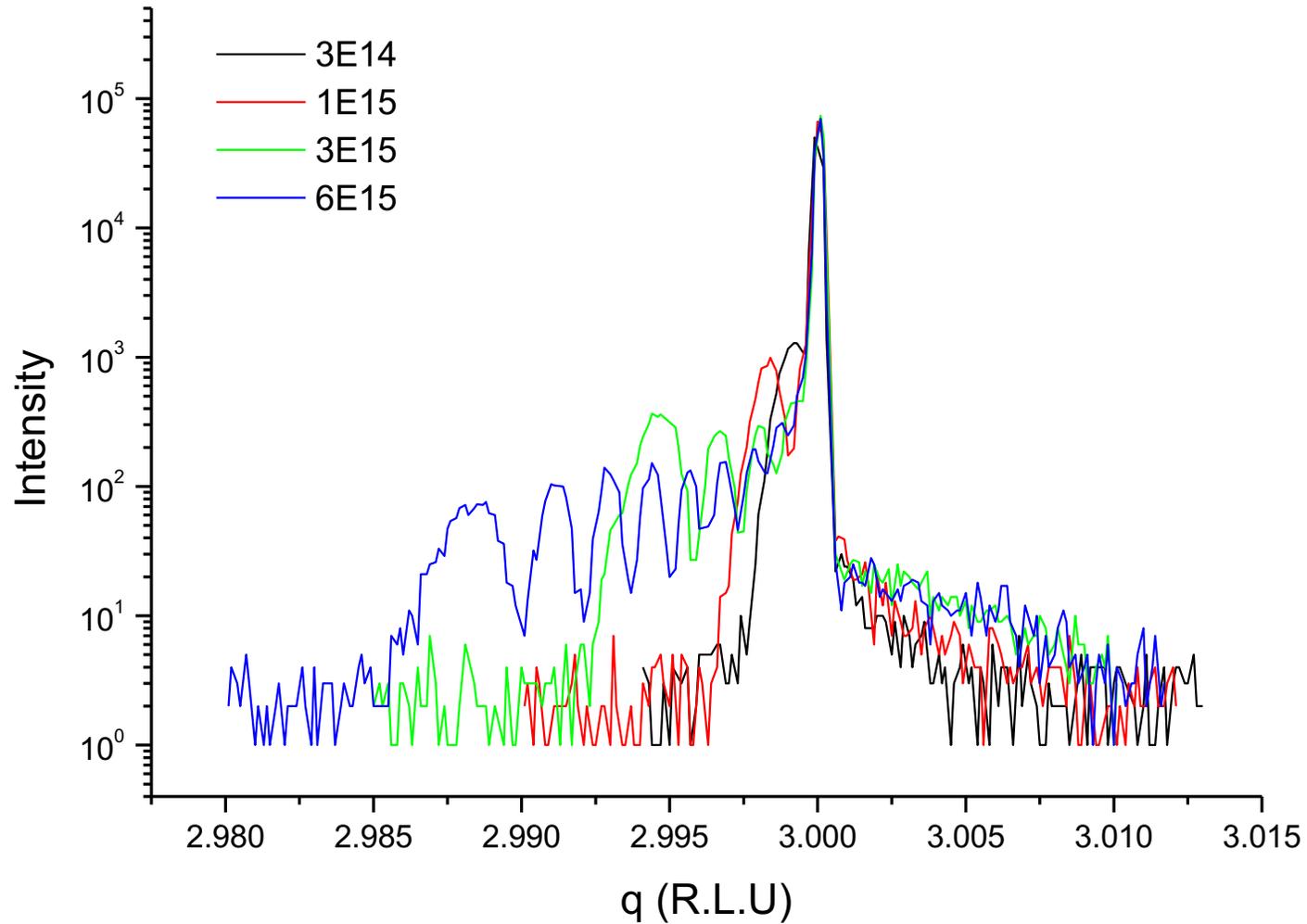
- Maximum at some characteristic depth
- Gaussian shape
- Strain is *per layer*
- Total displacement is **integral** of this curve



Dose dependence at Si(333)

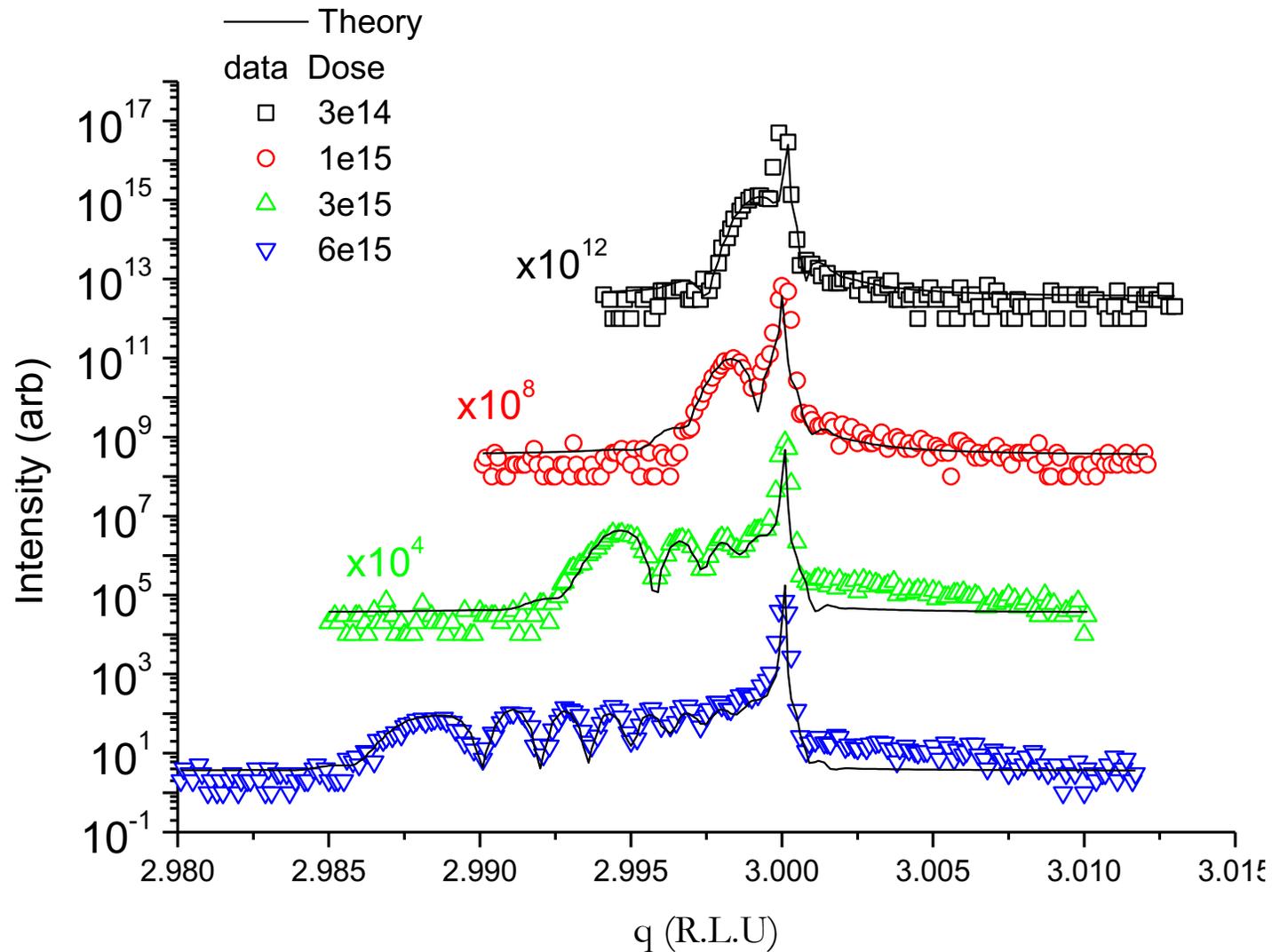


50keV Irradiation





Fits of Dose Dependence

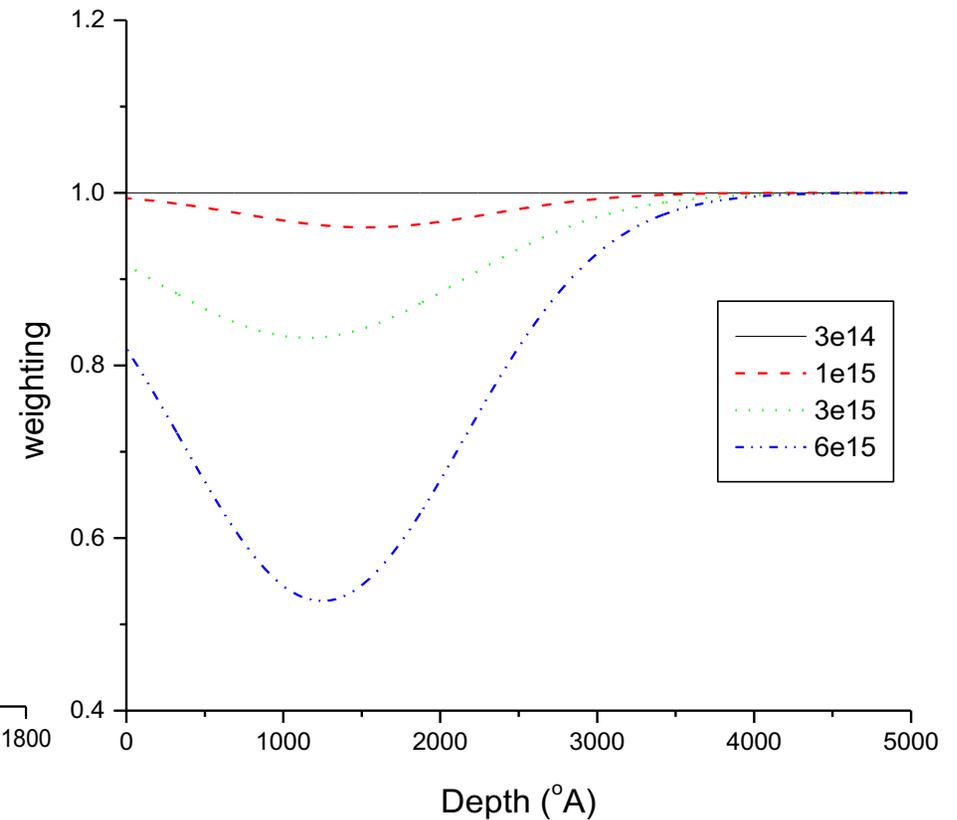
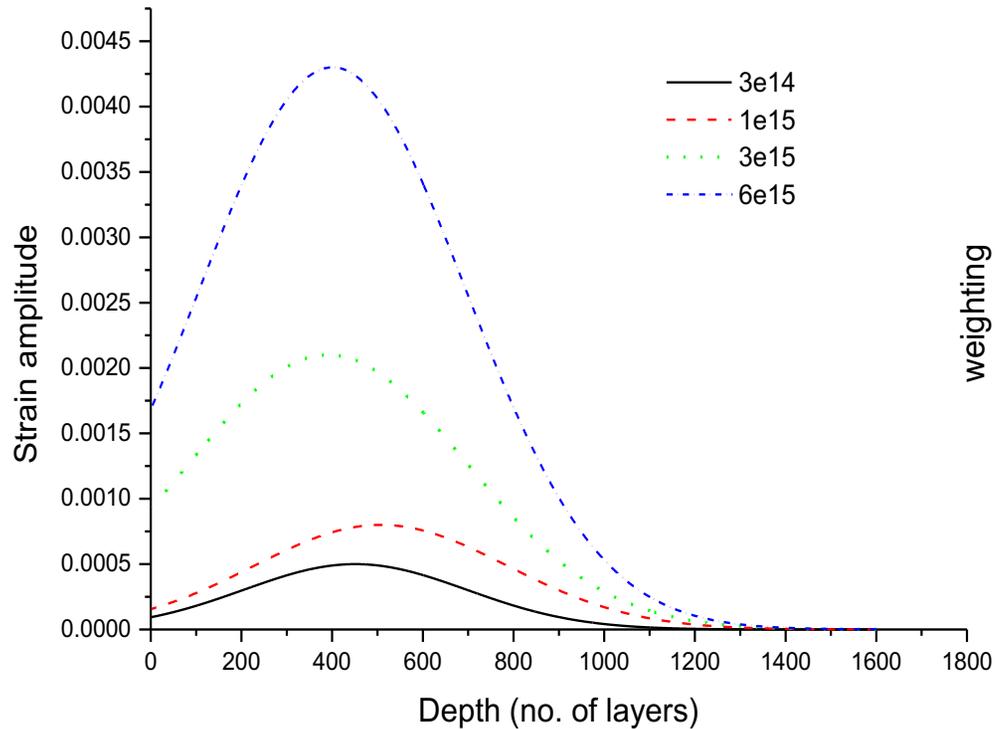




Fit of Dose Dependence

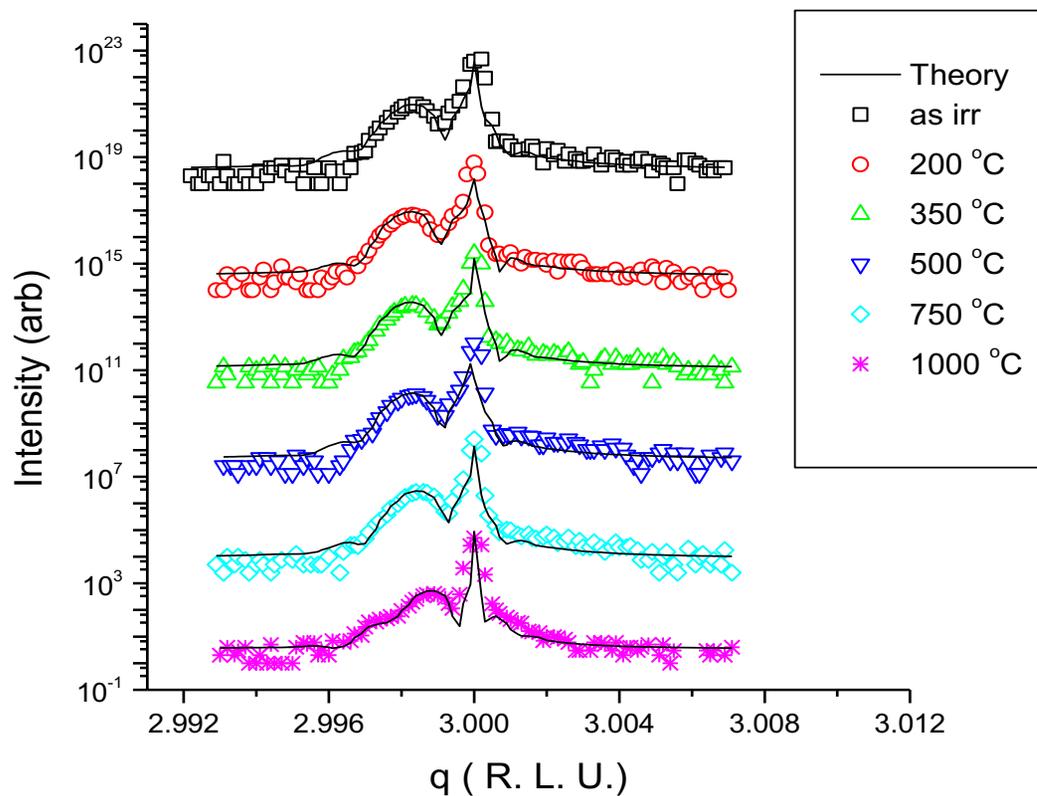


50keV Irradiation



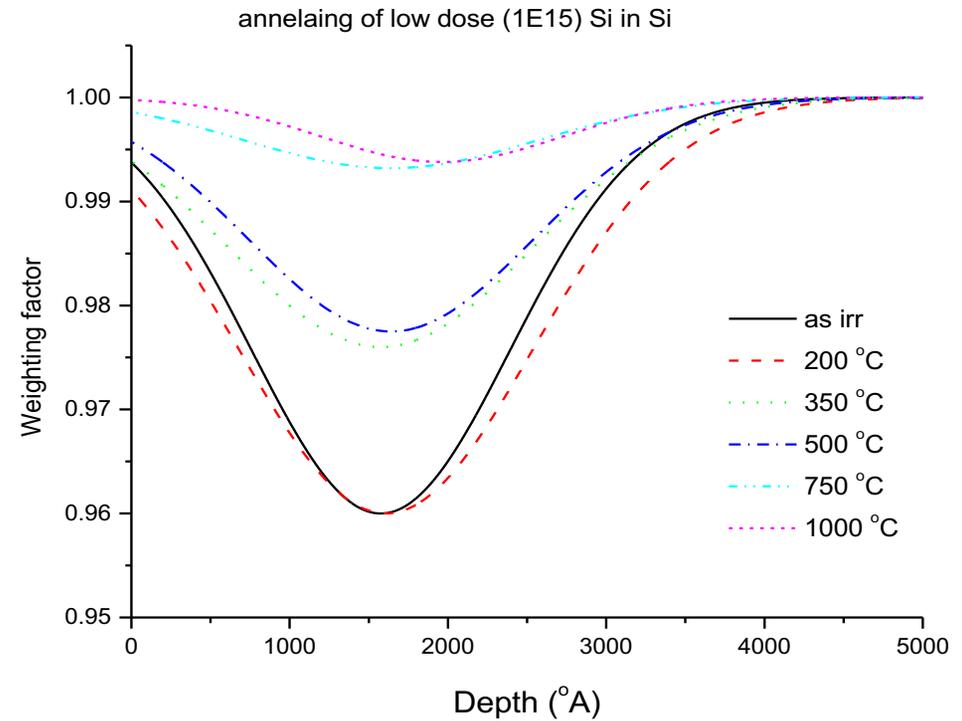
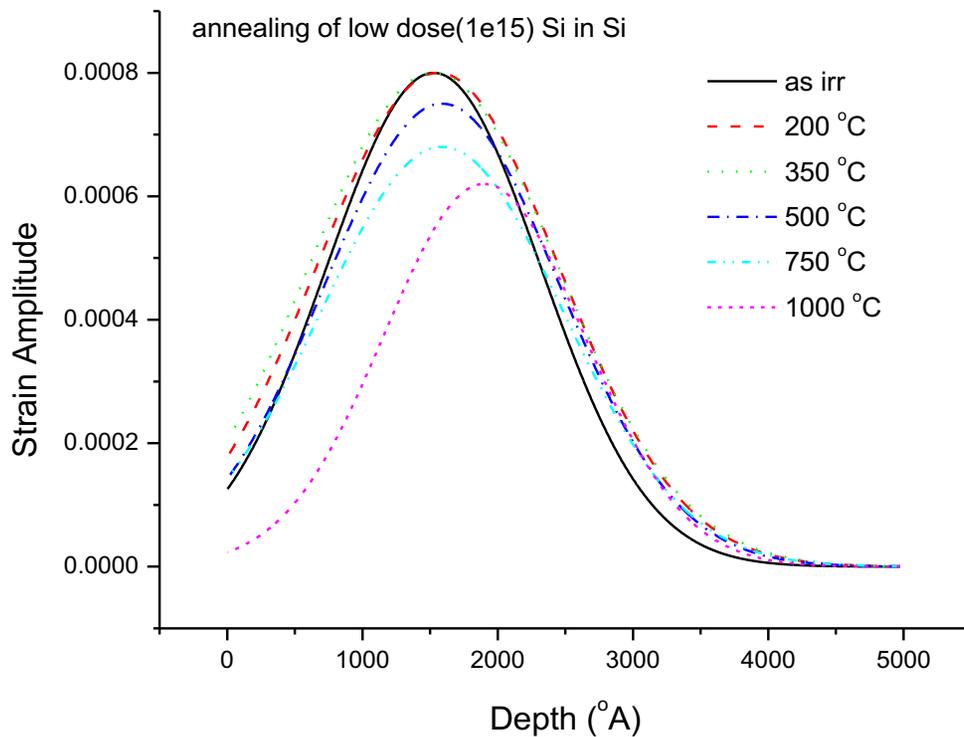


Low Dose Annealing



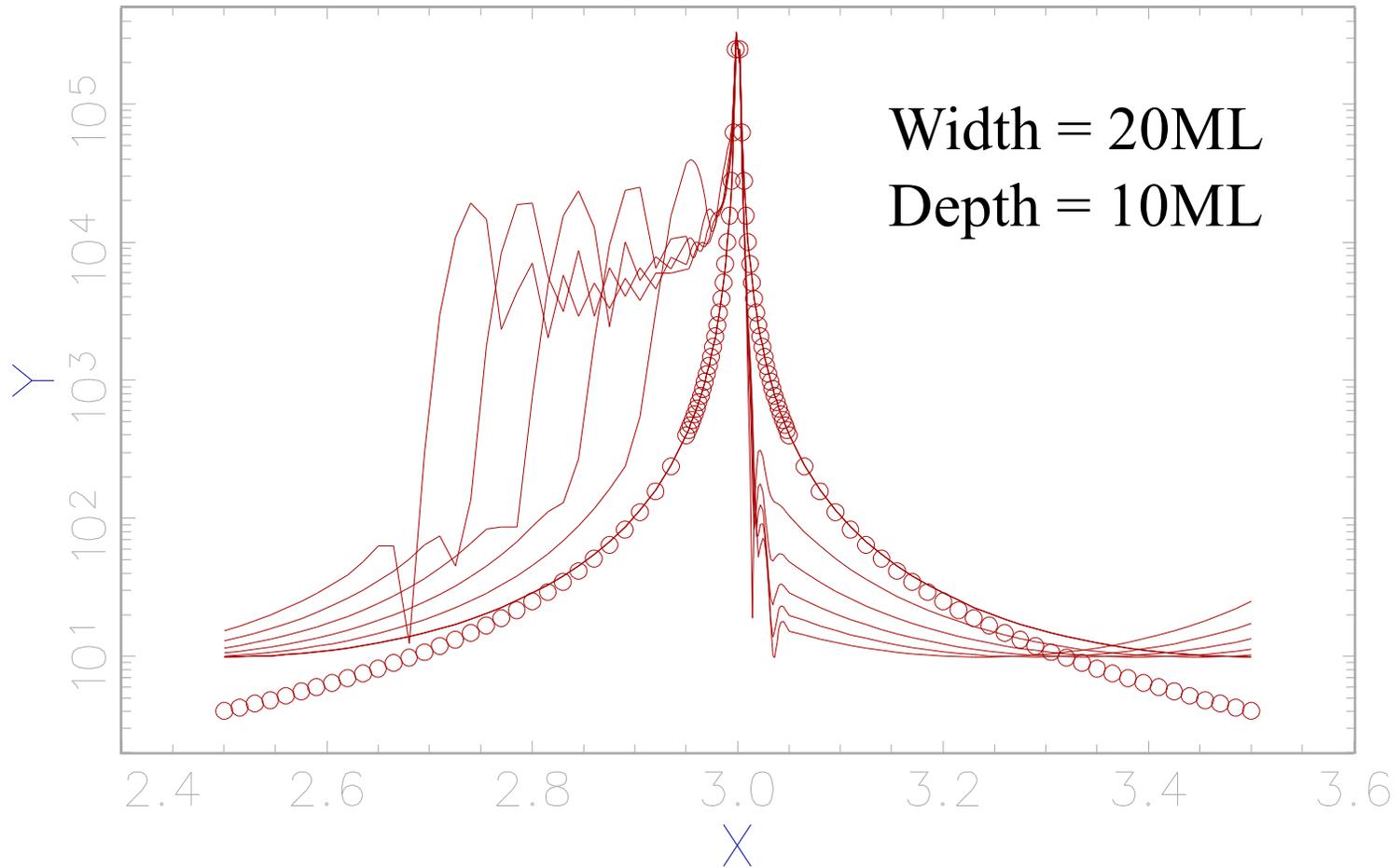


Fit of Low-dose Annealing



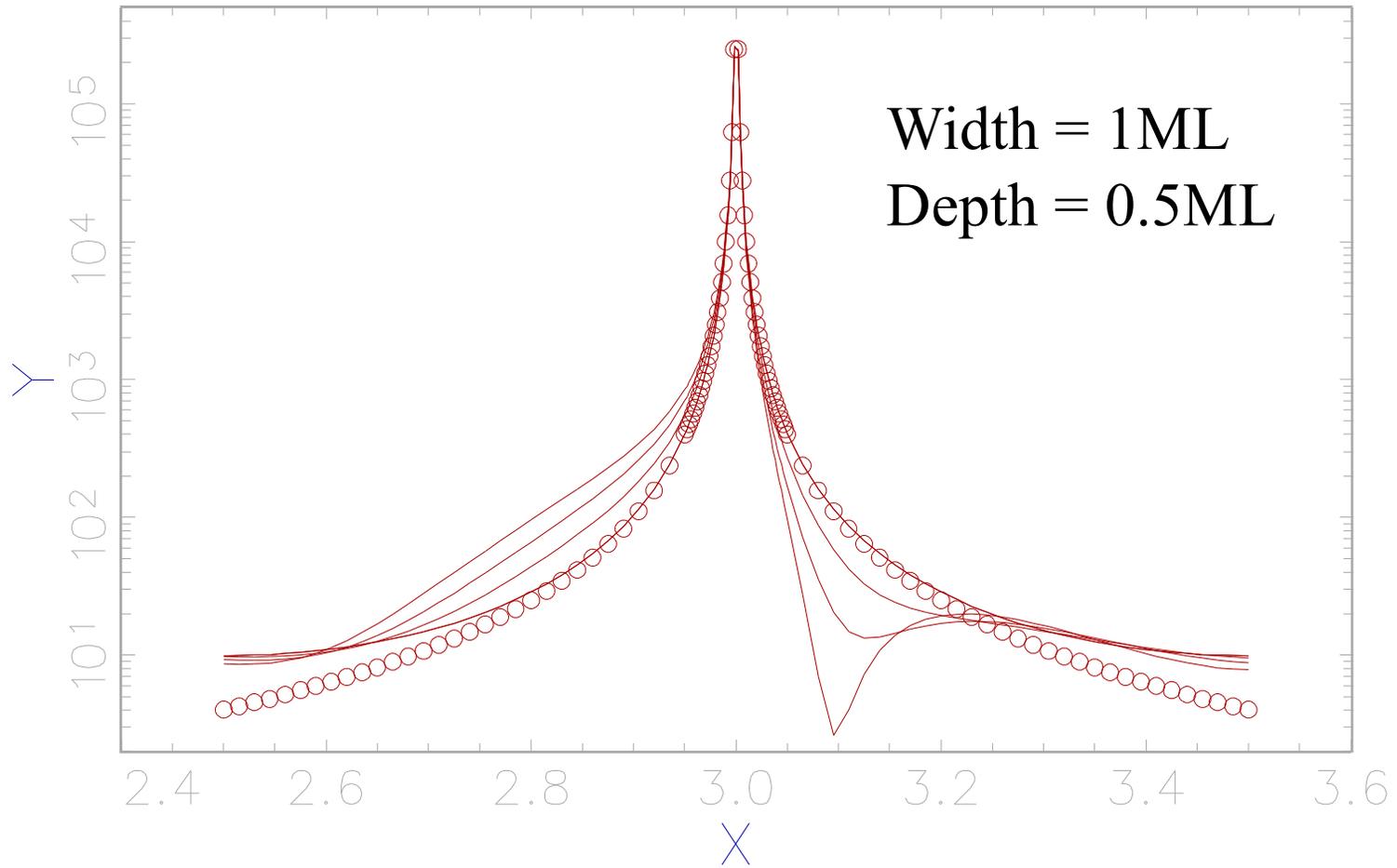


Theoretical Profile for Strain



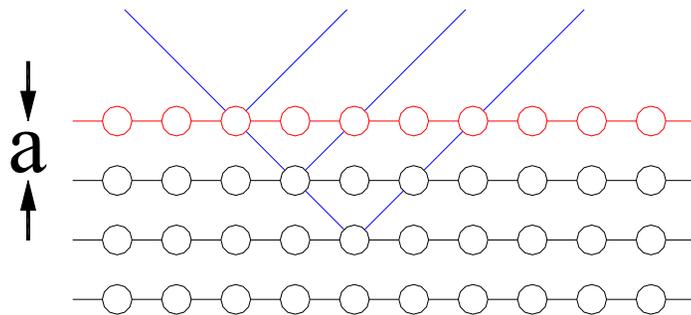


Extrapolation to Single Layer

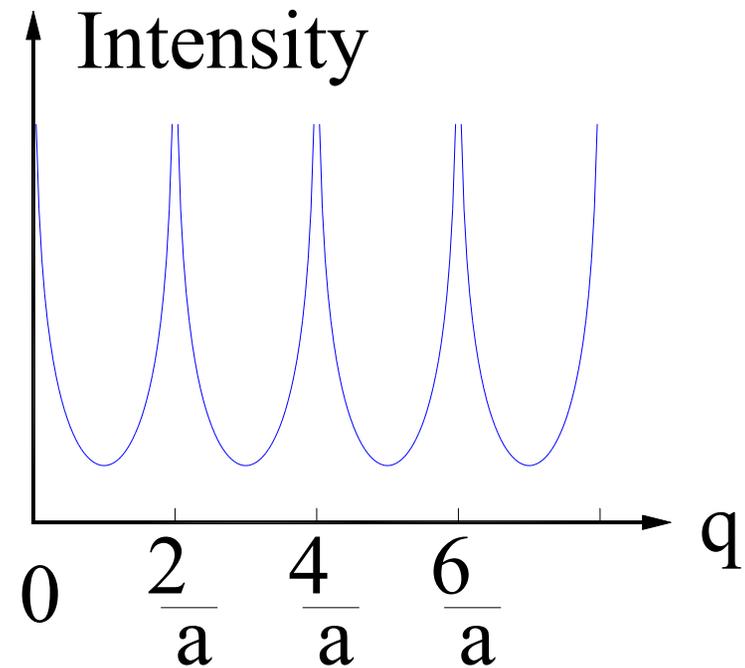




Origin of Truncation Rods

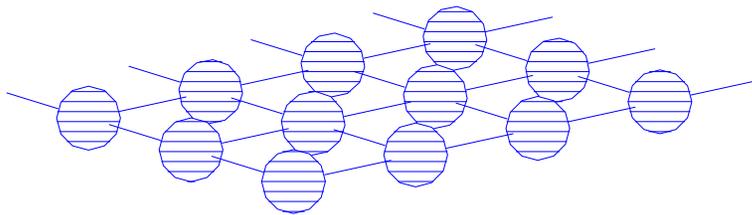


$$\begin{aligned} F_{CTR} &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_n \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} f_L e^{inqa} \\ &= \frac{f_L}{1 - e^{iqa}} \end{aligned}$$

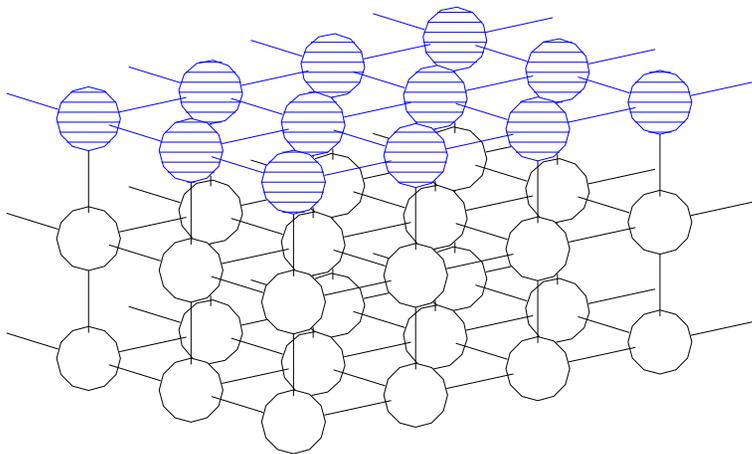




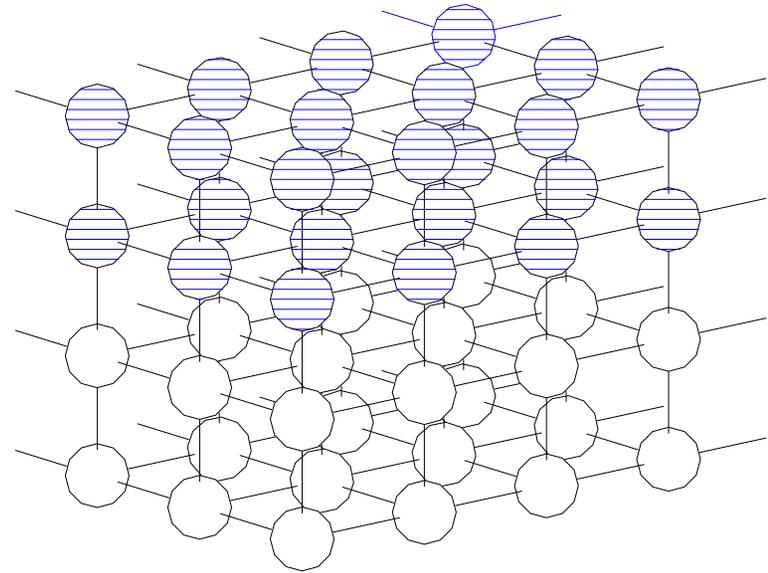
Surfaces and Interfaces



Isolated monolayer



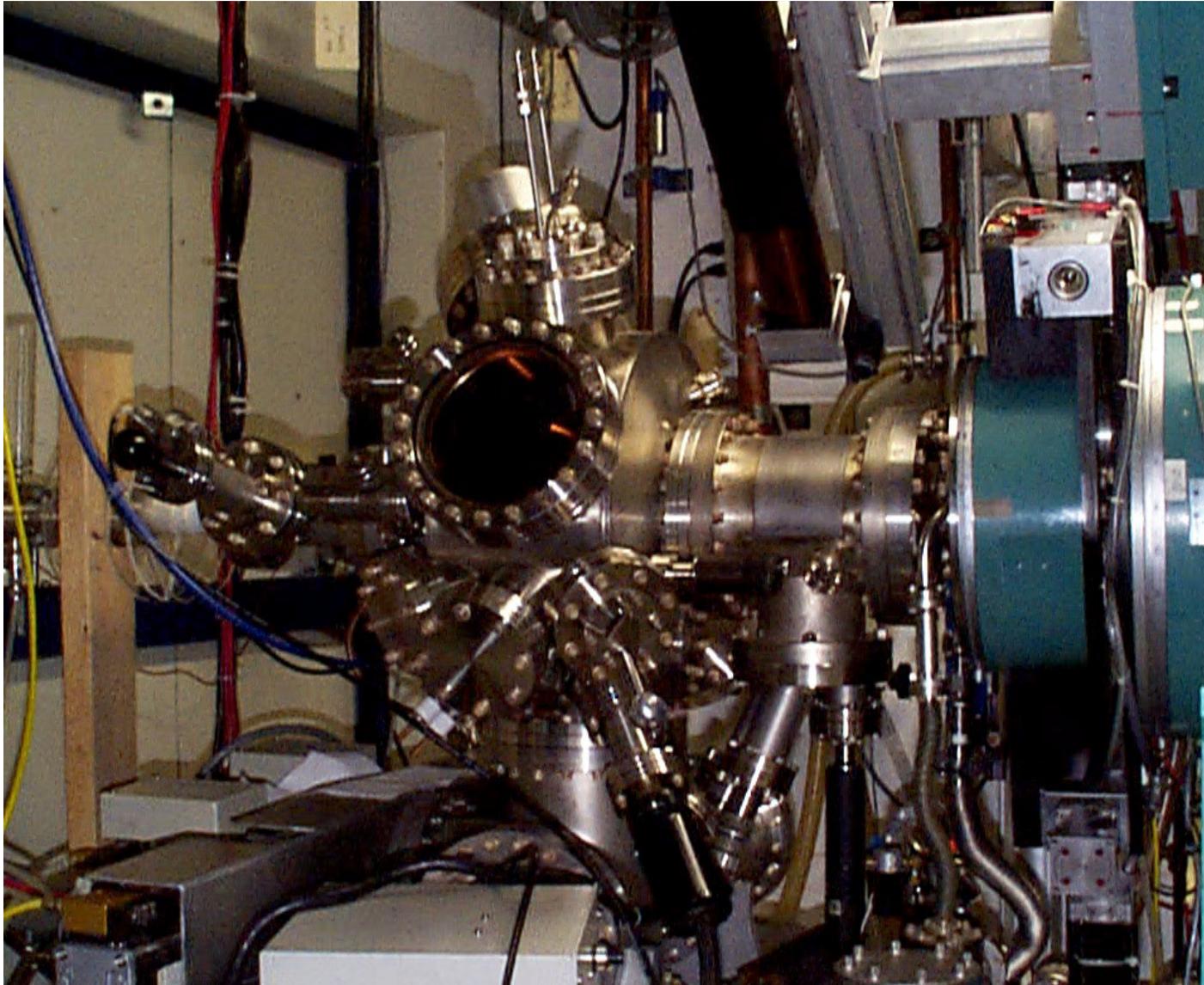
Surface of Crystal



Crystal-Crystal Interface

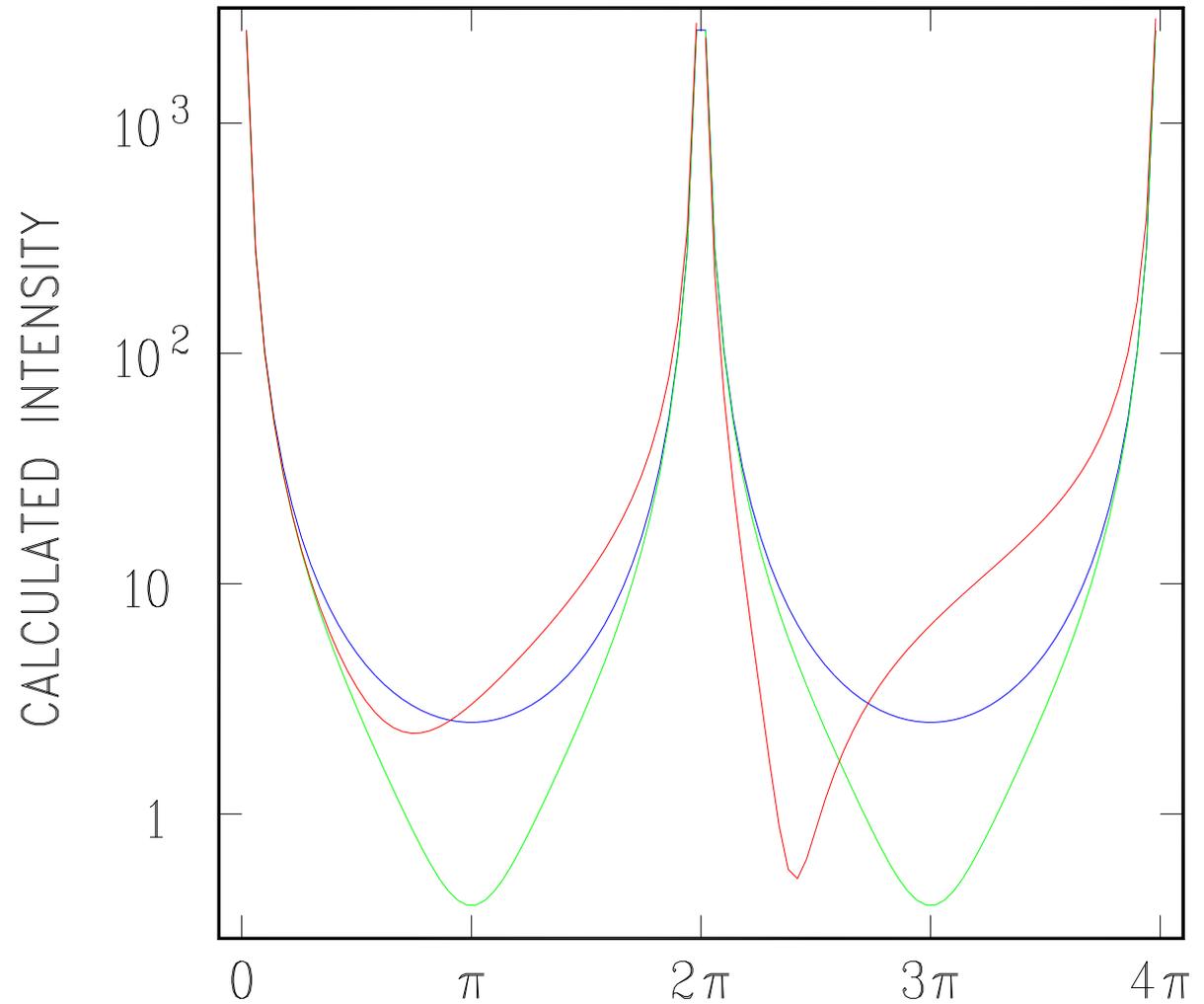
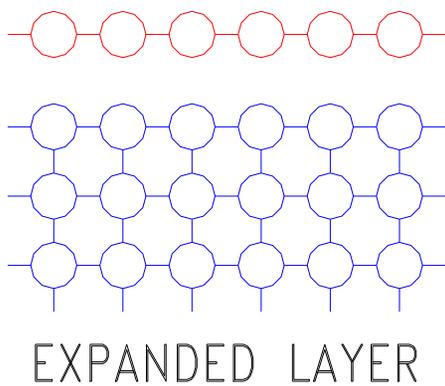
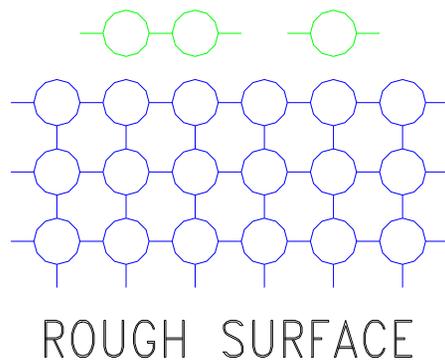


Surface X-ray Diffractometer





CTR and Surface Structure

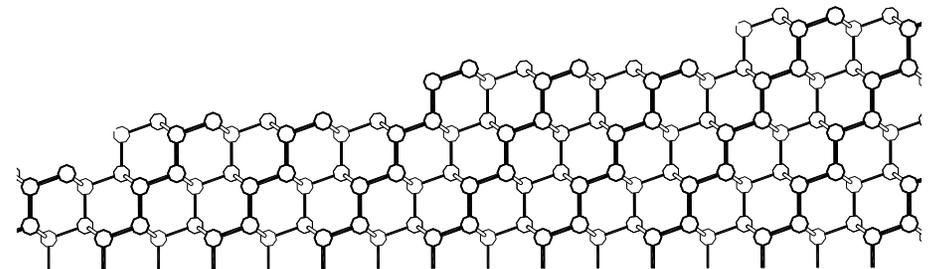
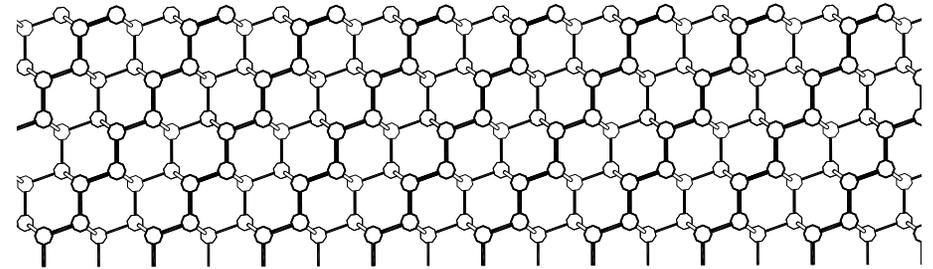




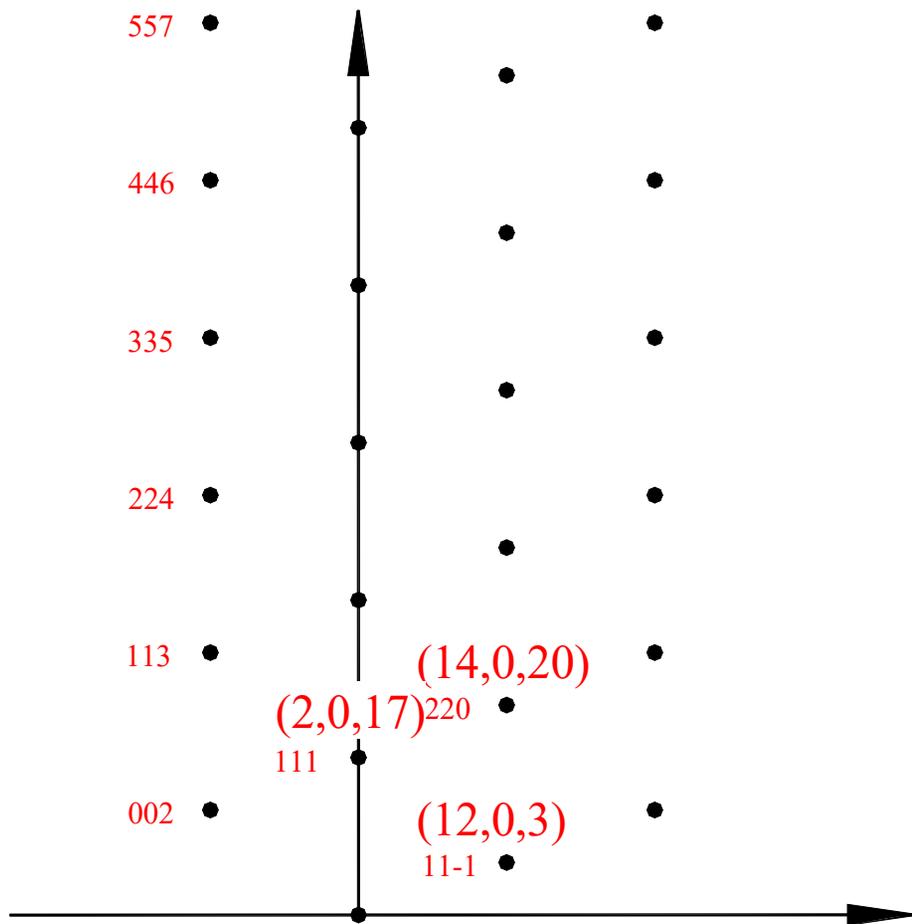
Crystallography of Steps



Silicon (111)

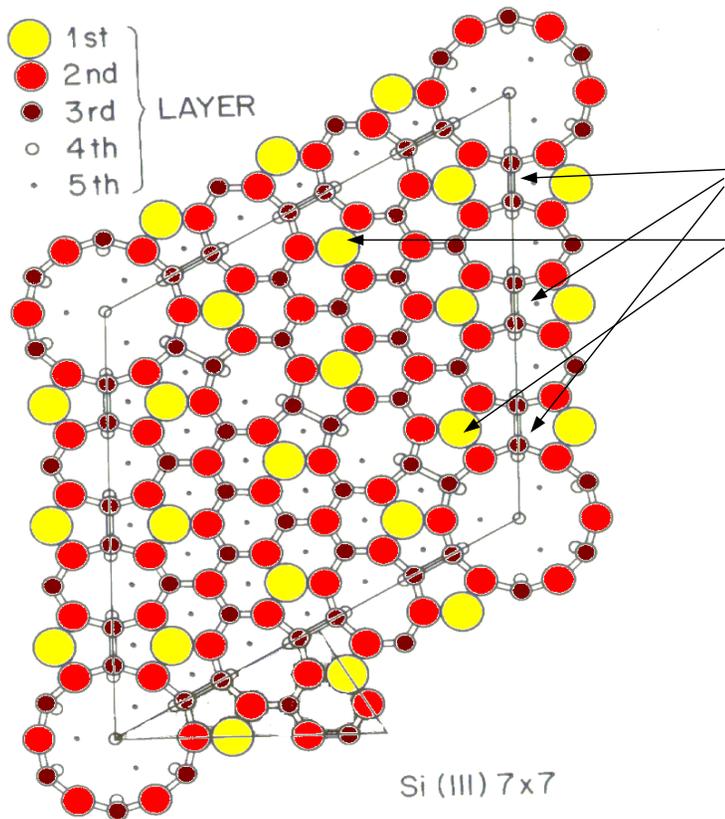


Si(557) surface

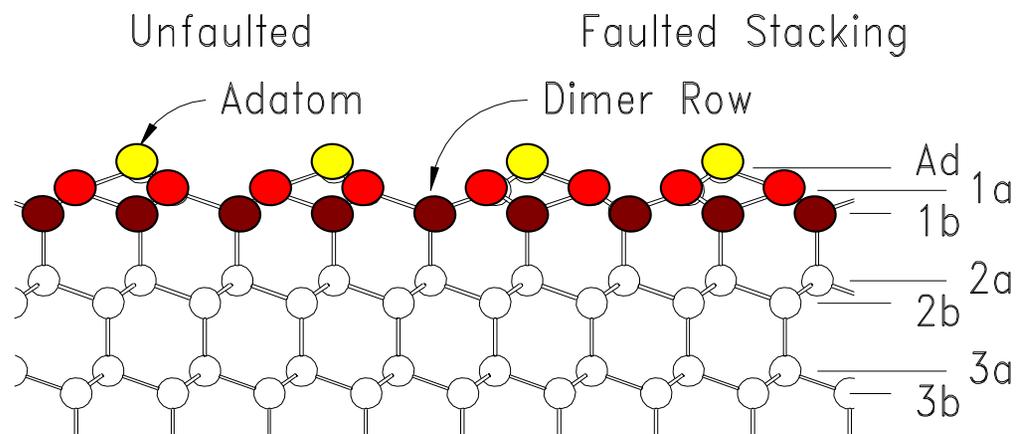




Si(111) 7x7



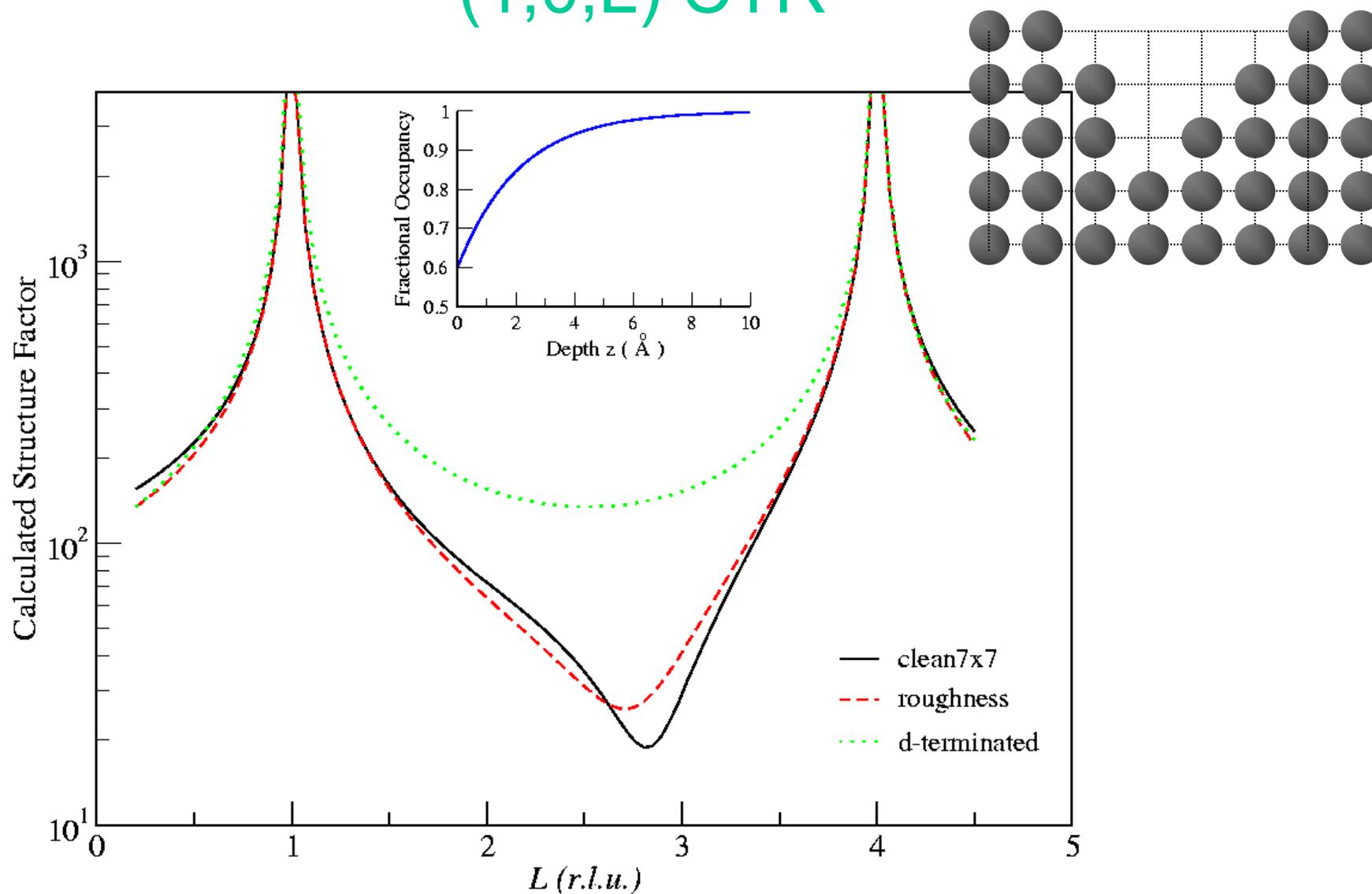
Dimers +
Adatoms +
Stacking Fault
= DAS model





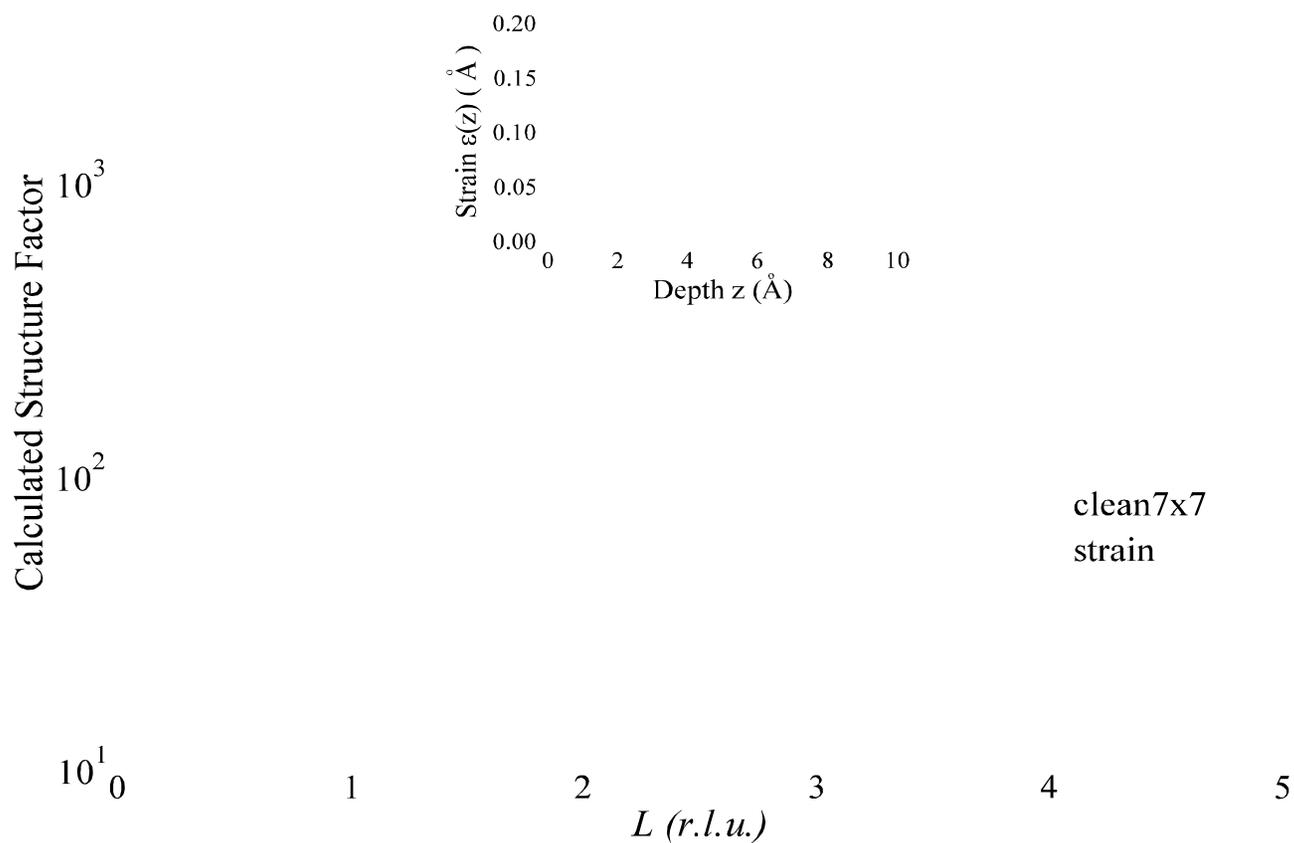
Effect of Roughness

(1,0,L) CTR





Surface Relaxation

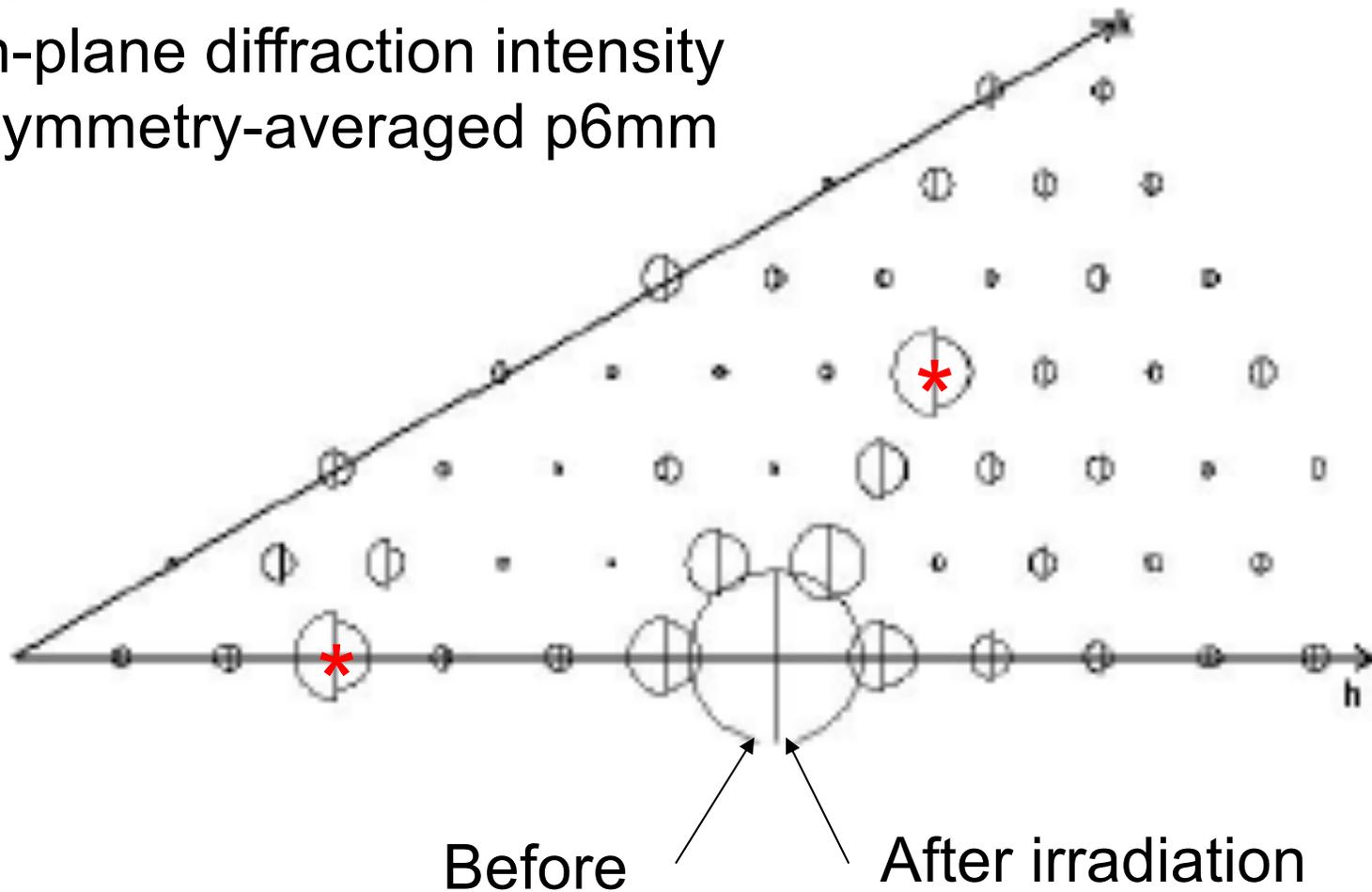




Low dose Irradiation (Ar^+)

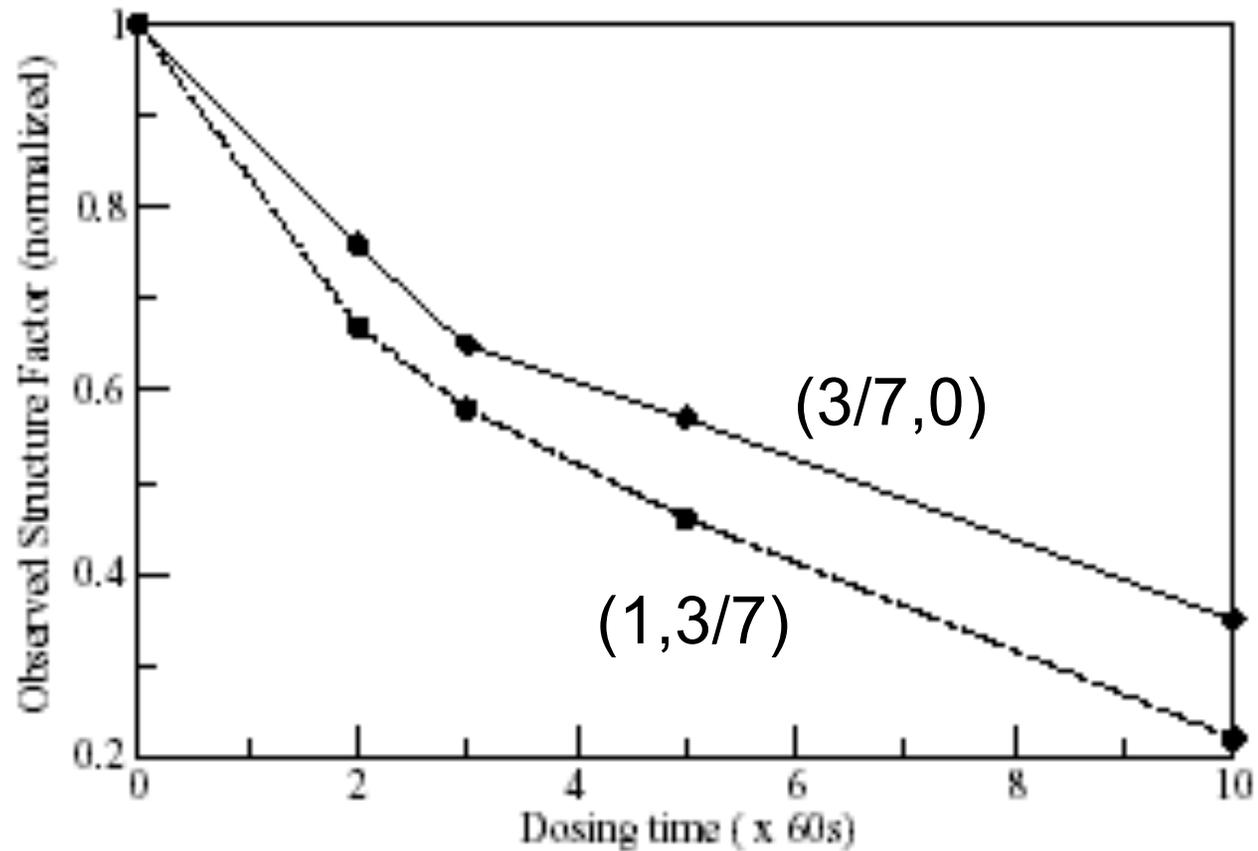


- 200eV Ar^+ irradiation
- In-plane diffraction intensity
- Symmetry-averaged p6mm



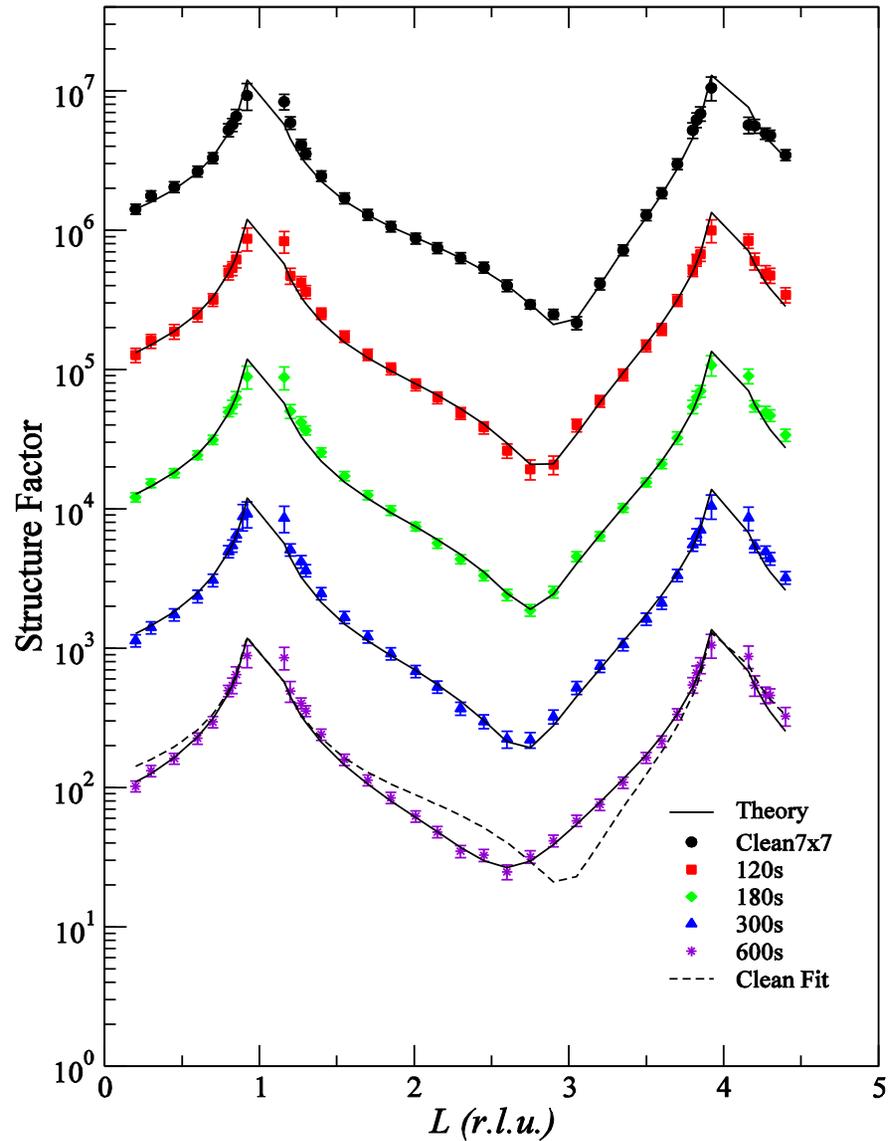


In-plane vs dosing time



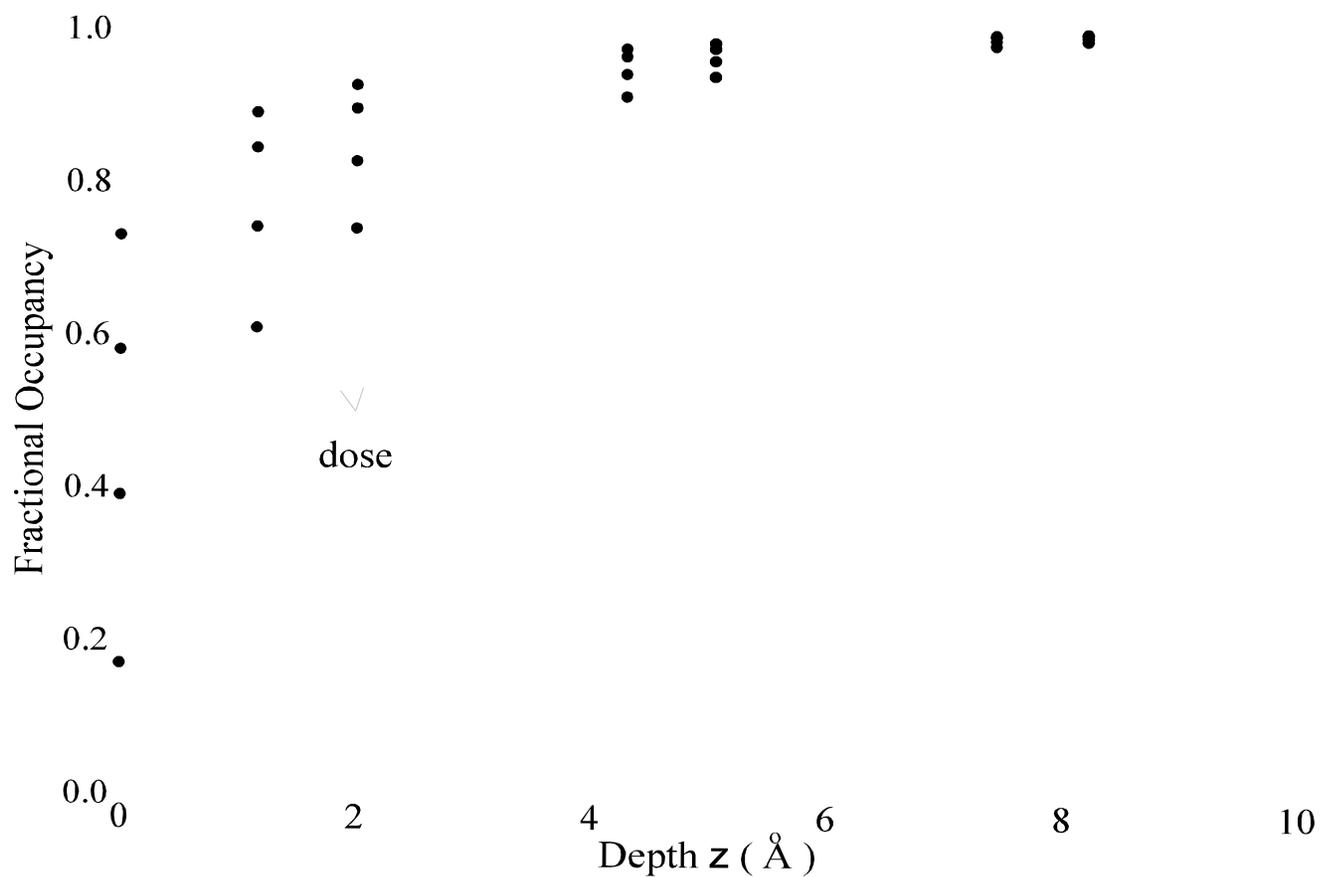


Measured CTR's vs dose



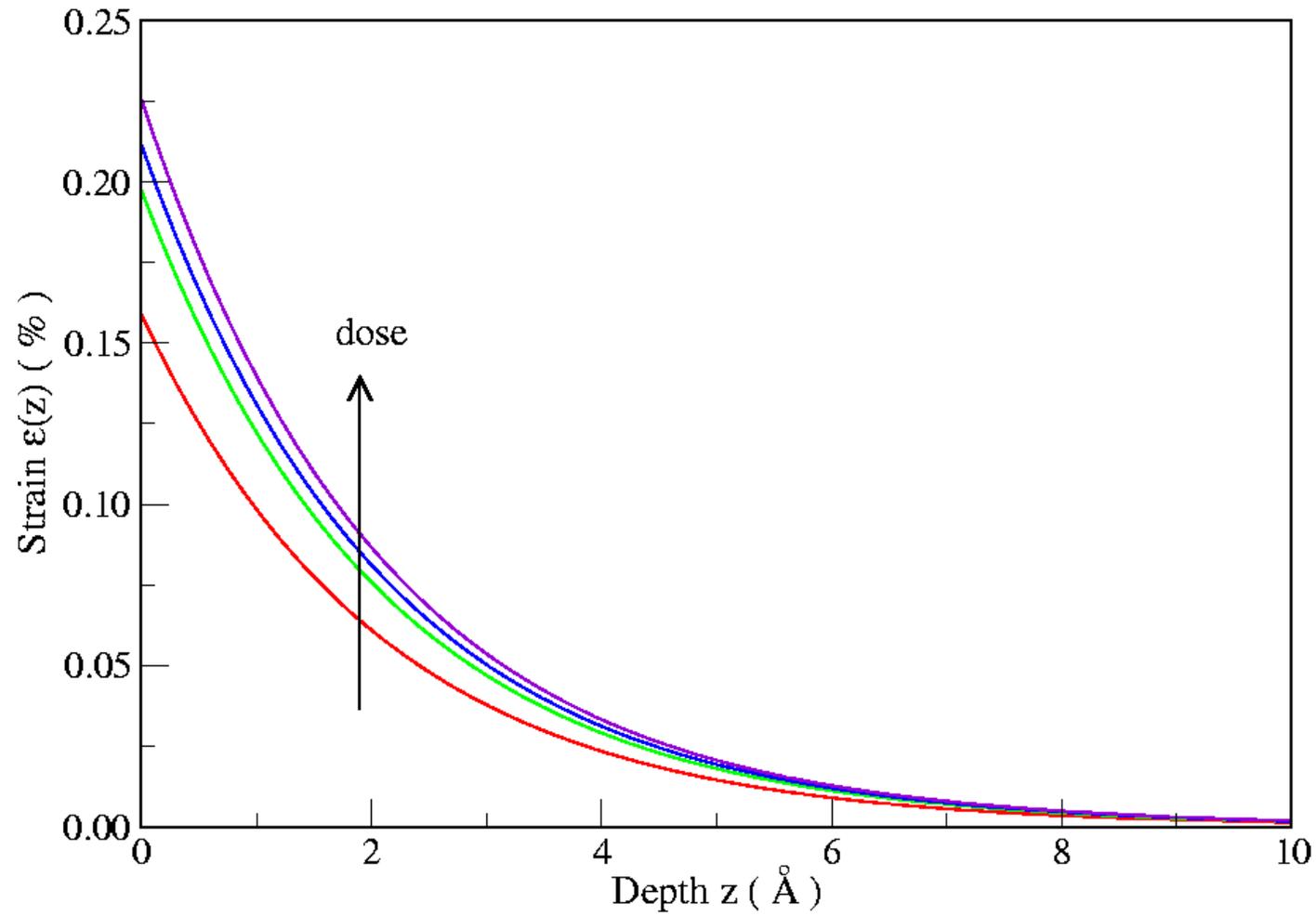


Occupancy Profiles



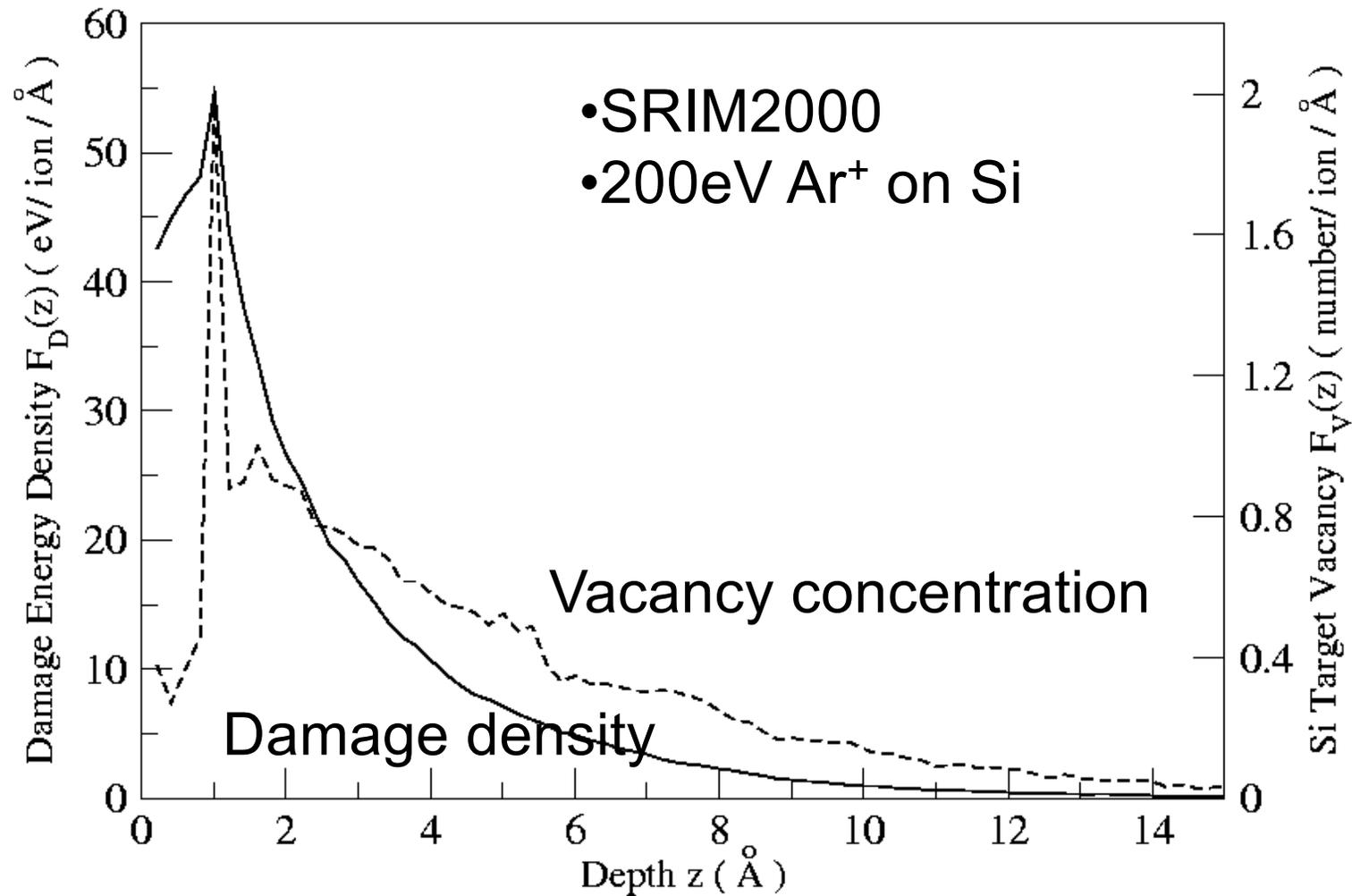


Strain Profiles





TRIM calculation





200 eV Ar⁺ irradiation



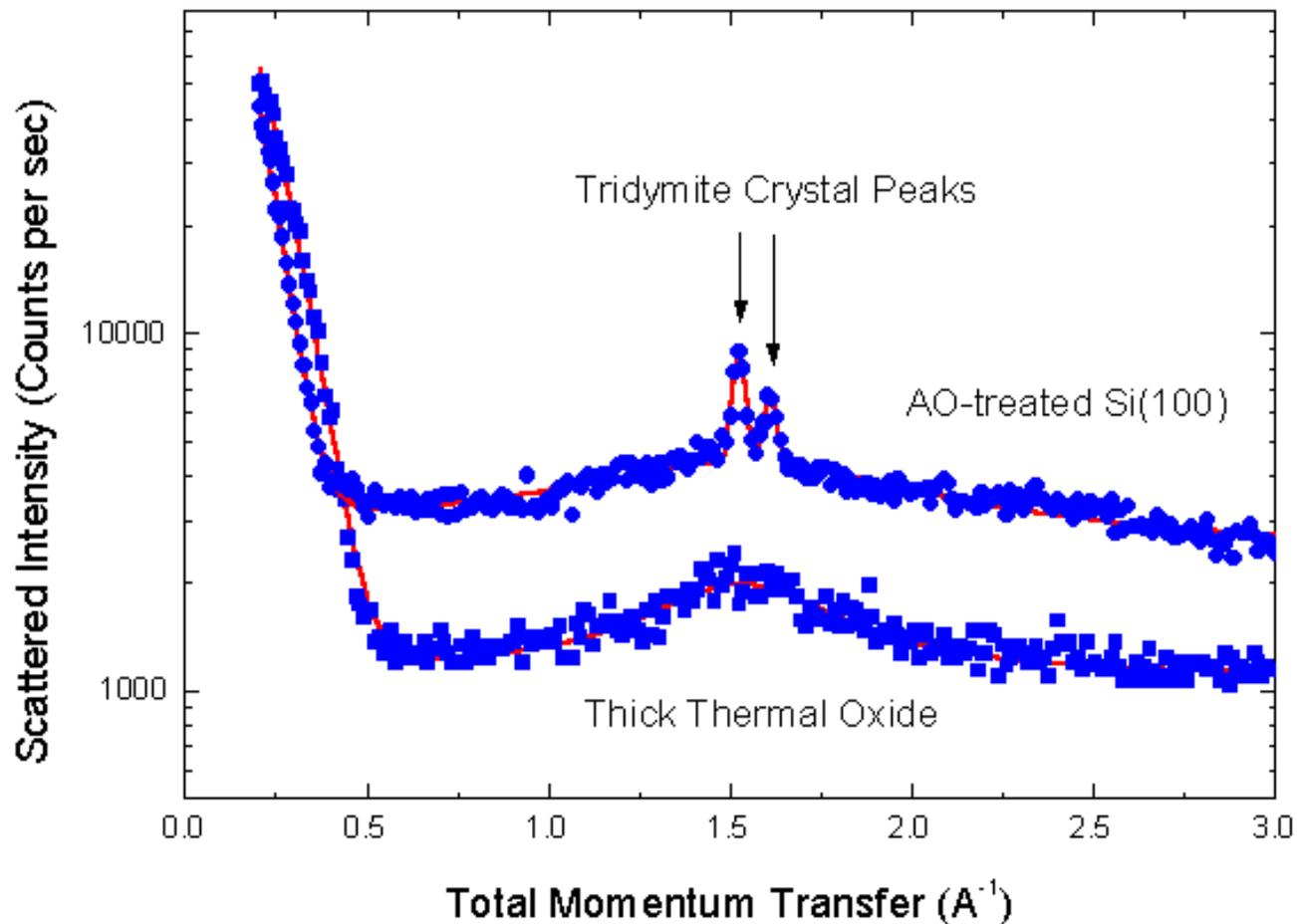
- Exponential occupation profile
- New model of roughness
- Accompanying strain profile
- Outwards relaxation of surface layers
- 3Å depth is consistent with TRIM



Grazing Incidence XRD

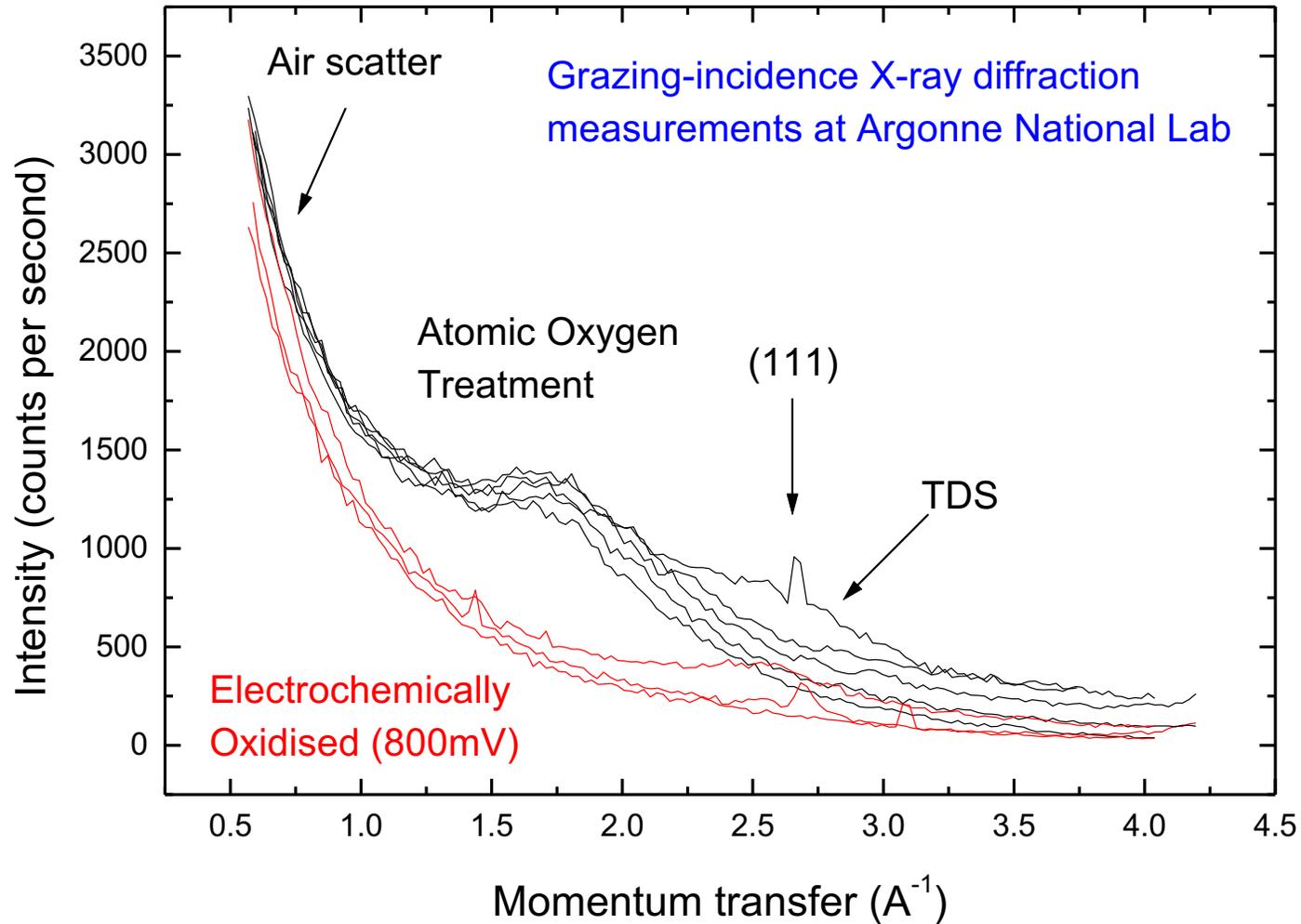


Atomic O oxidation by Tim Minton (Montana)
Consistent with Maja Kisa's TED result



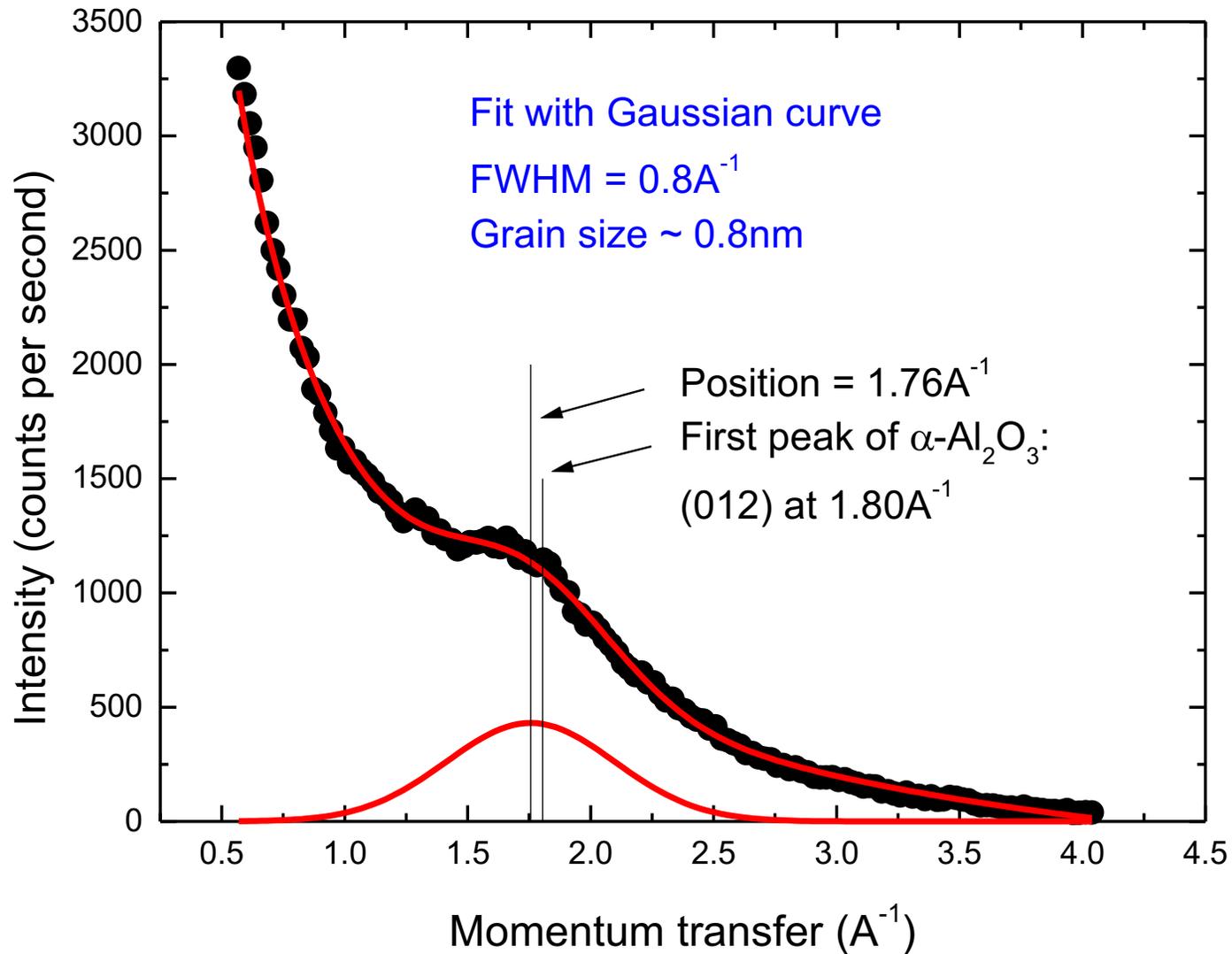


Oxidation of Al(111) Crystals





Oxide Structural Properties





Future Goals



- Lower energy ions, closer to LEO
- He⁺ different from Ar⁺?
- Oxygen ECR (plasma) Source
- Ex-situ MURI samples by AO
- Passivation studies
- Real-time study of collision cascade