

Structural Principles of Nanoparticles from Coherent X-ray Diffraction

Ian Robinson

Jesse Clark

Ross Harder

Xiaojing Huang

Moyu Watari

Marcus Newton

Gang Xiong

Xiaowen Shi

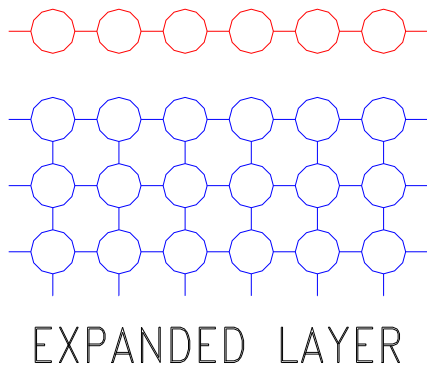
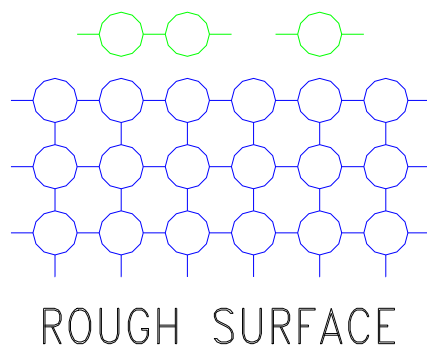
London Centre for Nanotechnology
Research Complex at Harwell

Condensed Matter Seminar
University of Liverpool
January 2013

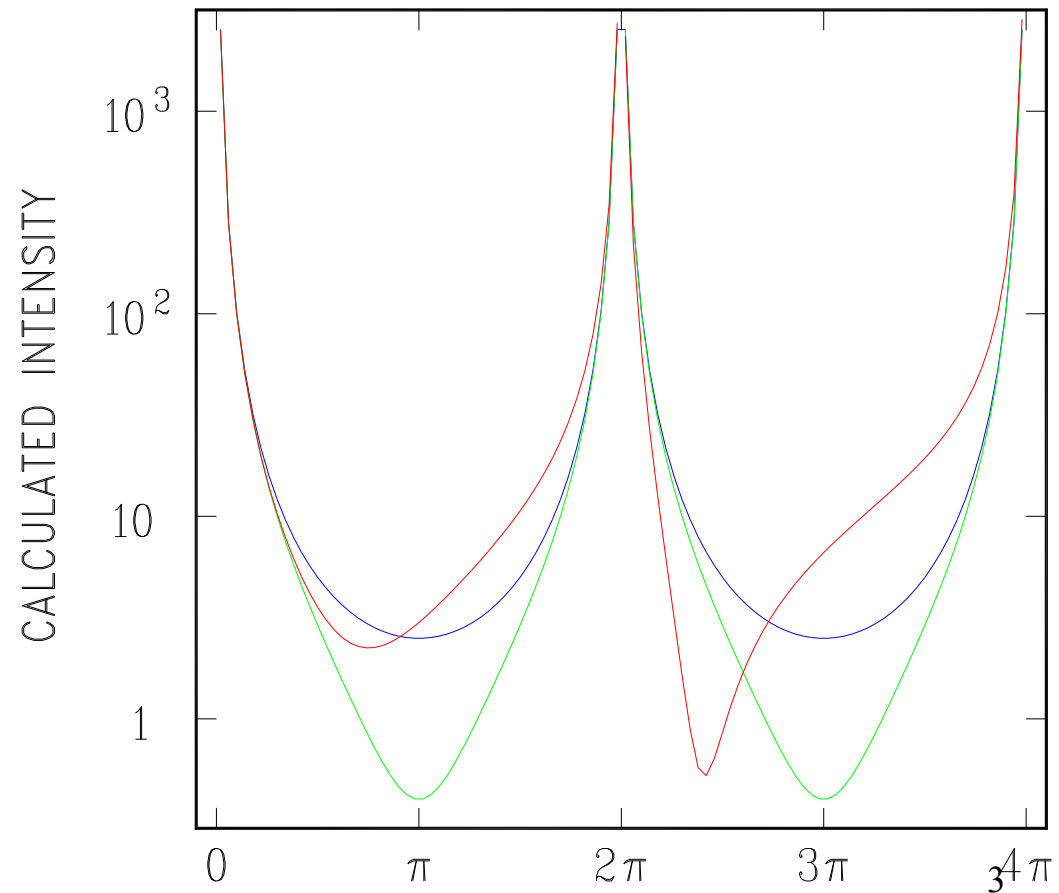
Outline

- Surface X-ray diffraction
- Nanocrystal structures
- Coherent X-ray diffraction
- Crystal strain as complex density
- Strain induced by surface reactions
- Partial coherence correction

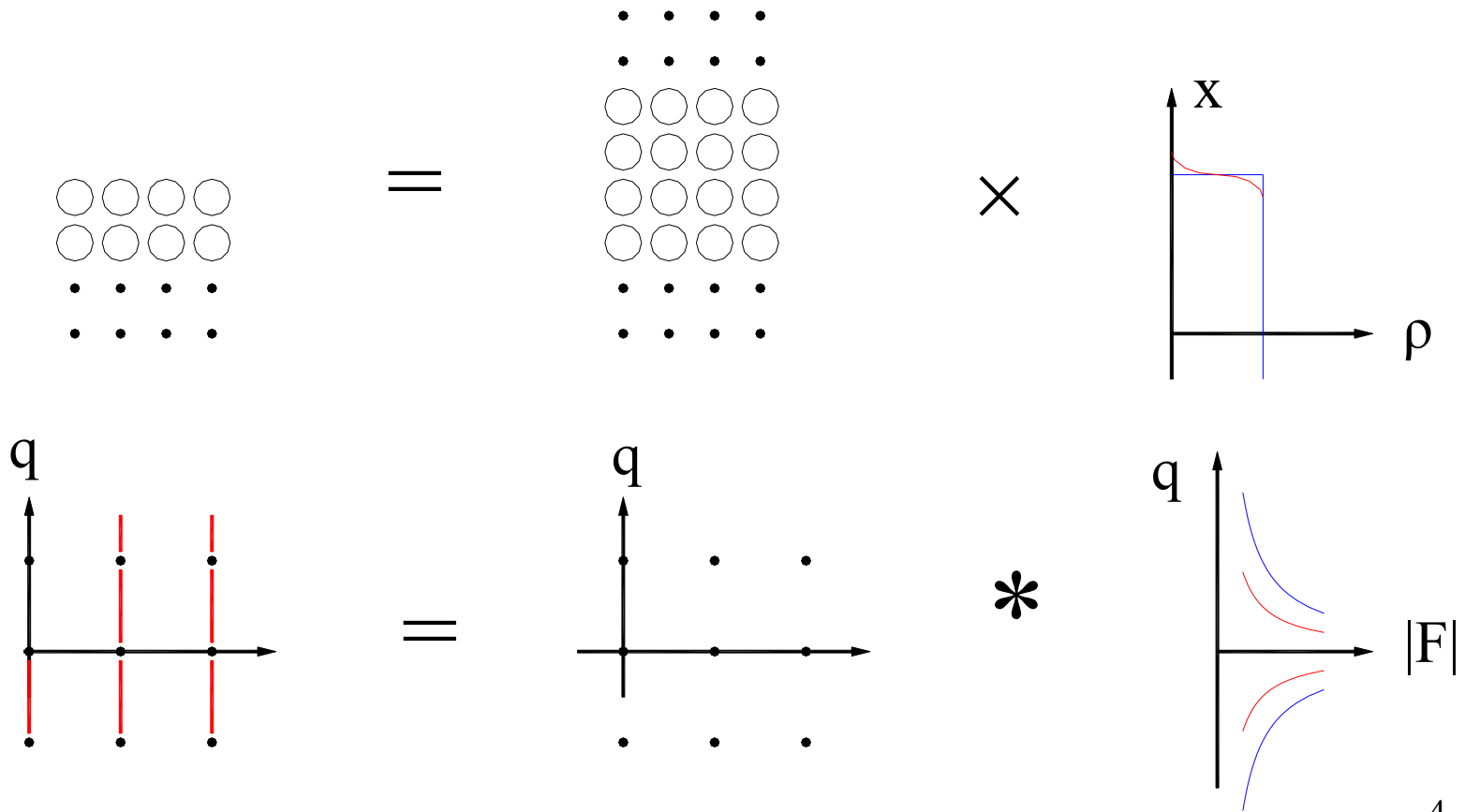
CTR is Sensitive to Surface Structure



I. K.

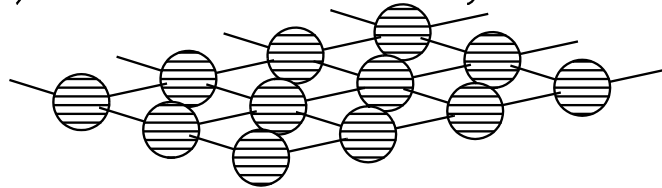


CTR as Convolution

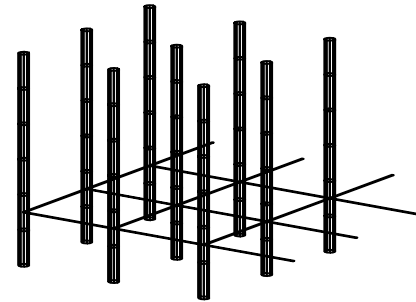
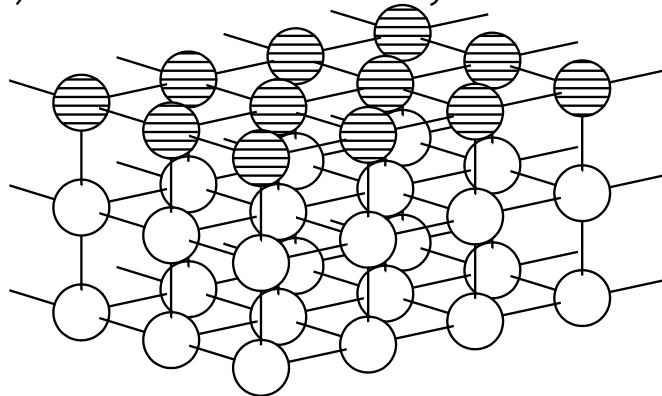


Crystal Truncation Rods (1986)

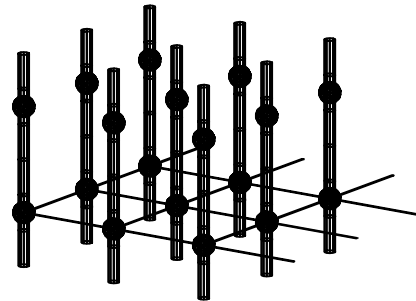
a) Isolated Monolayer



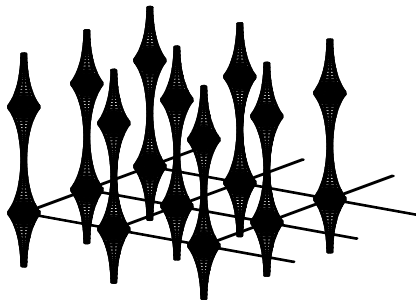
b) Surface of Crystal



2D
LAYER
ONLY



BULK
CRYSTAL
AND 2D
LAYER



CRYSTAL
TRUNCATION
RODS

Diffraction as a Surface Integral

**Die äußere Form der Kristalle
in ihrem Einfluß auf die Interferenzerscheinungen
an Raumgittern**

Von M. v. Laue

Annalen der Physik [5] 26 55 (1936)

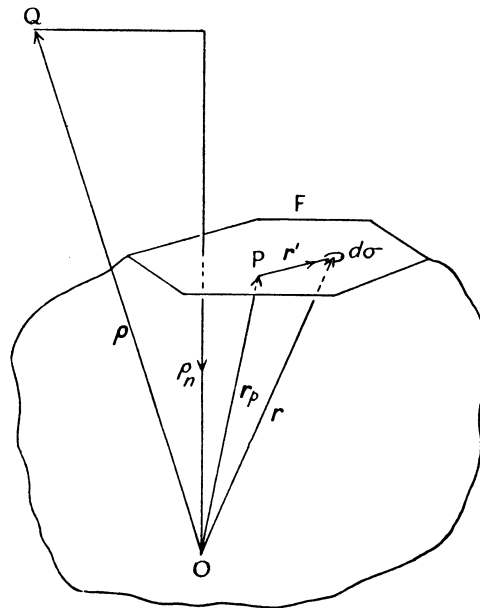
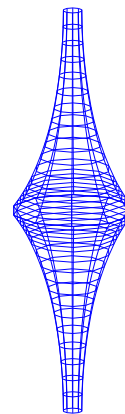
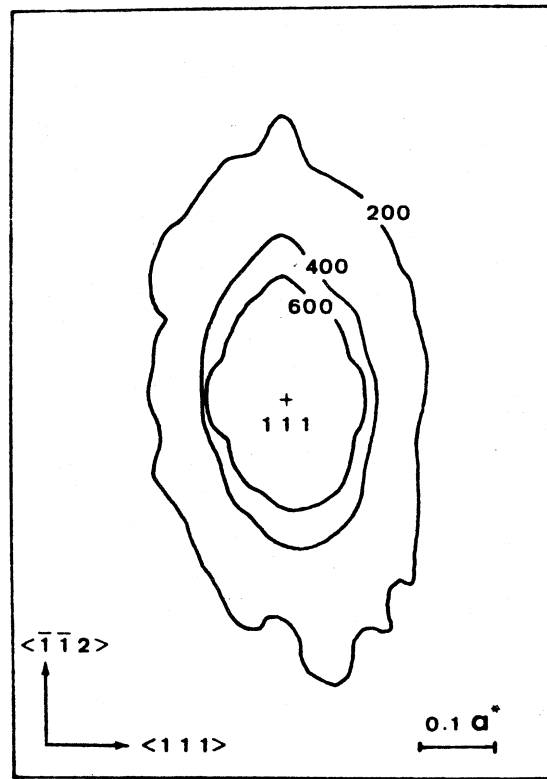


FIG. 200



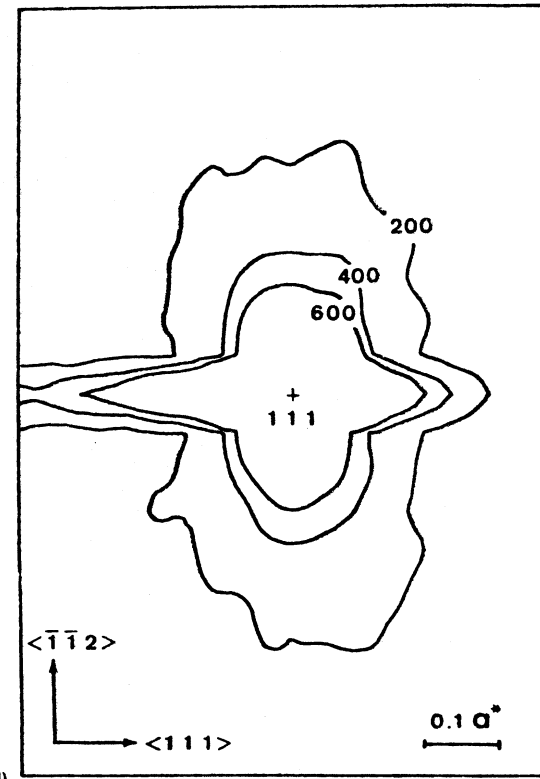
“Stacheln”

Diffuse Scattering from Si Wafer



(c)

Unpolished wafer



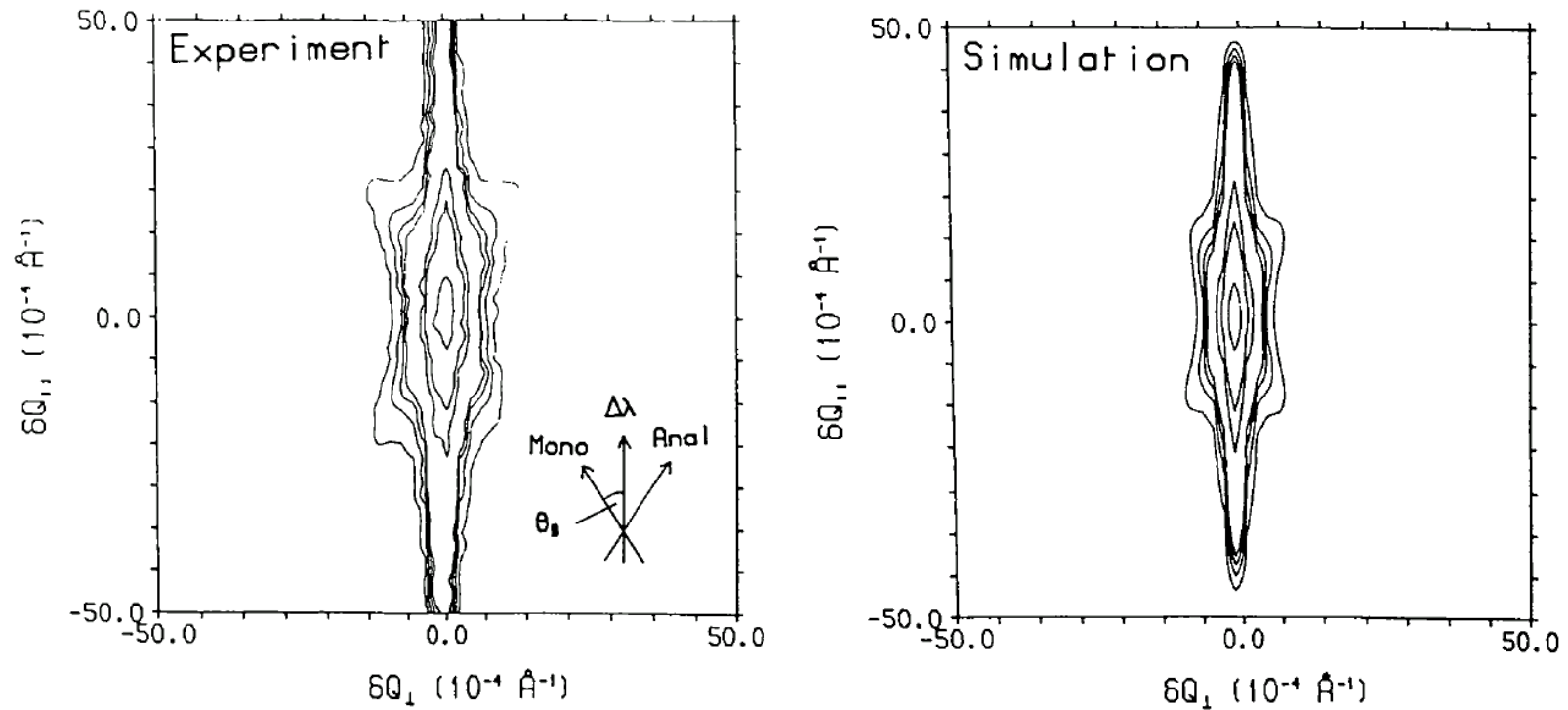
(d)

40 microns removed

N. Kashiwagara, J. Harada and M. Ogino, J. Appl. Phys 54 2706 (1983)

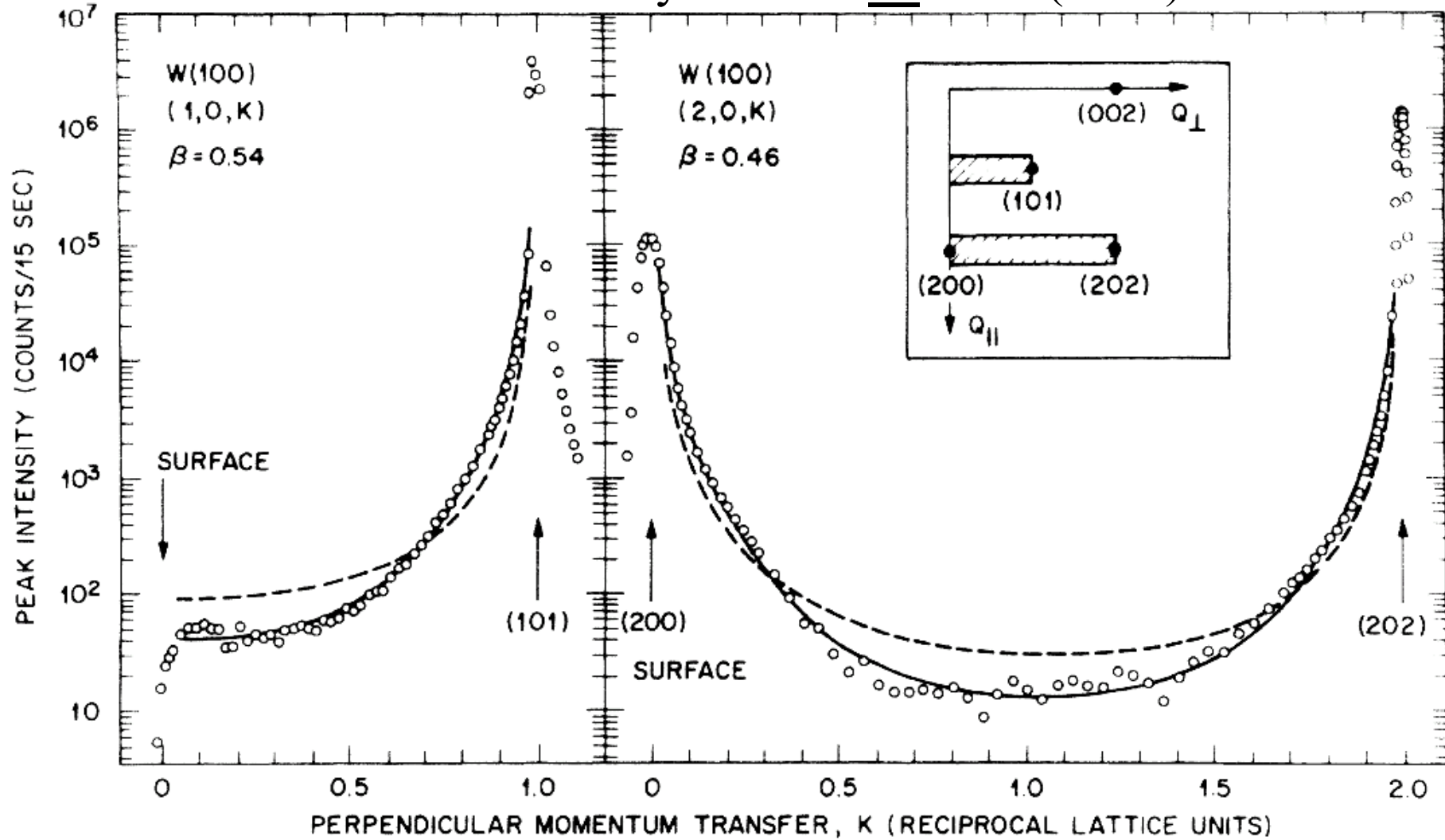
Resolution Function of the Triple-Axis Spectrometer

R. A. Cowley *et. al.*, Acta Cryst A45 415 (1989)



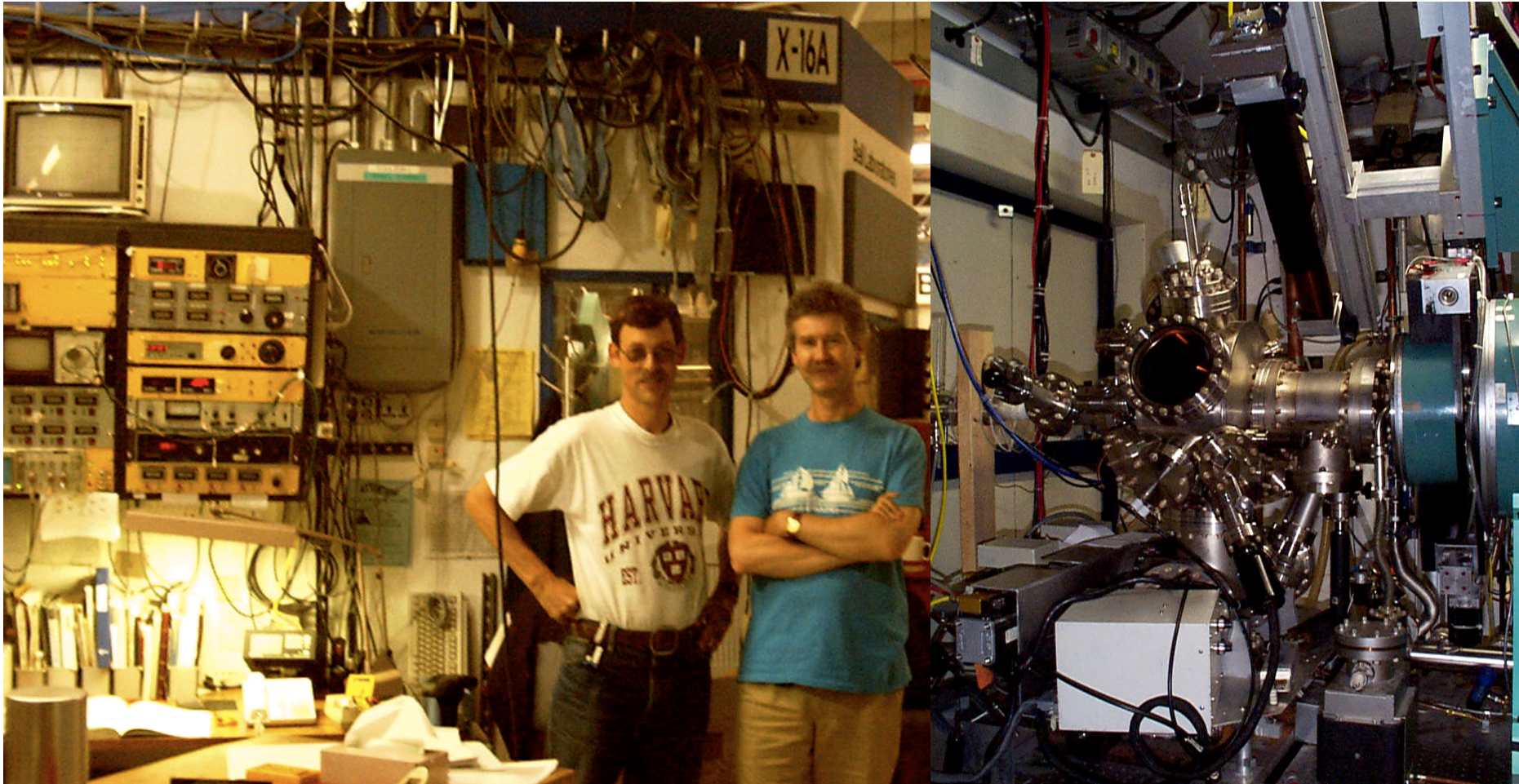
CRYSTAL TRUNCATION RODS AND SURFACE ROUGHNESS

I.K.Robinson Phys Rev B 33 3830 (1986)



X16A Surface X-ray Diffraction

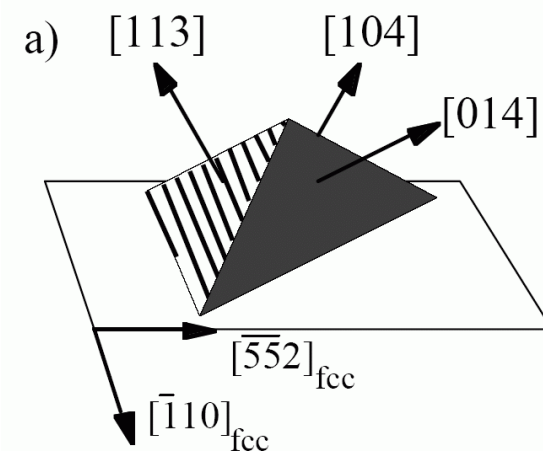
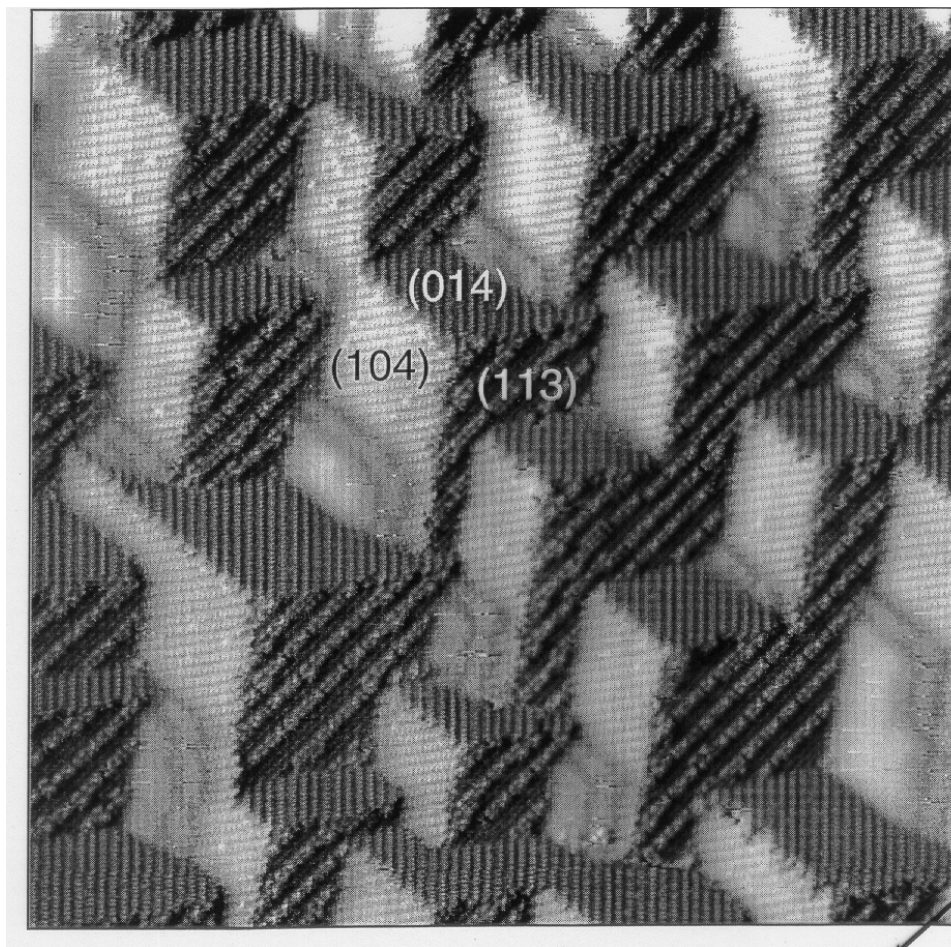
Brookhaven National Lab (1987 – 2004)



I. K. Robinson, CMS Liverpool 2013

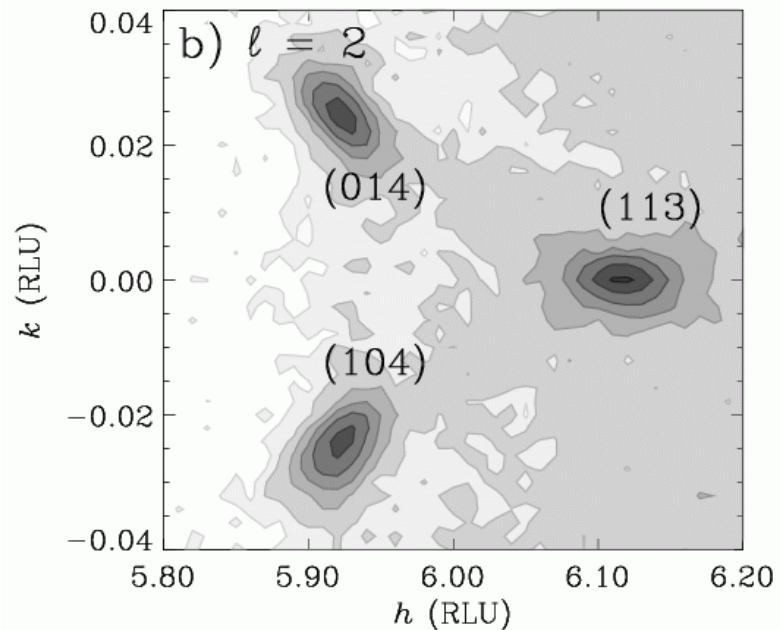
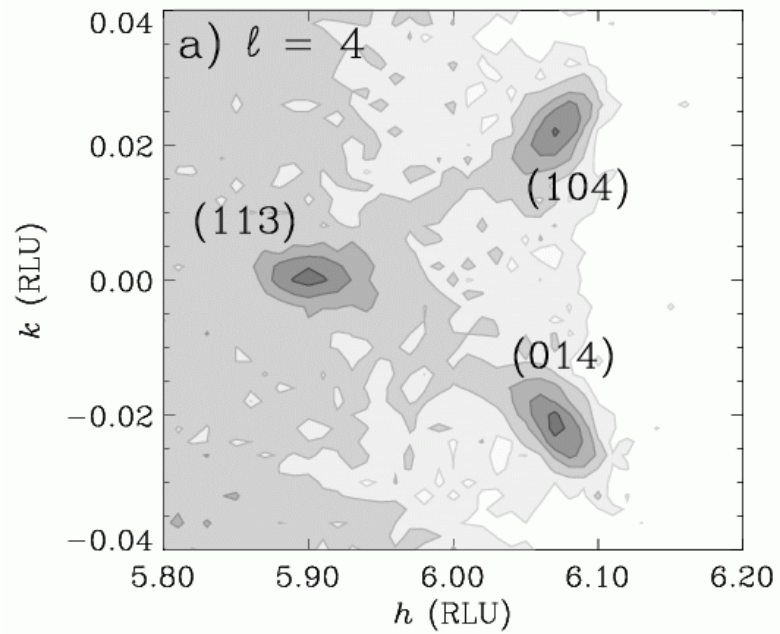
Cu(115) after Oxidation: STM

S. Reiter and E. Taglauer, Surf. Sci. 367 33 (1996)



Cu(115) after Oxidation: X16A

Don Walko, UIUC PhD
Dissertation (2000)



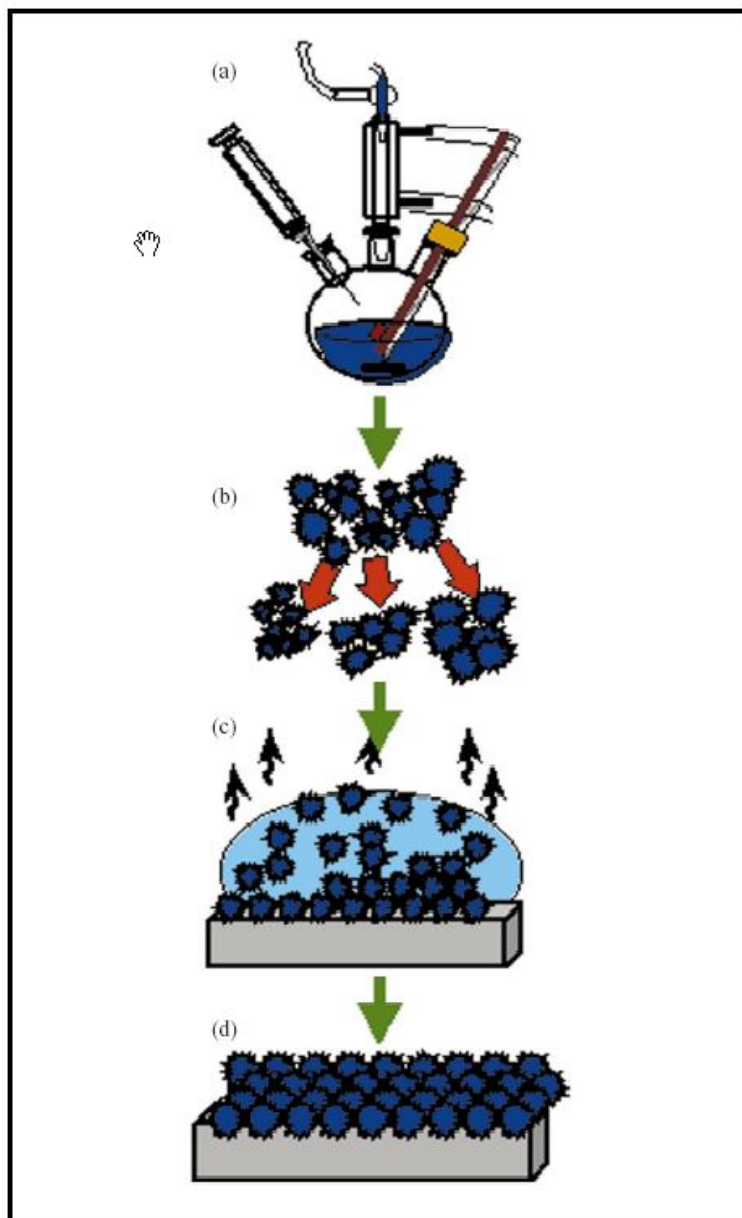
Outlook for Surface X-ray Diffraction

- Nanocrystals
- New physical properties
- Alloys
- Semiconductors
- Oxides
- Catalysts
- Interfaces

Outlook for Surface X-ray Diffraction

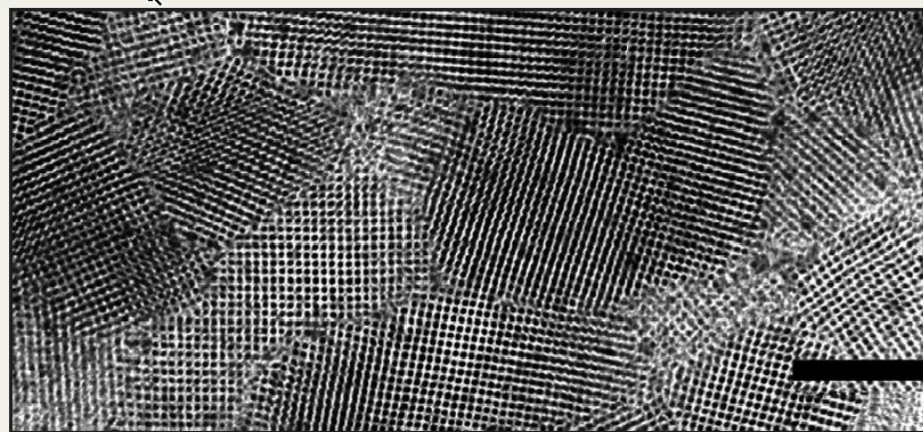
- Nanocrystals
- New physical properties
- **Nano** Alloys
- **Nano** Semiconductors
- **Nano** Oxides
- **Nano** Catalysts
- **Nano** Interfaces

Chemical Synthesis of Nanocrystals



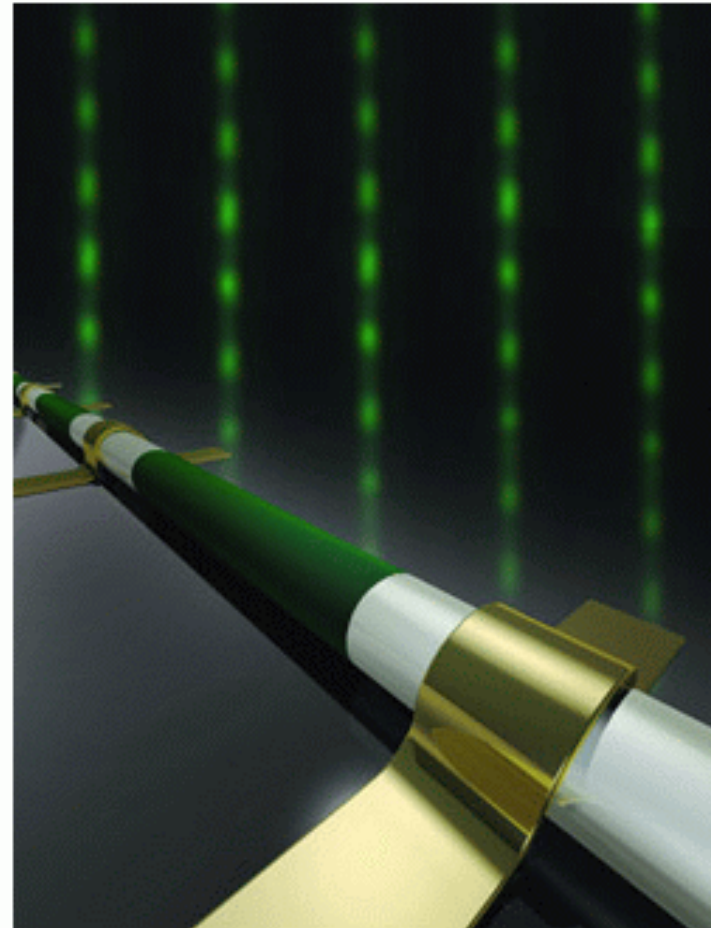
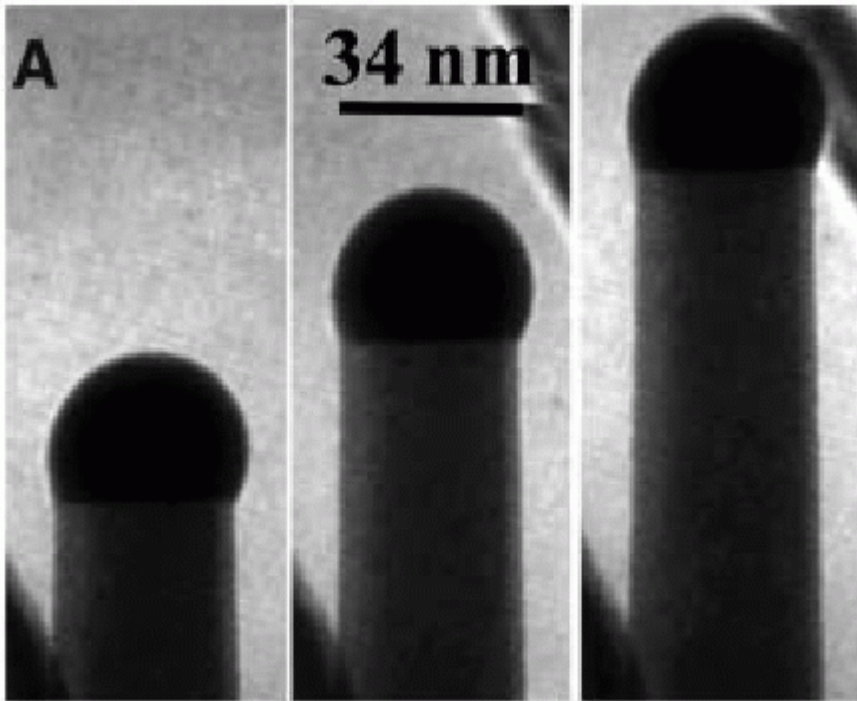
- Reactants introduced rapidly
- High temperature solvent
- Surfactant/organic capping agent
- Square superlattice (200nm scale)

C. B. Murray, *IBM J. Res. & Dev.*
45 47 (2001)



VLS growth of nanowires

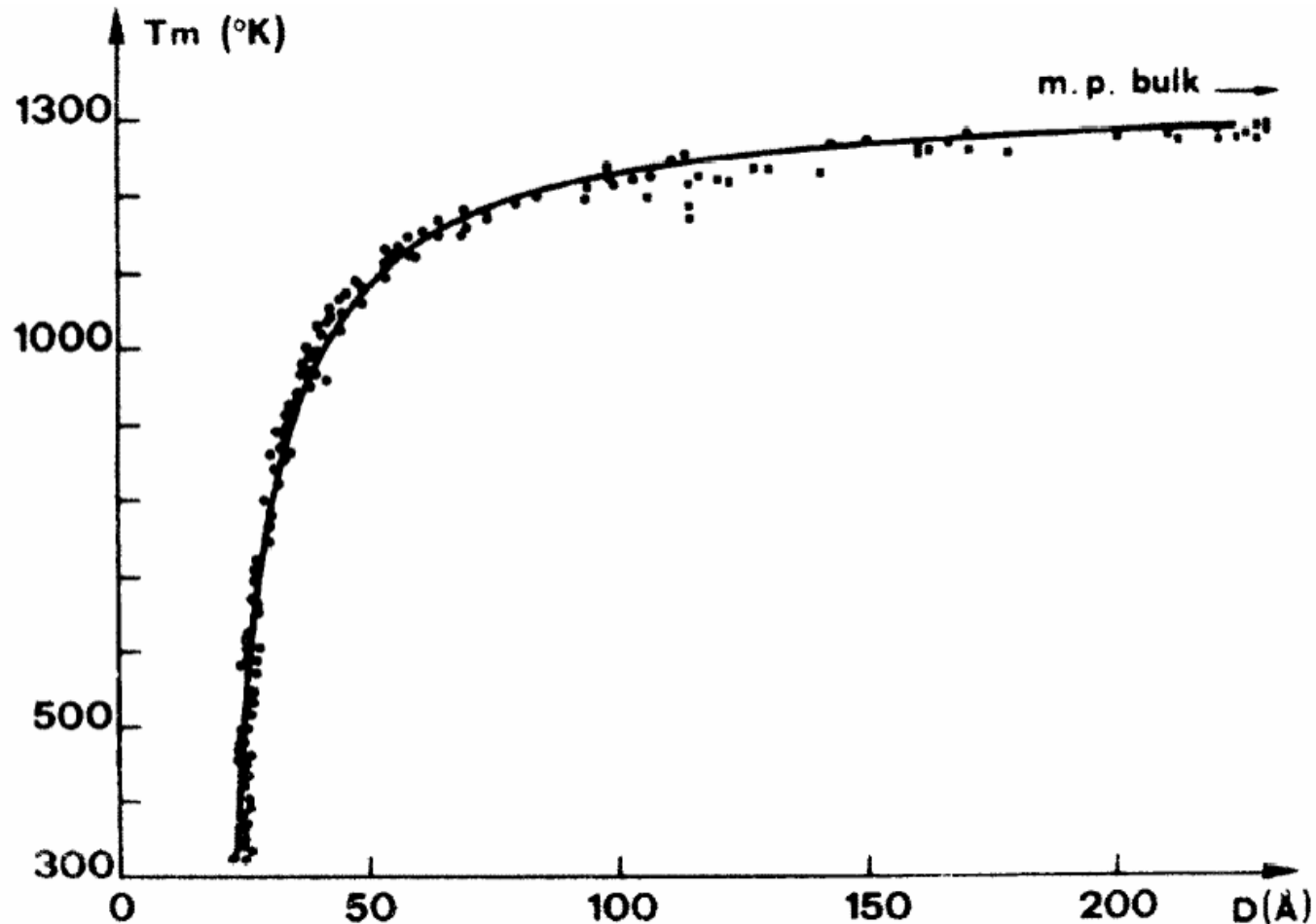
S. Kodambaka et al., *Science* 316 729 (2007)



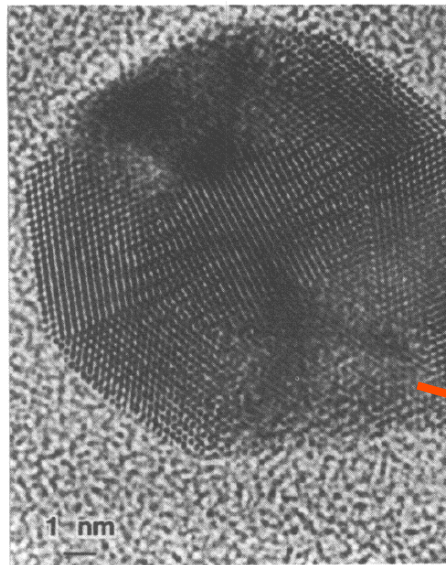
I. K. Robinson, CMS Live *NiSi/Si nanowire heterostructure devices. Nature* **430**, 61 (2004).

Size-dependent Melting of Au Particles

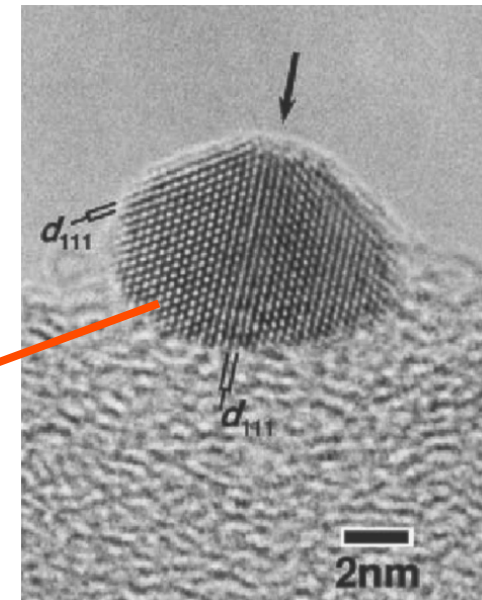
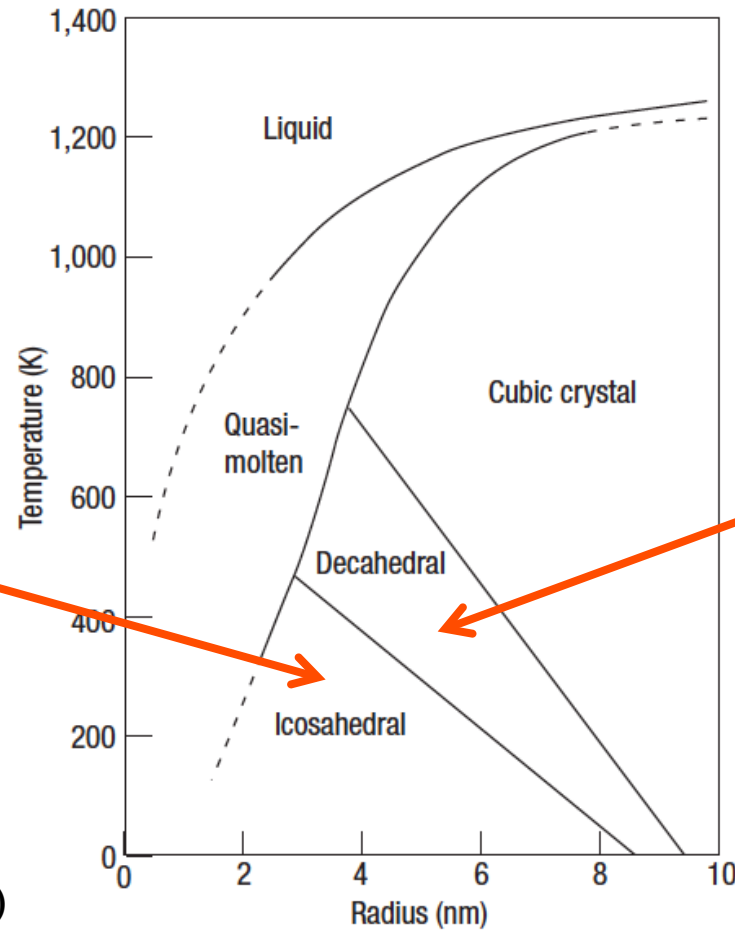
P. Buffat and J-P. Borel, Phys. Rev. A 2287-97 (1975)



Structure of Gold vs Size



L. D. Marks, RPP (1994)

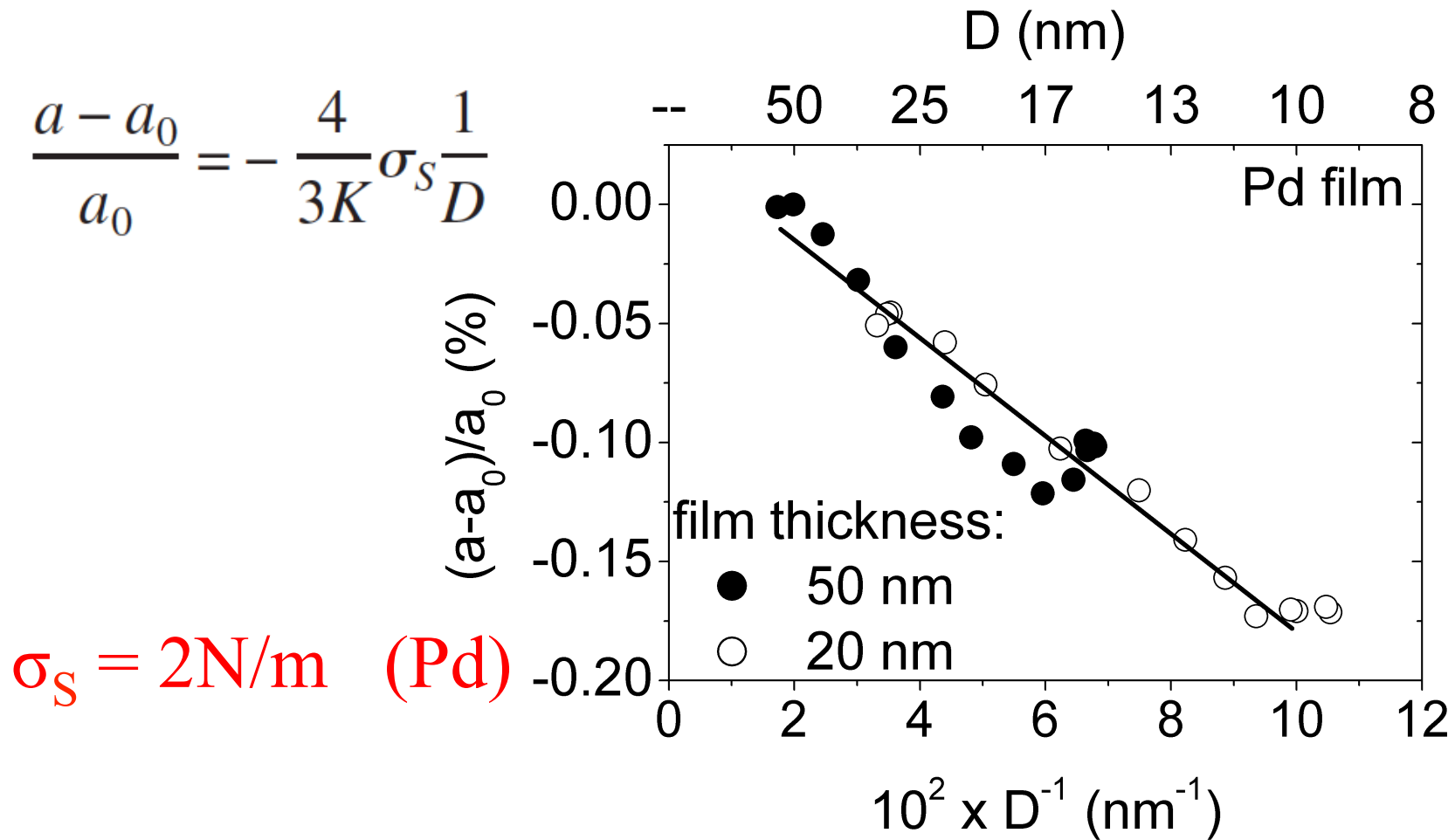


Koga and Sugawara (2003)

Contraction of Small Particles

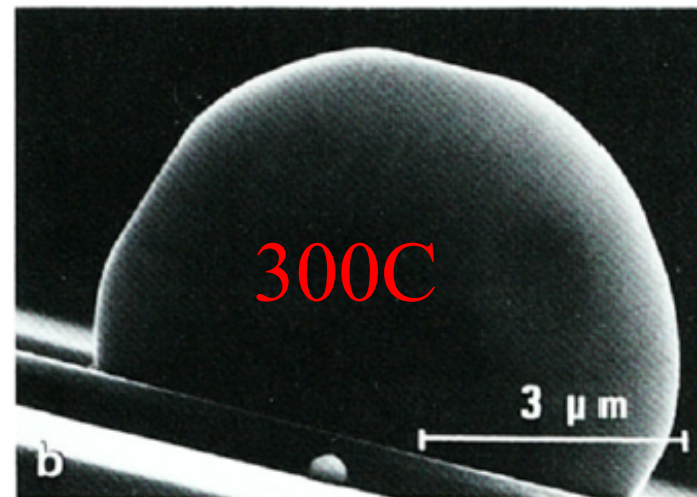
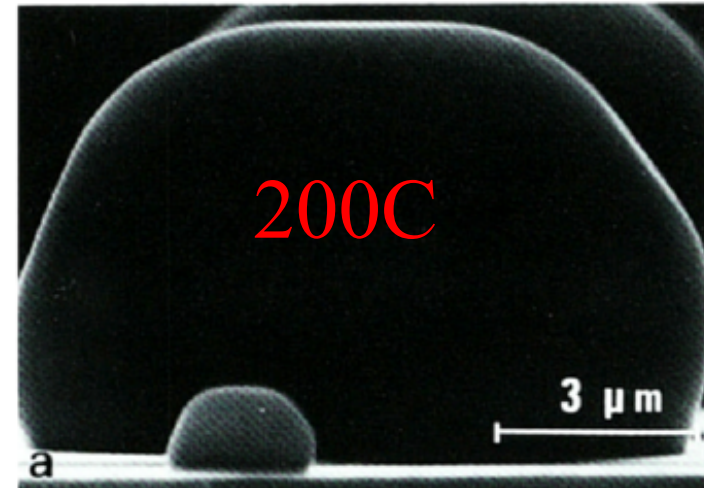
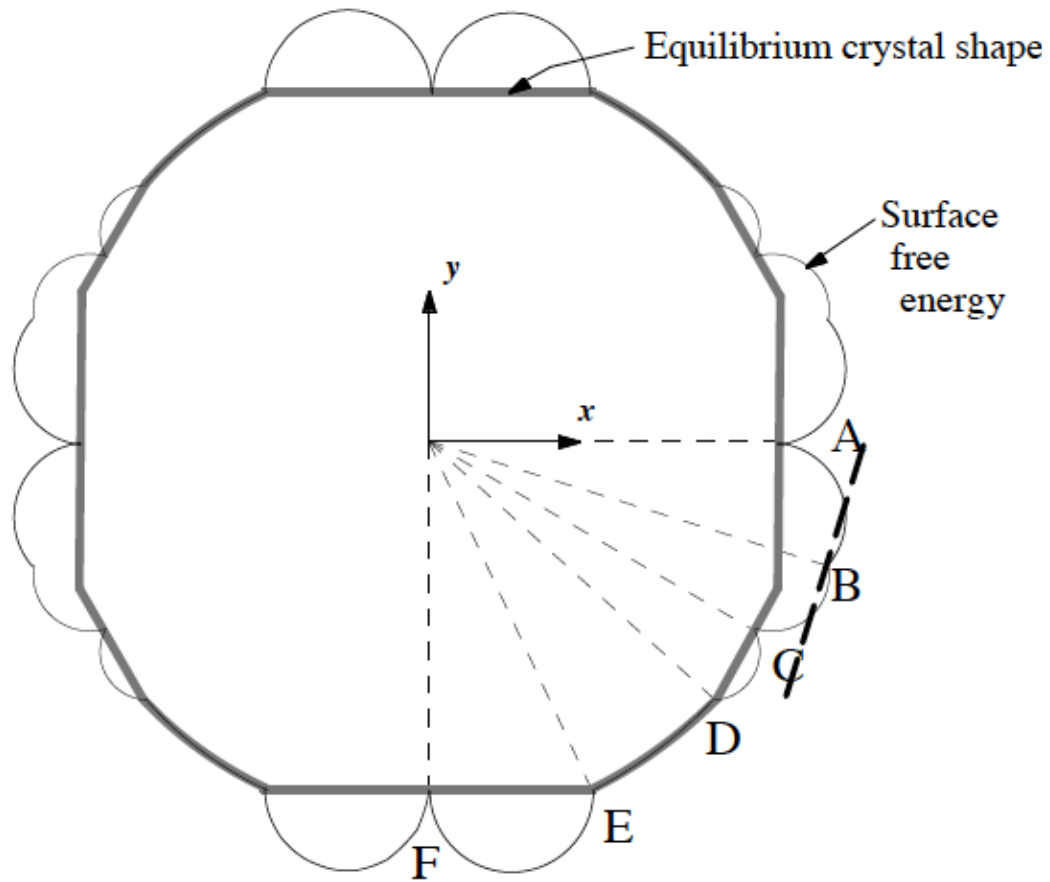
Gibbs Thomson pressure + Bulk modulus

Sheng, Welzel & Mittemeijer, APL 97 153109 (2010)



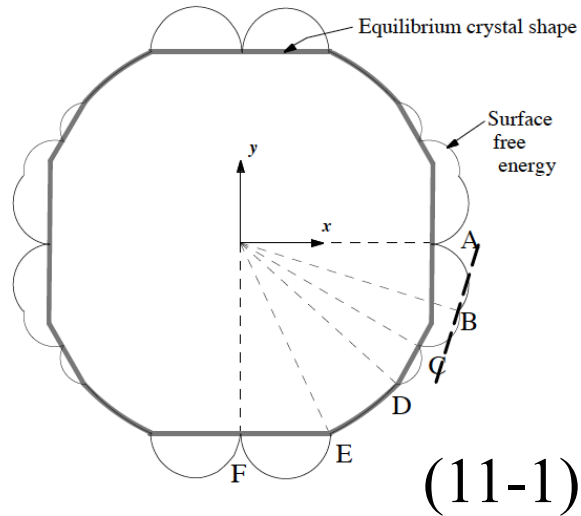
Equilibrium crystal shape

Wulff construction; Heyraud & Metois, Surf Sci 128 334 (1983)

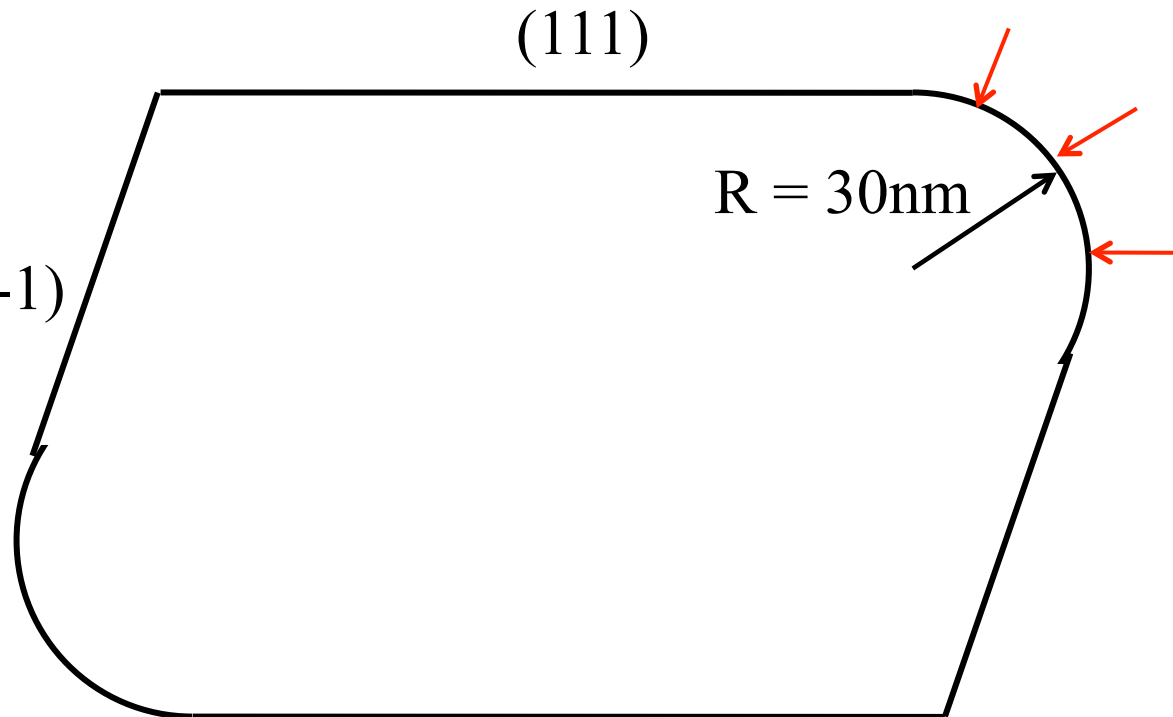


Equilibrium crystal shape

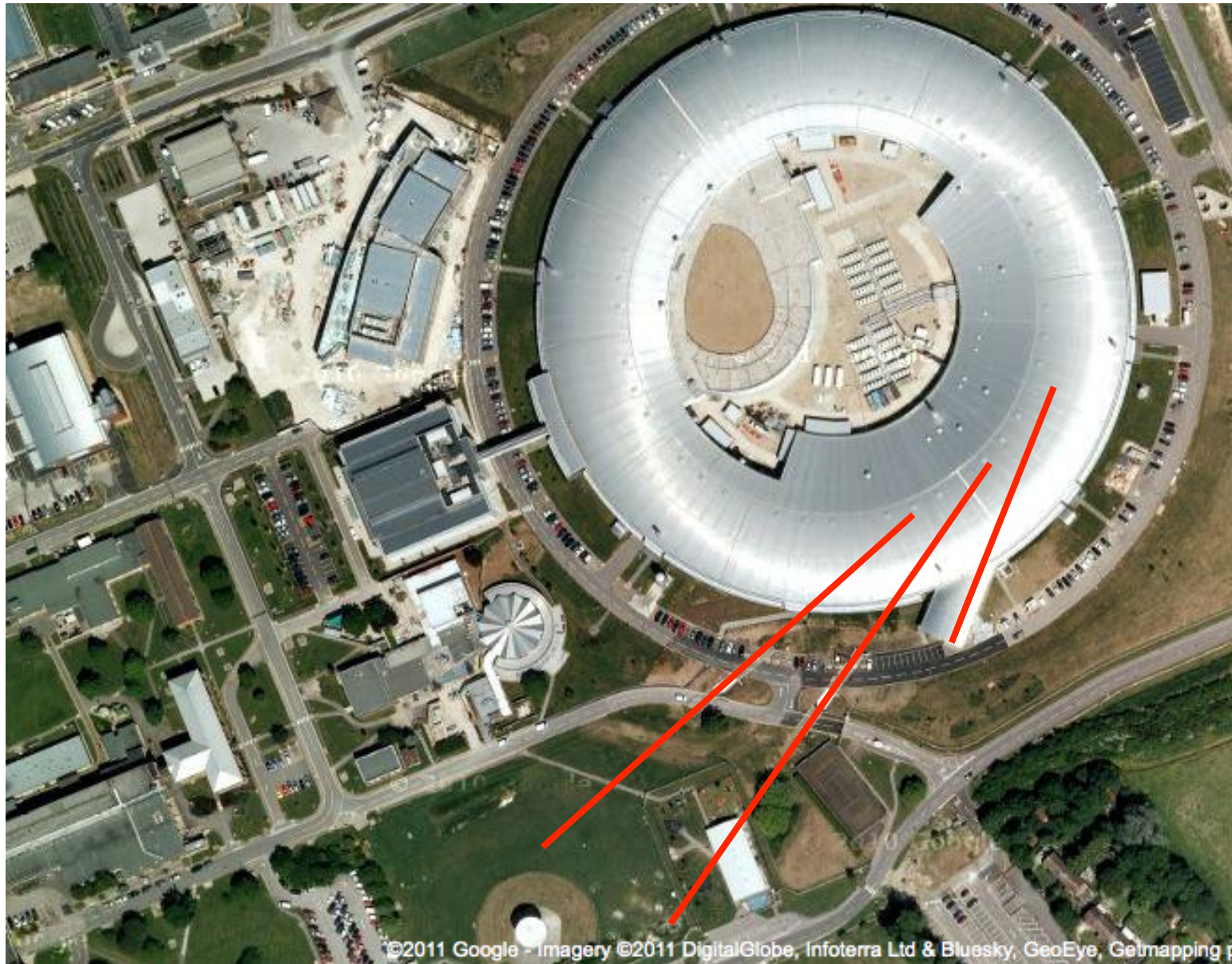
Wulff construction + Gibbs Thomson (Young-Laplace) pressure



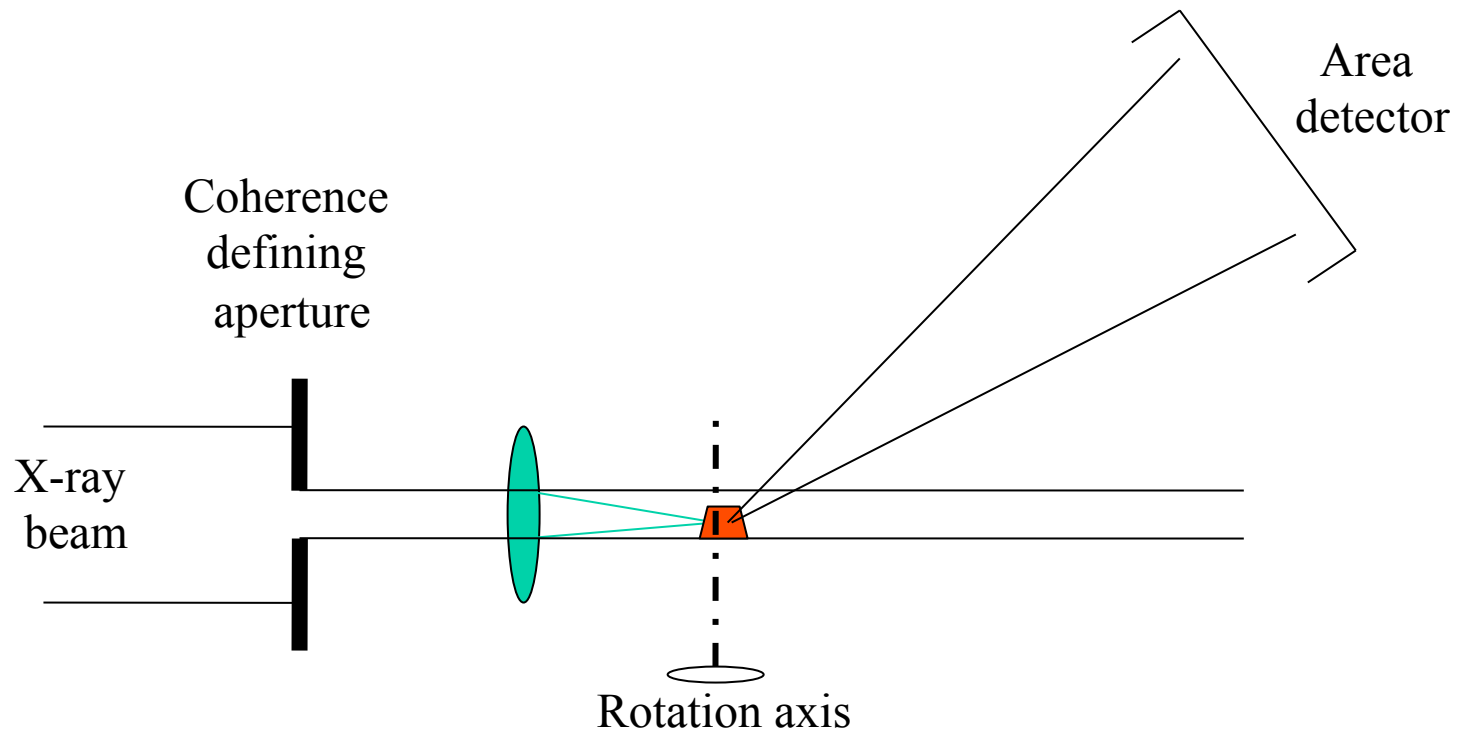
$$\gamma = 2\text{N/m}$$
$$P = 2\gamma/R = 70\text{MPa}$$
$$\varepsilon = 0.1\%, \quad \Phi = 0.6 \text{ rad}$$

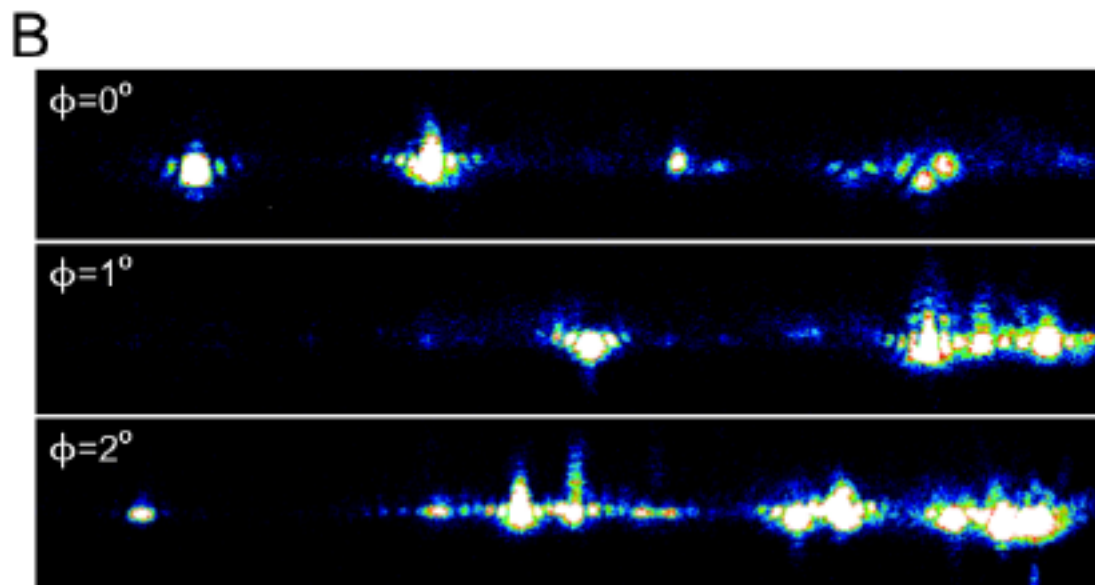
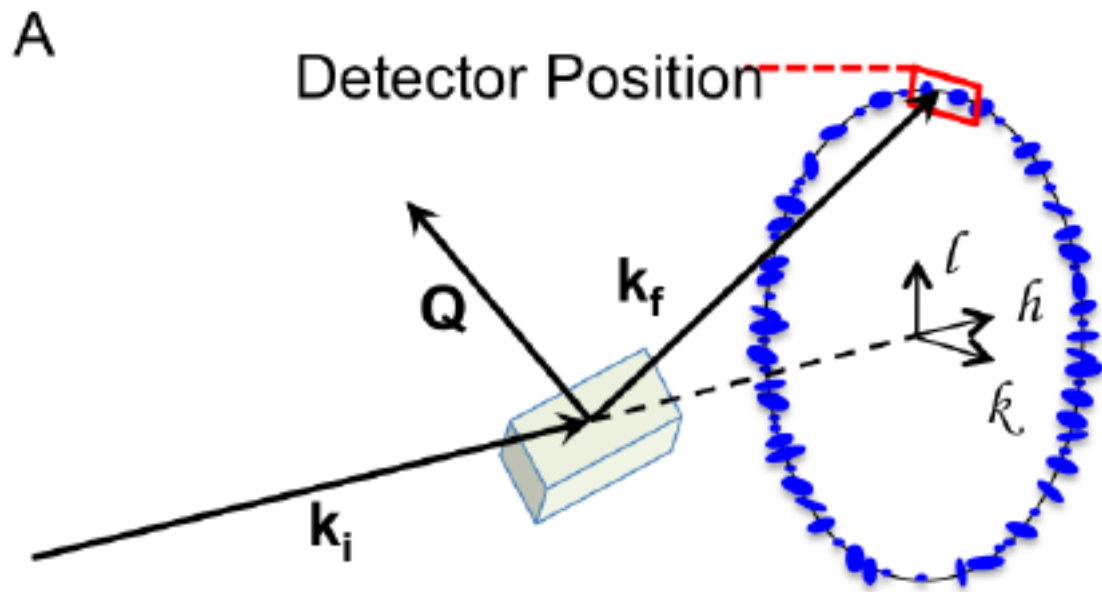


Diamond Light Source, 2009

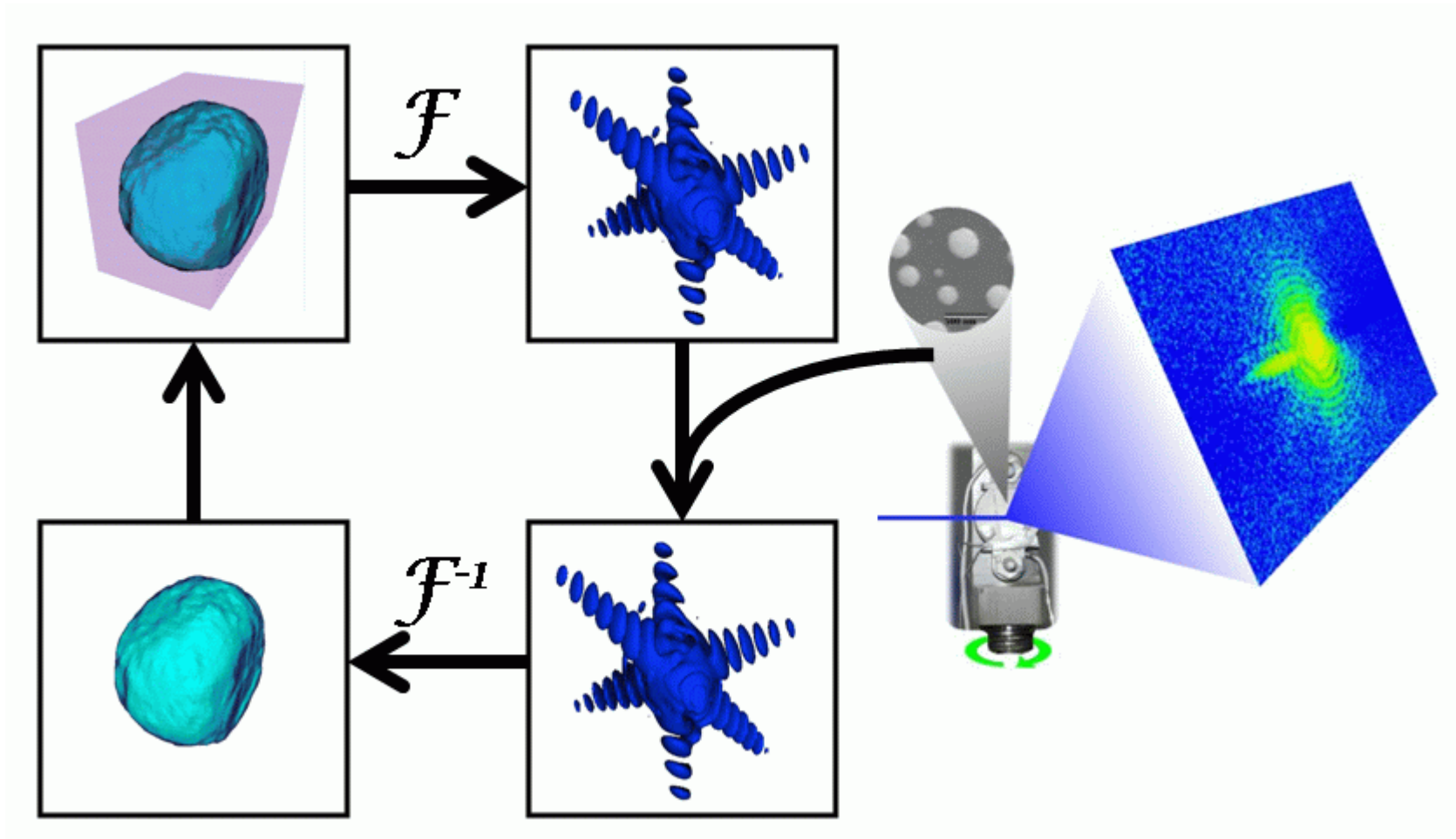


Lensless X-ray Microscope, 2003



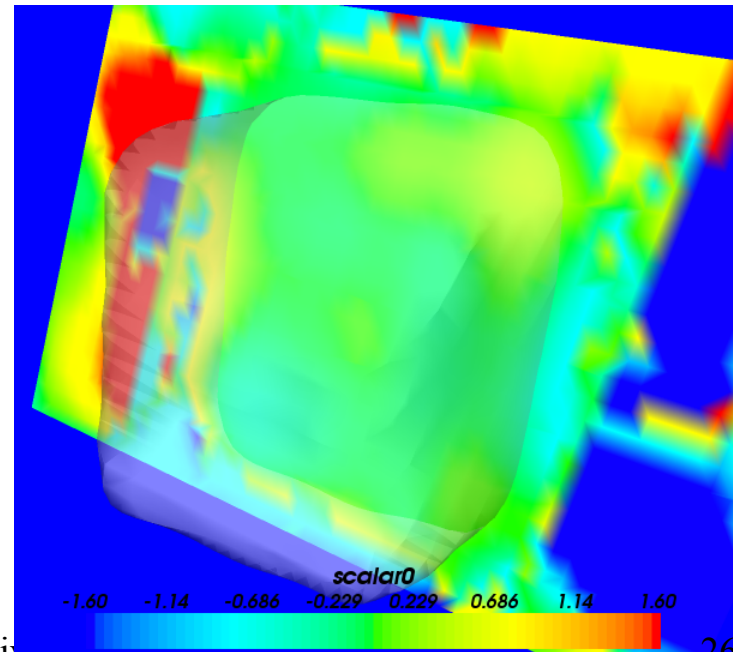
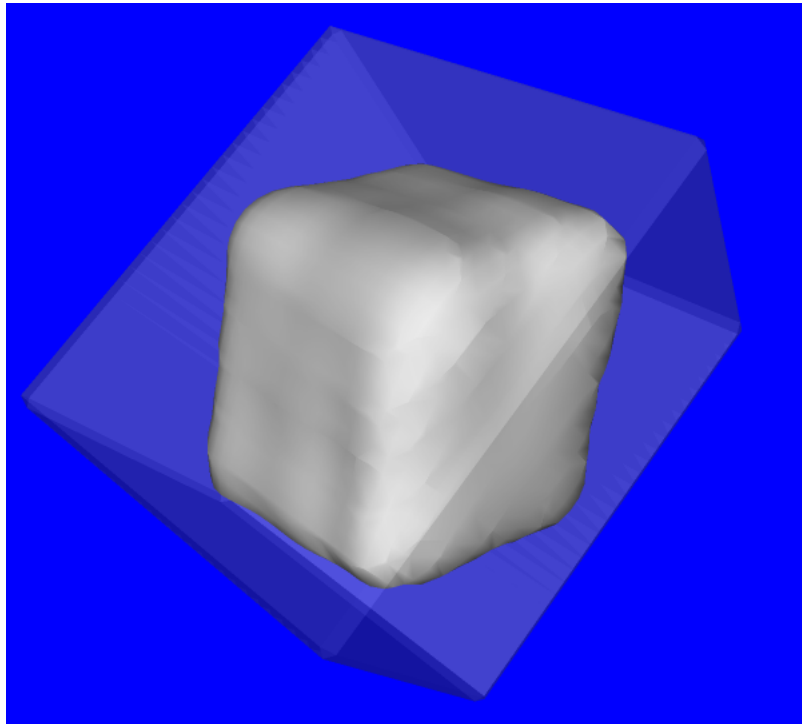
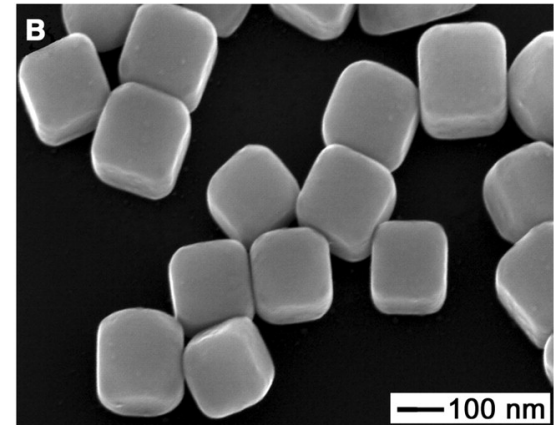
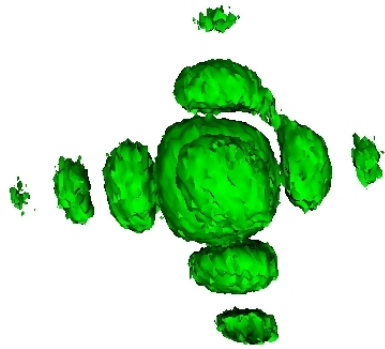
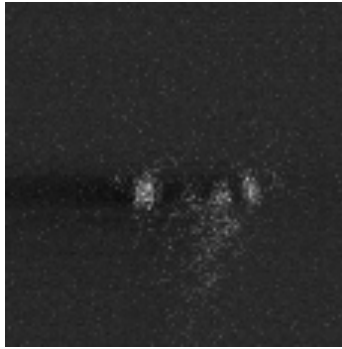


Generic “Error Reduction” method



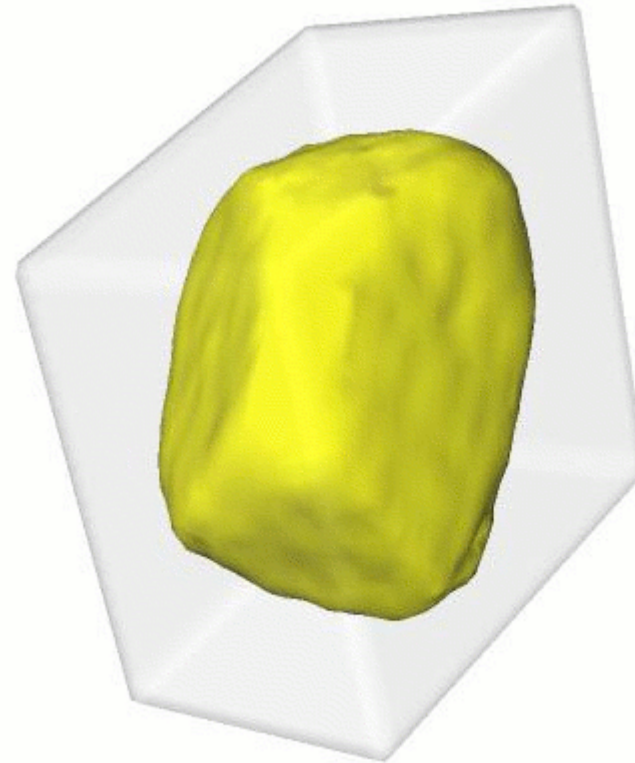
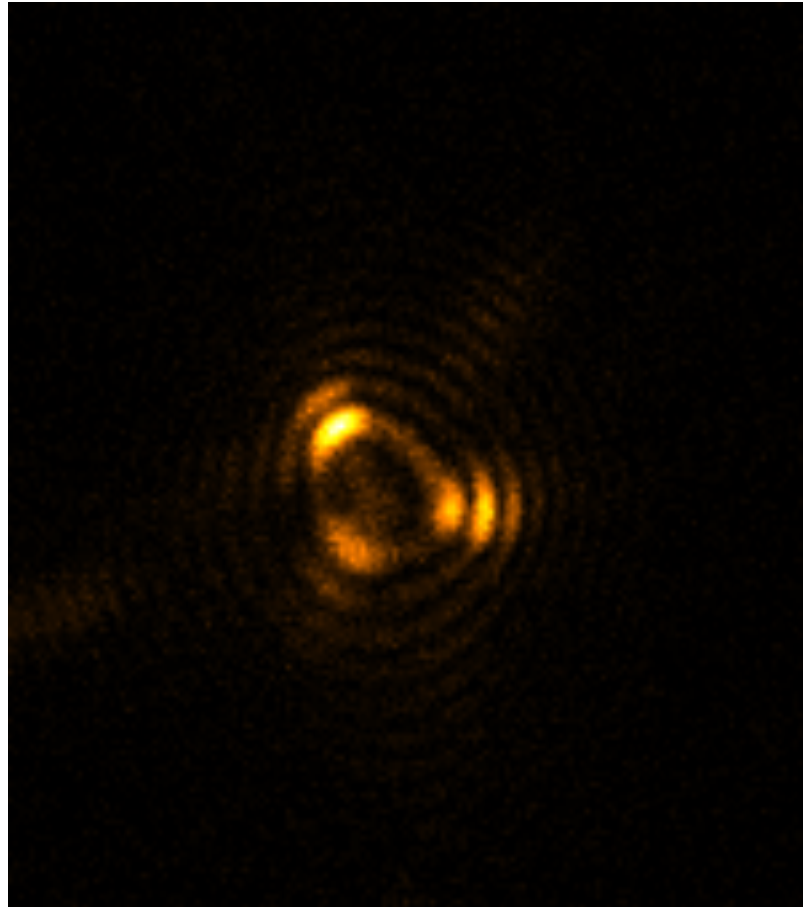
J. R. Fienup *Appl. Opt.* 21 2758 (1982)

R. W. Gerchberg and W. O. Saxton *Optik* 35 237 (1972)

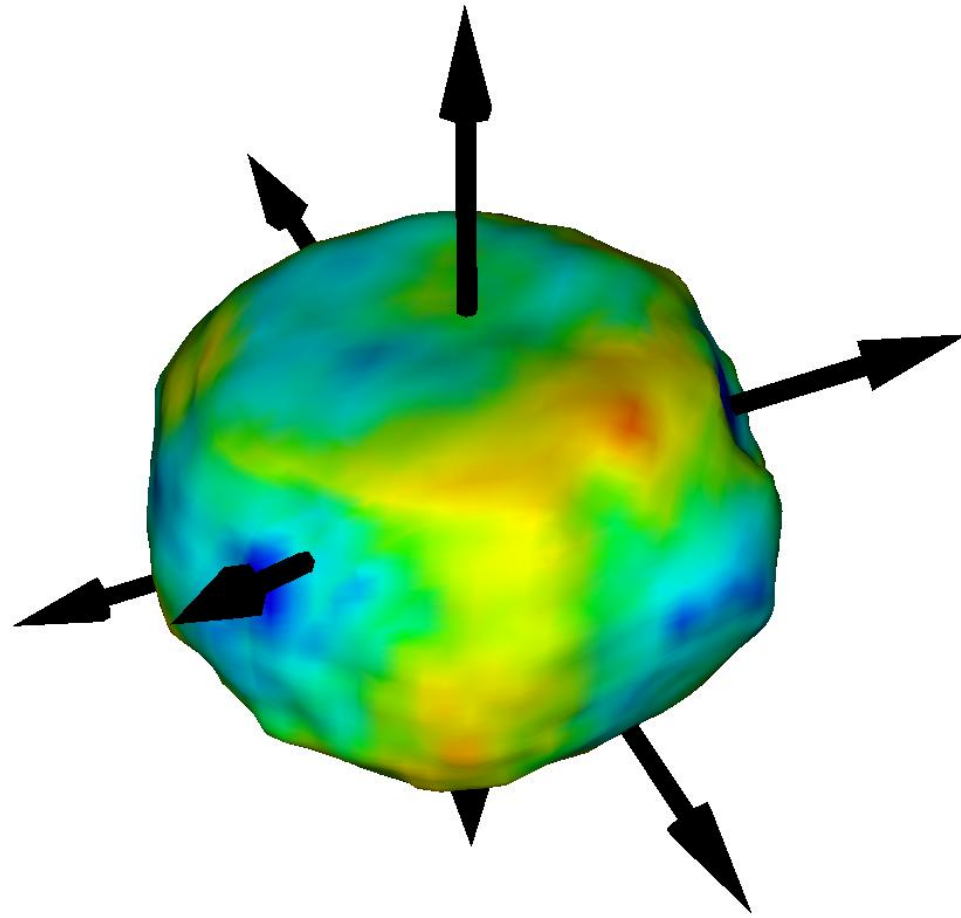


Gold nanocrystal reconstruction

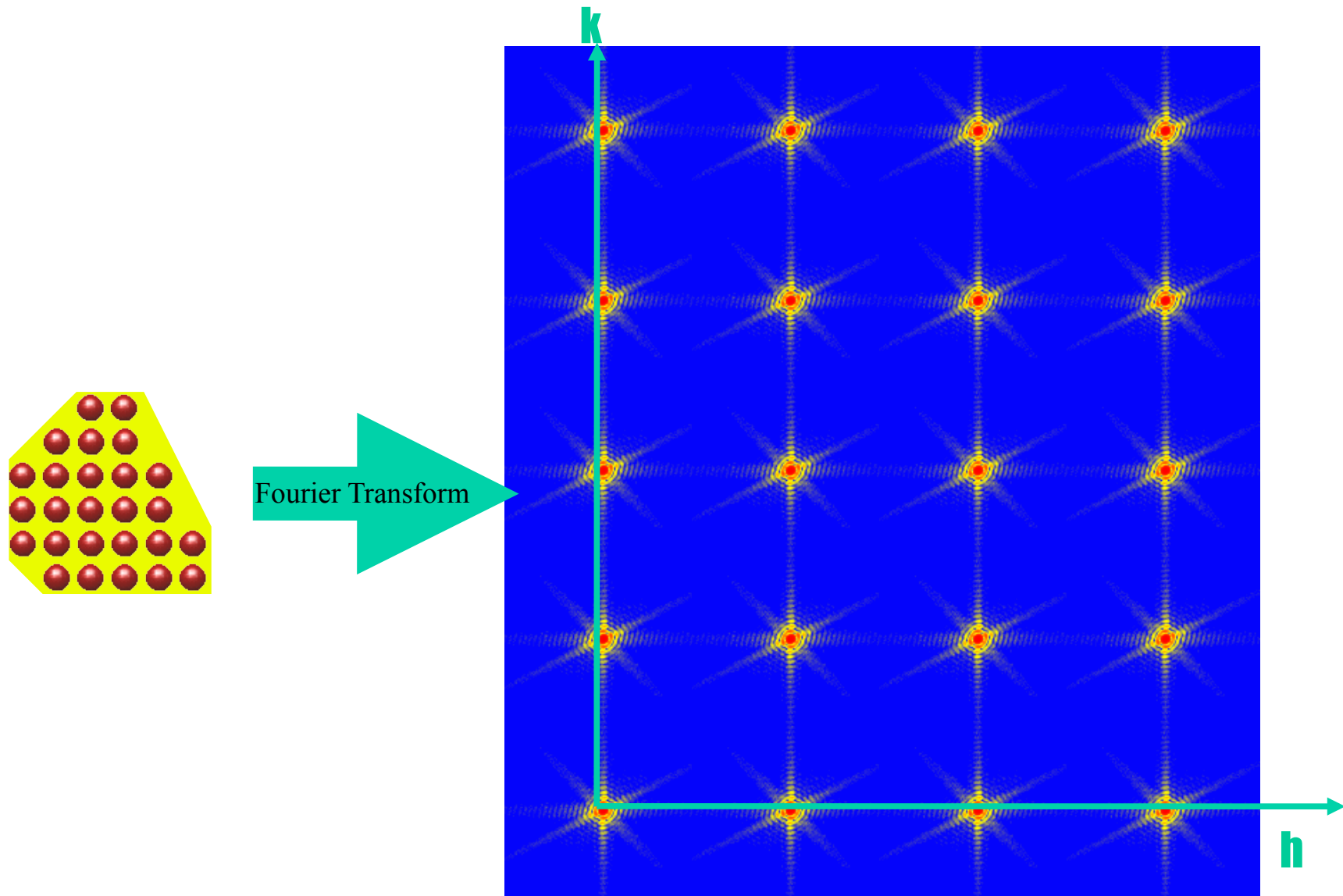
showing support used for 20 HIO followed by 10 ER



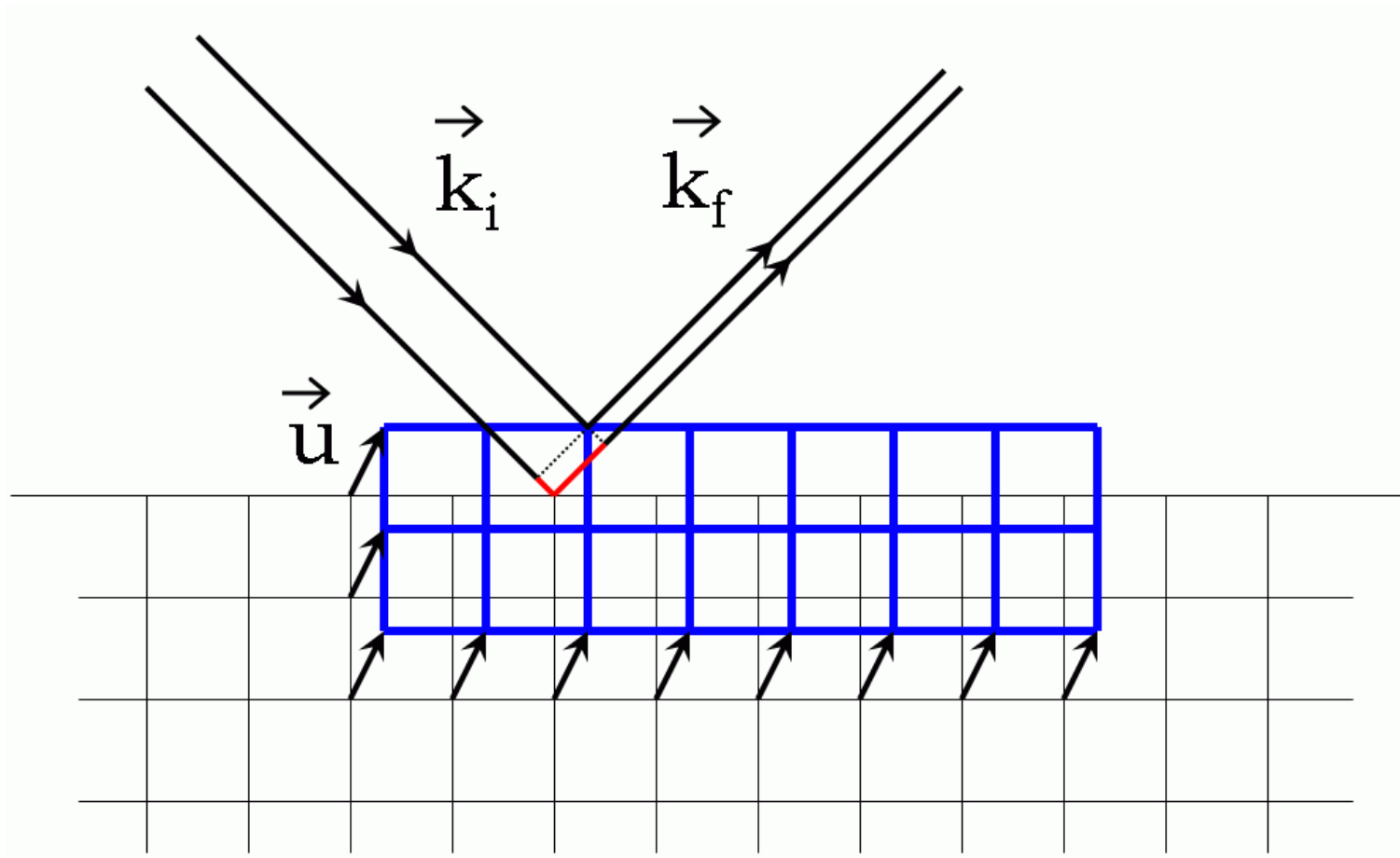
Phase isosurface of residual strain



Coherent Diffraction from Crystals

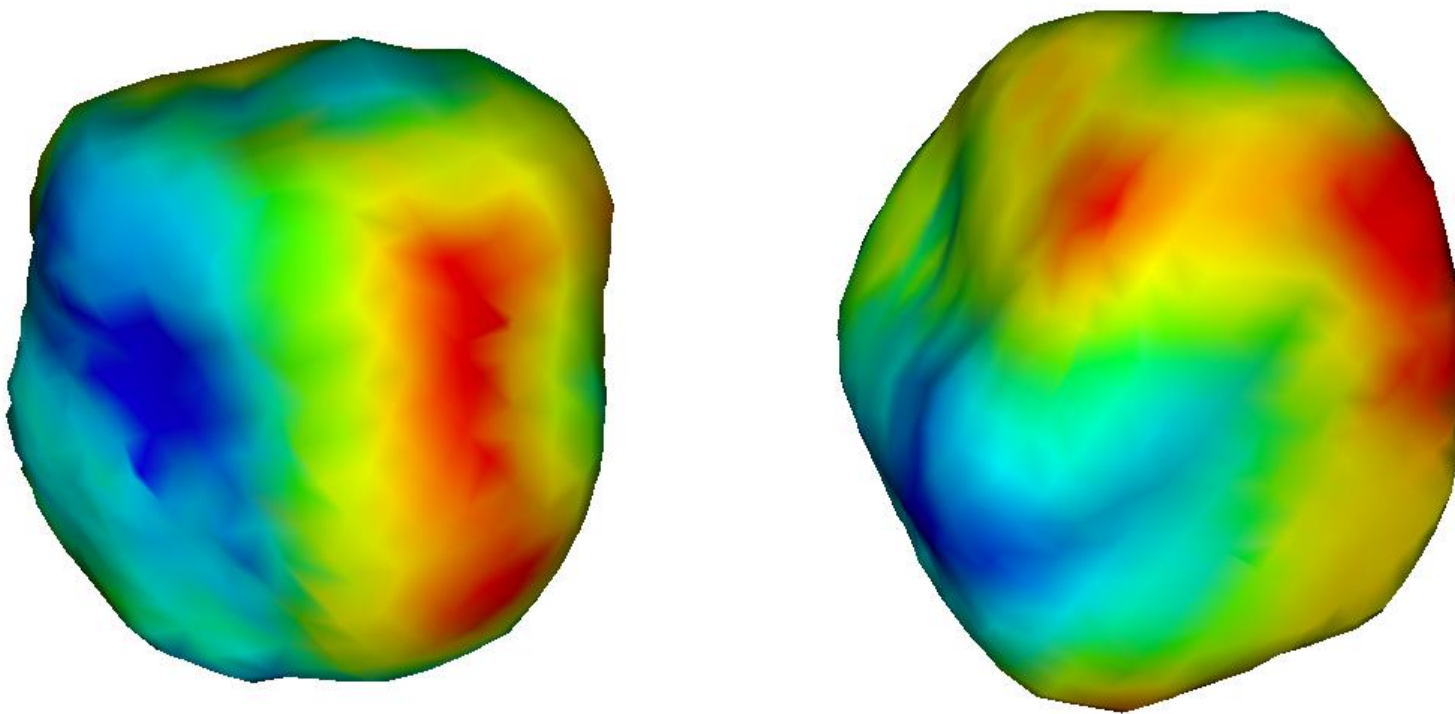


Sensitivity to strain

$$\Delta\varphi = \mathbf{k}_f \cdot \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{k}_i \cdot \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{u}$$


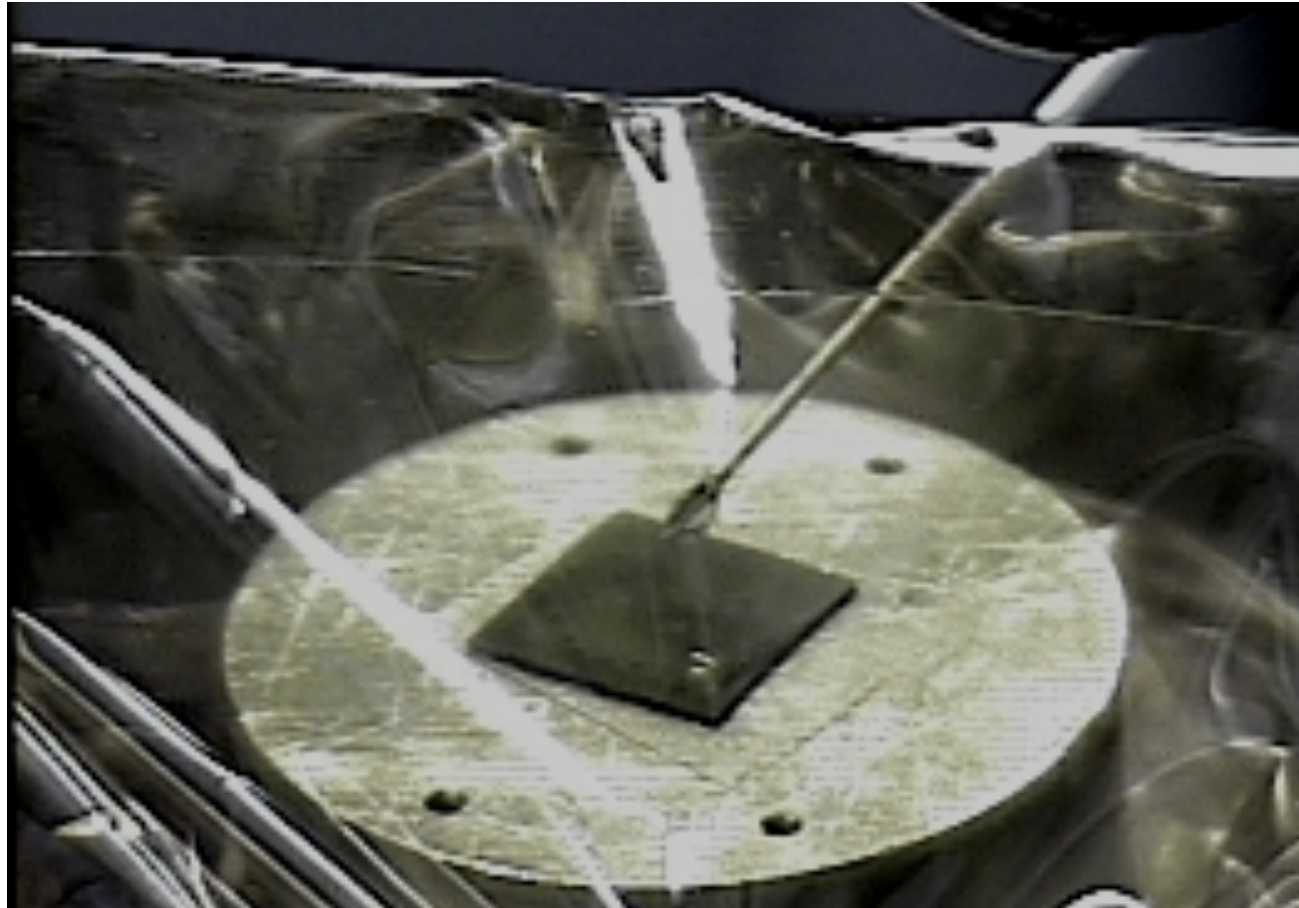
Phase isosurface of residual strain

200nm Barium Titanate (BTO) crystals



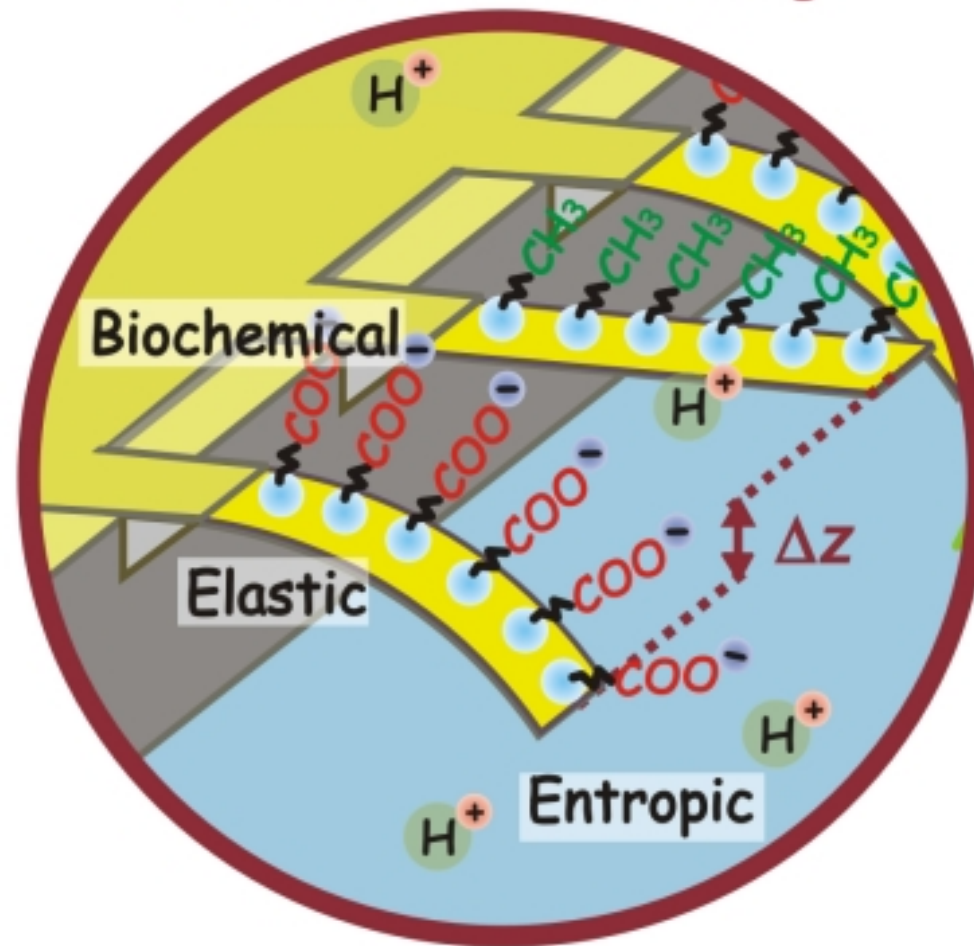
Dosing with C_3H_7SH in ethanol

Moyu Watari, Rachel McKendry, Manuel Voegtli, Gabriel Aeppli,
Yeong- Ah Soh, Xiaowen Shi, Gang Xiong, Xiaojing Huang,
Ross Harder and Ian Robinson, Nature Materials (2011)



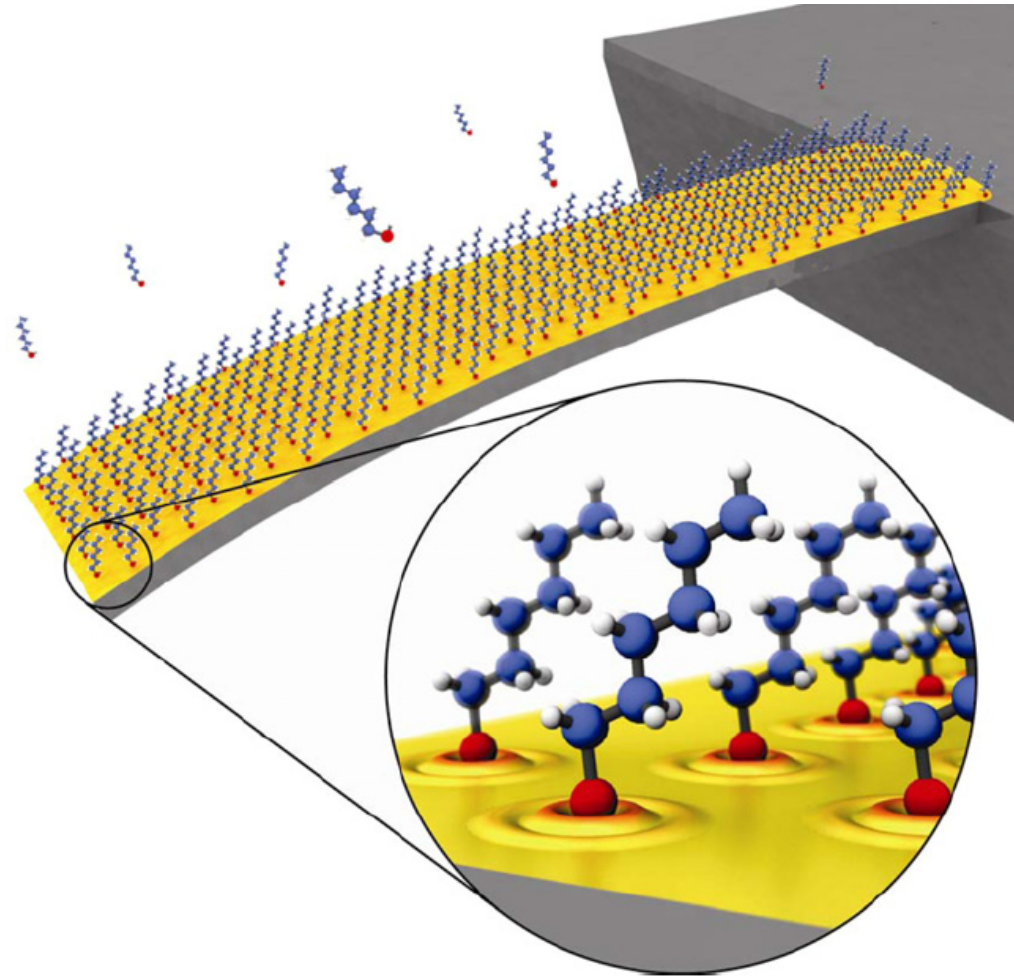
Nanocantilevers

Dr Rachel McKendrie



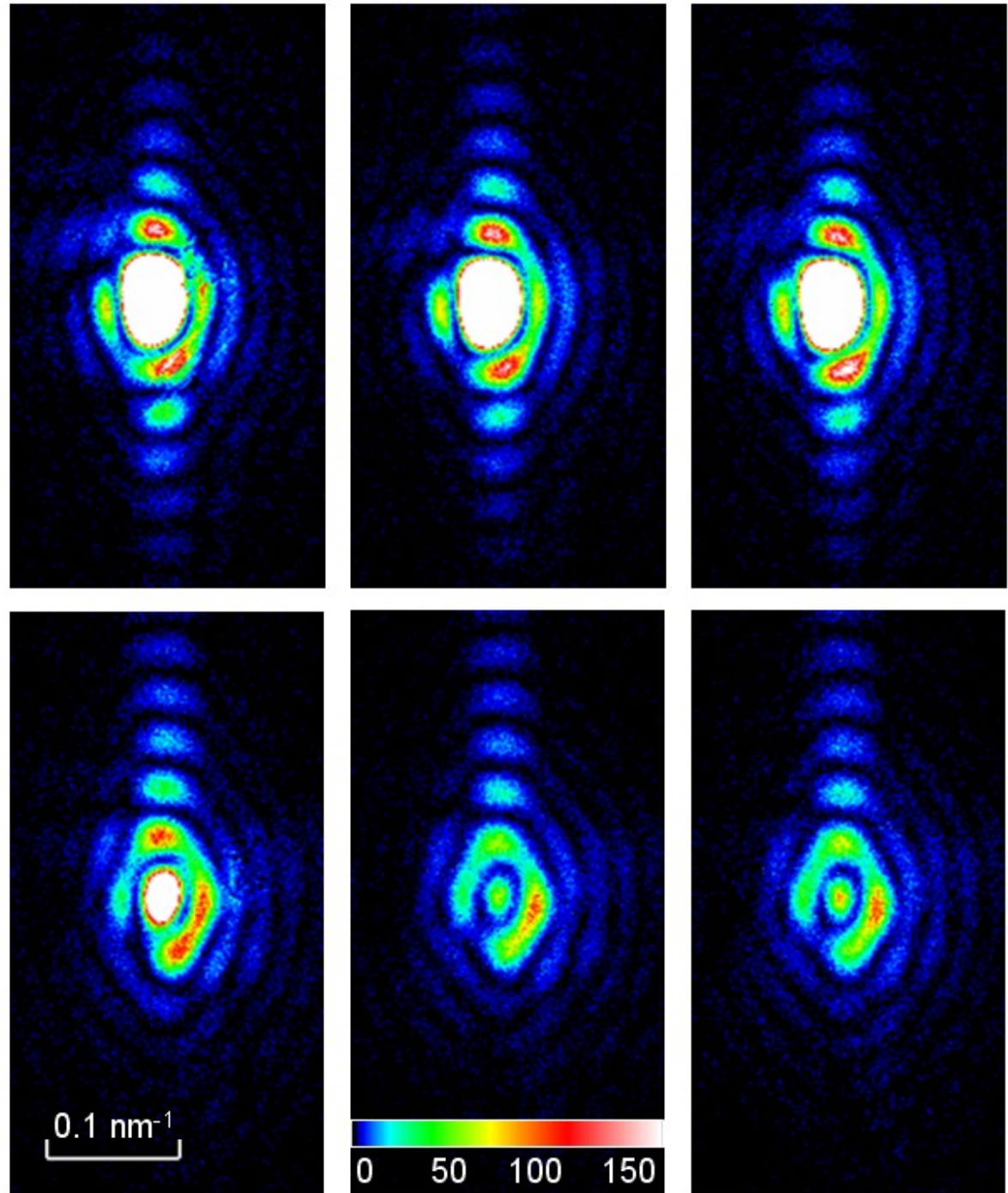
Formation of SAM on cantilever

M. Godin et al, Nanotechnology 21 (2010) 075501



Rocking curve of Au crystal

Before dosing /
dose 1 / dose 2

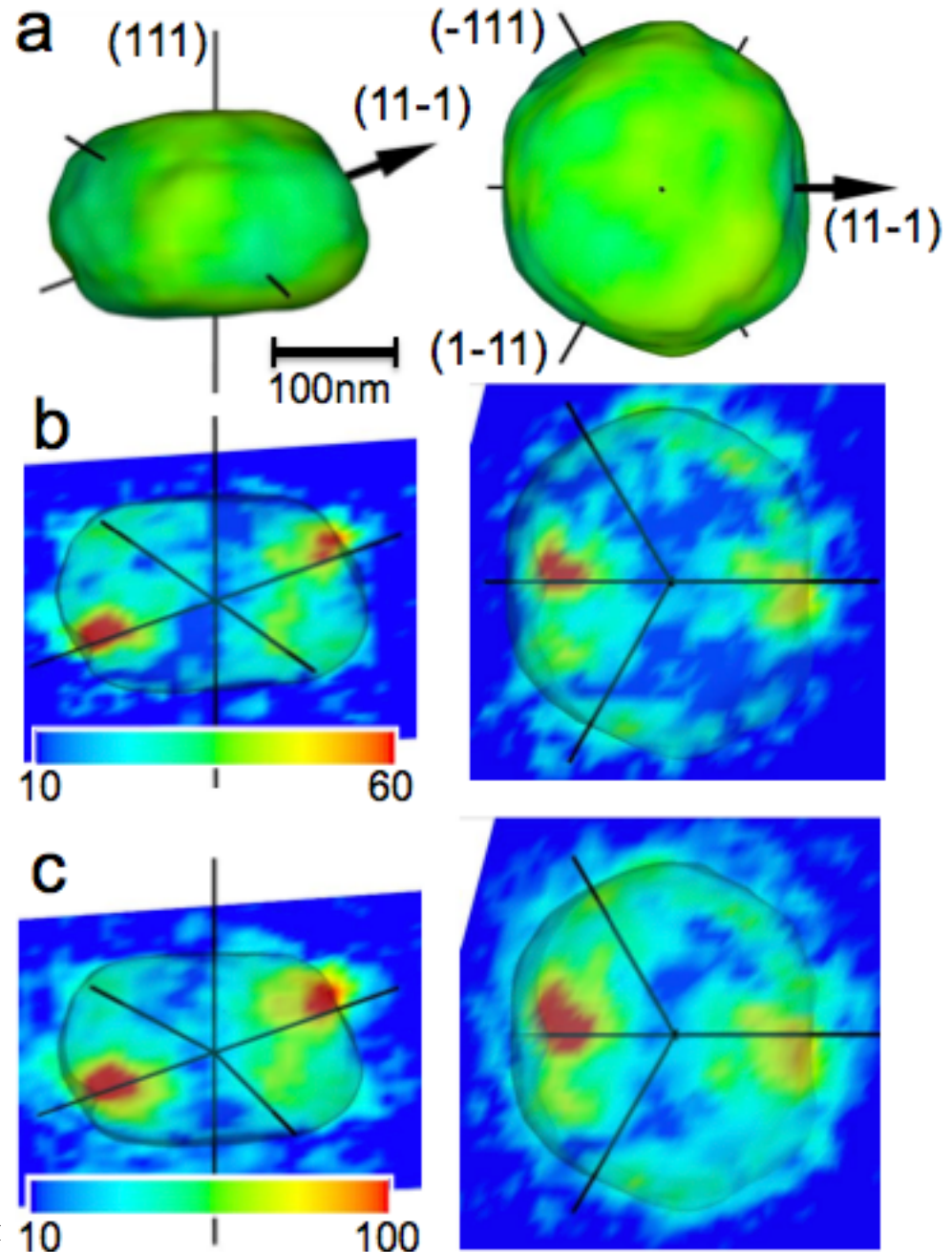


I. K

Difference Fourier:

Magnitude of phase
change caused by
dosing

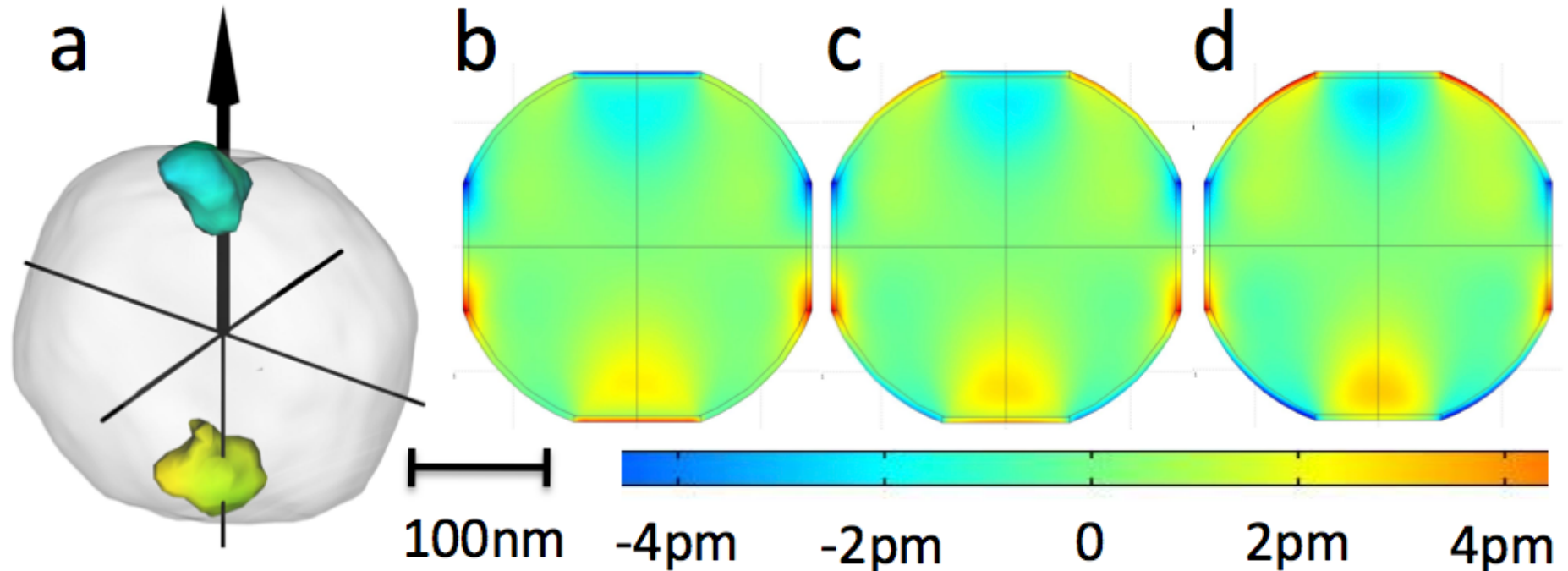
Moyu Watari et al,
Nature Materials (2011)



I. K. Robinso

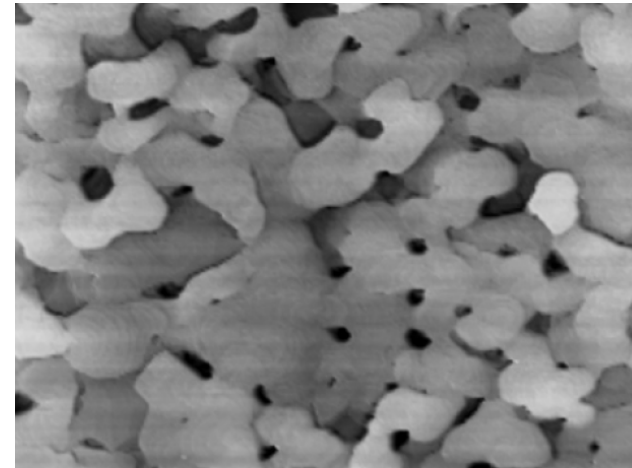
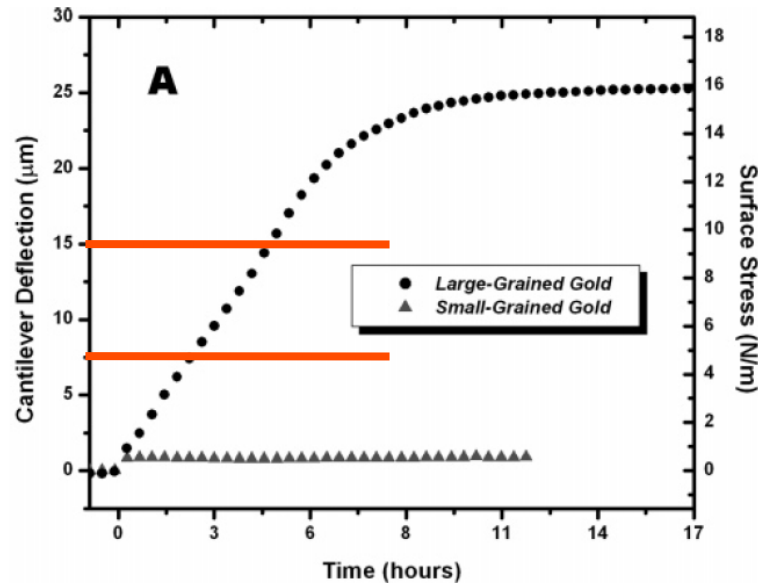
Finite-element Analysis

Differential stress introduced in “skin”
 $\pm 3 \times 10^8 \text{ Pa}$ in 5nm thickness = 1.5N/m



Cantilever strain experiment

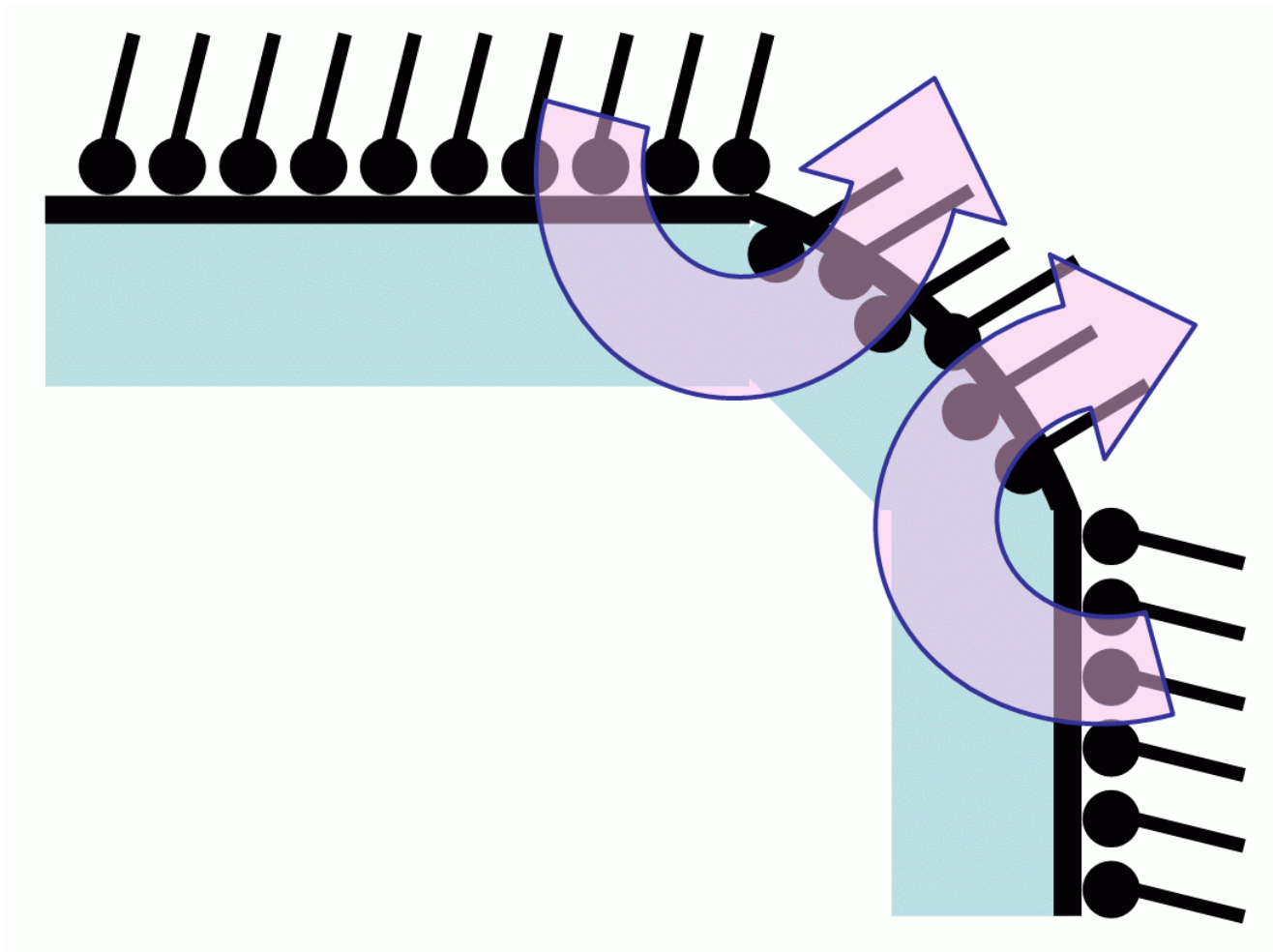
M. Godin et al Langmuir **20** 7090 (2004)



$3 \times 2 \mu\text{m}$ STM image

Calculated surface stress from FEA analysis:
 $4.5 \pm 2 \text{N/m}$ after 1hr, $9.5 \pm 3 \text{N/m}$ after 2hrs

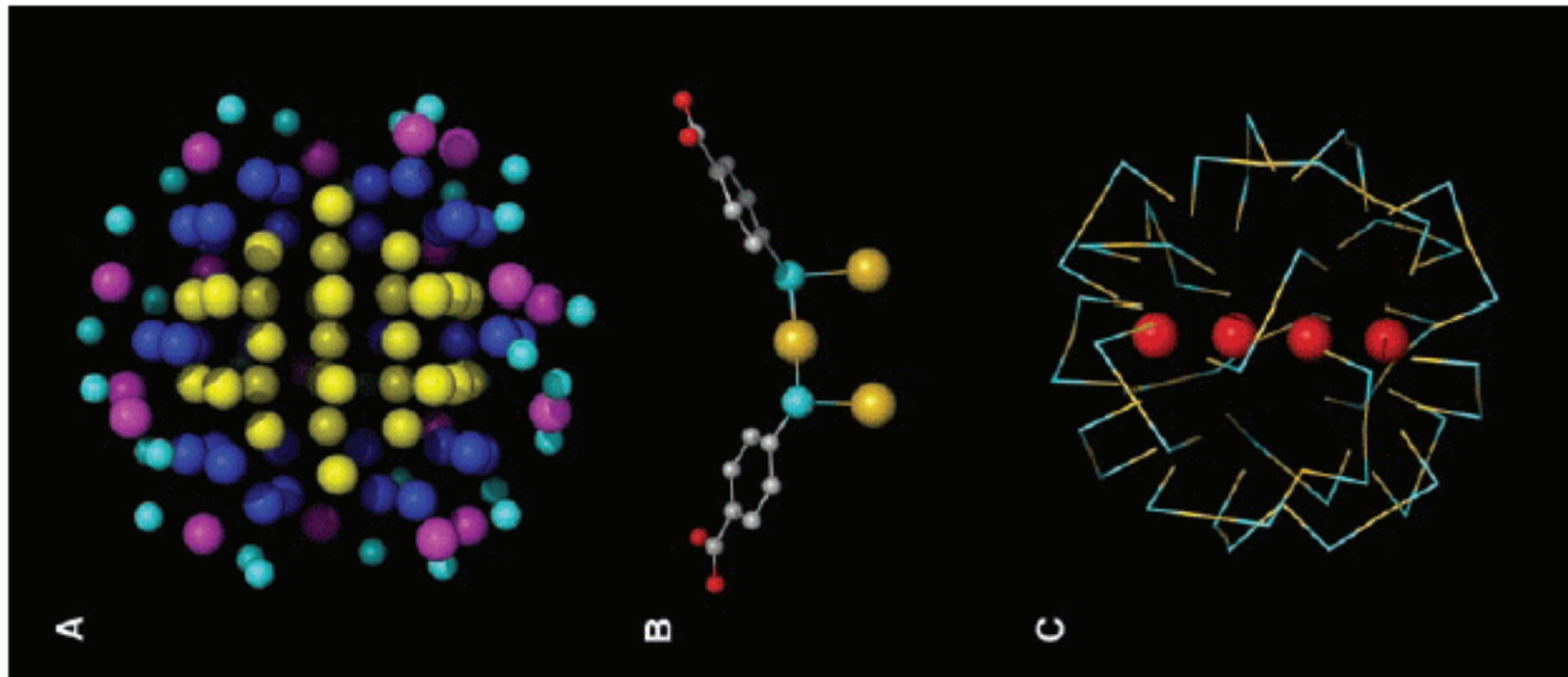
Differential adsorption, thiol/Au

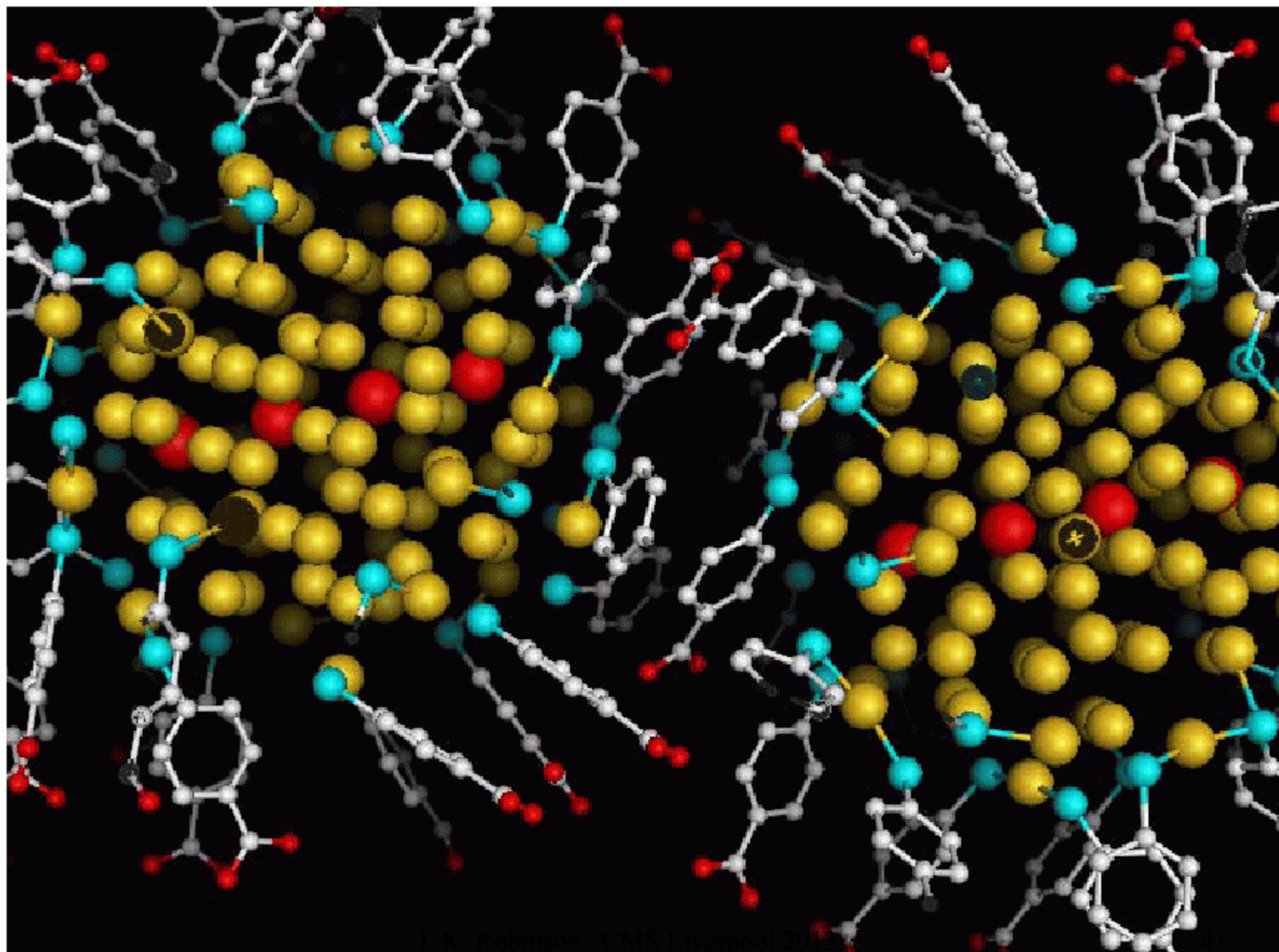


Gold-sulphur network in 1.6nm NC

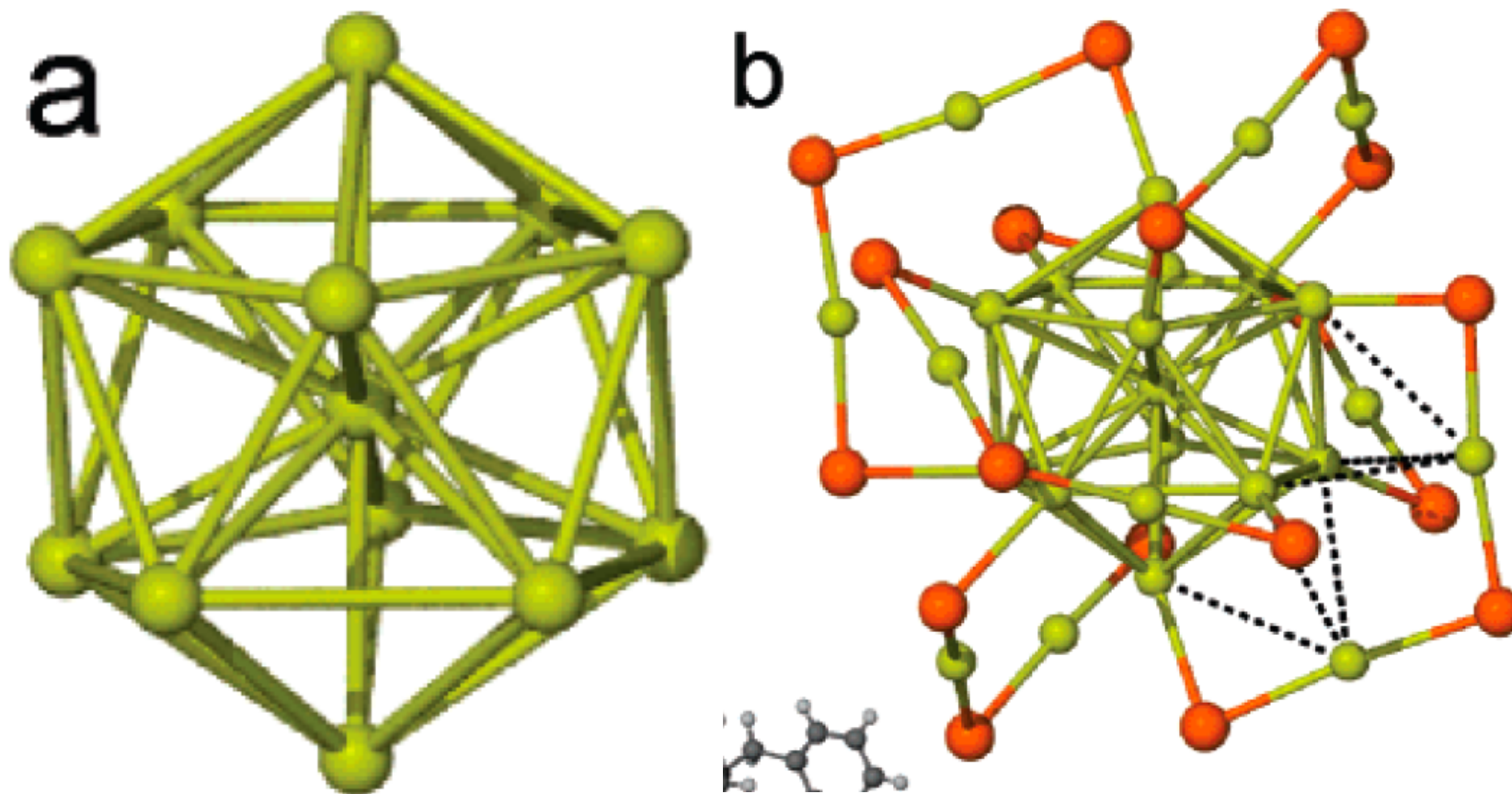
p-mercaptobenzoic acid (p-MBA)

P. D. Jadzinsky et al, Science 318, 430 (2007)



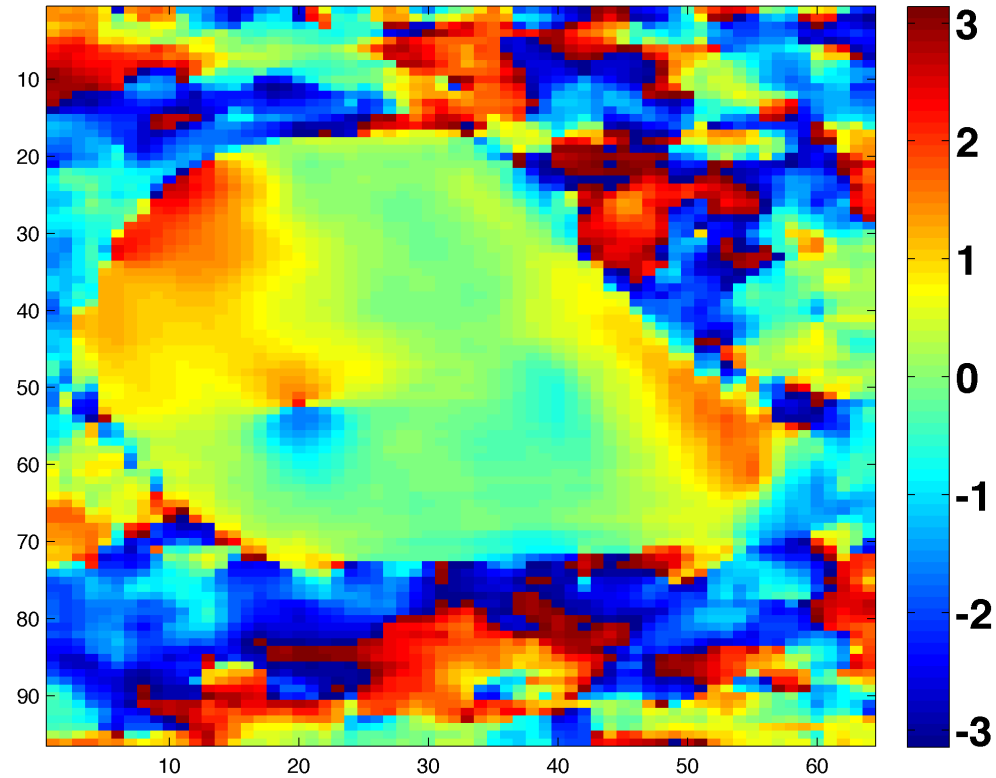


Gold-sulphur structure $\text{Au}_{13}(\text{Au}_2\text{RS}_3)_6$ $=\text{Au}_{25}\text{RS}_{18}$ Heaven et al, JACS 130 3755 (2008)



Strain around Dislocation in Au

Jesse Clark, August 2012

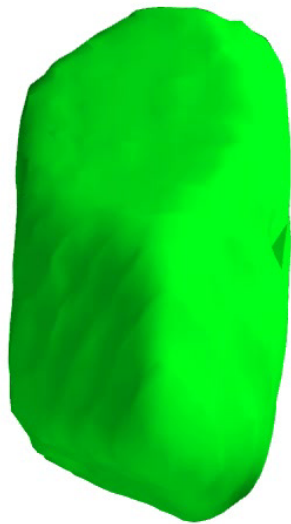


Vary transverse coherence

using horizontal entrance slit settings

$12\mu m$

High coherence



Assuming perfect coherence

$50\mu m$

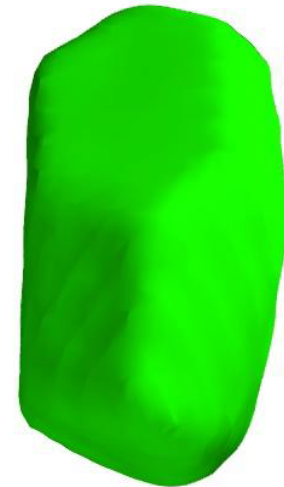
Low coherence



Assuming perfect coherence

$50\mu m$

Low coherence



Correcting for partial coherence

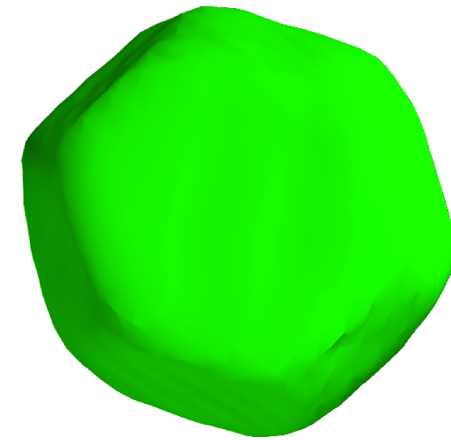
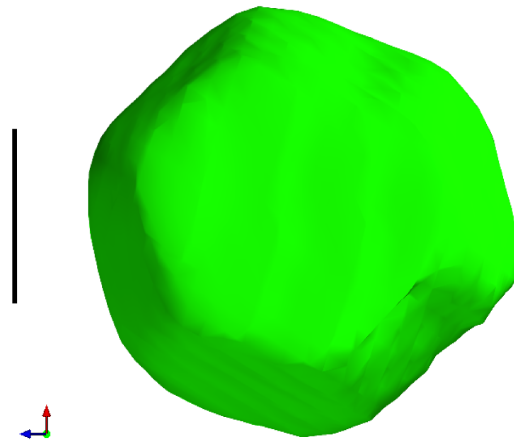
Top view of crystal

Jesse Clark et al, Nature Comms, 3 993 (2012)

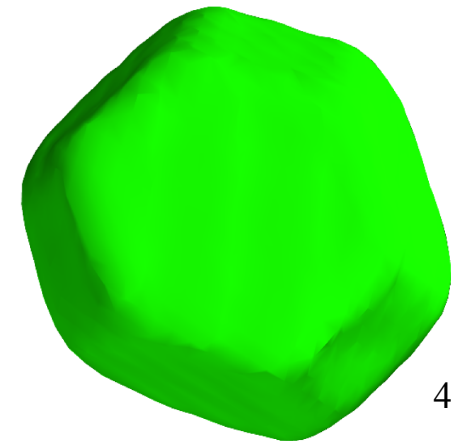
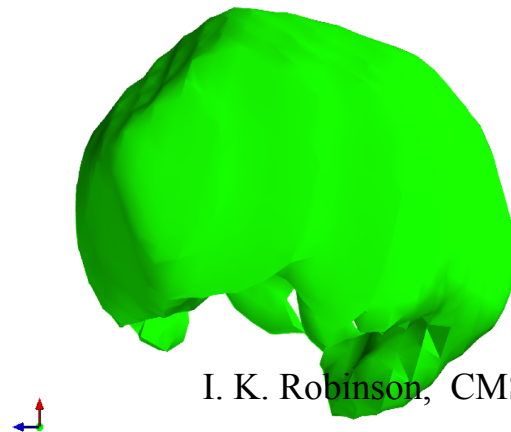
Assuming full
coherence

Correcting for partial
coherence

'High' coherence

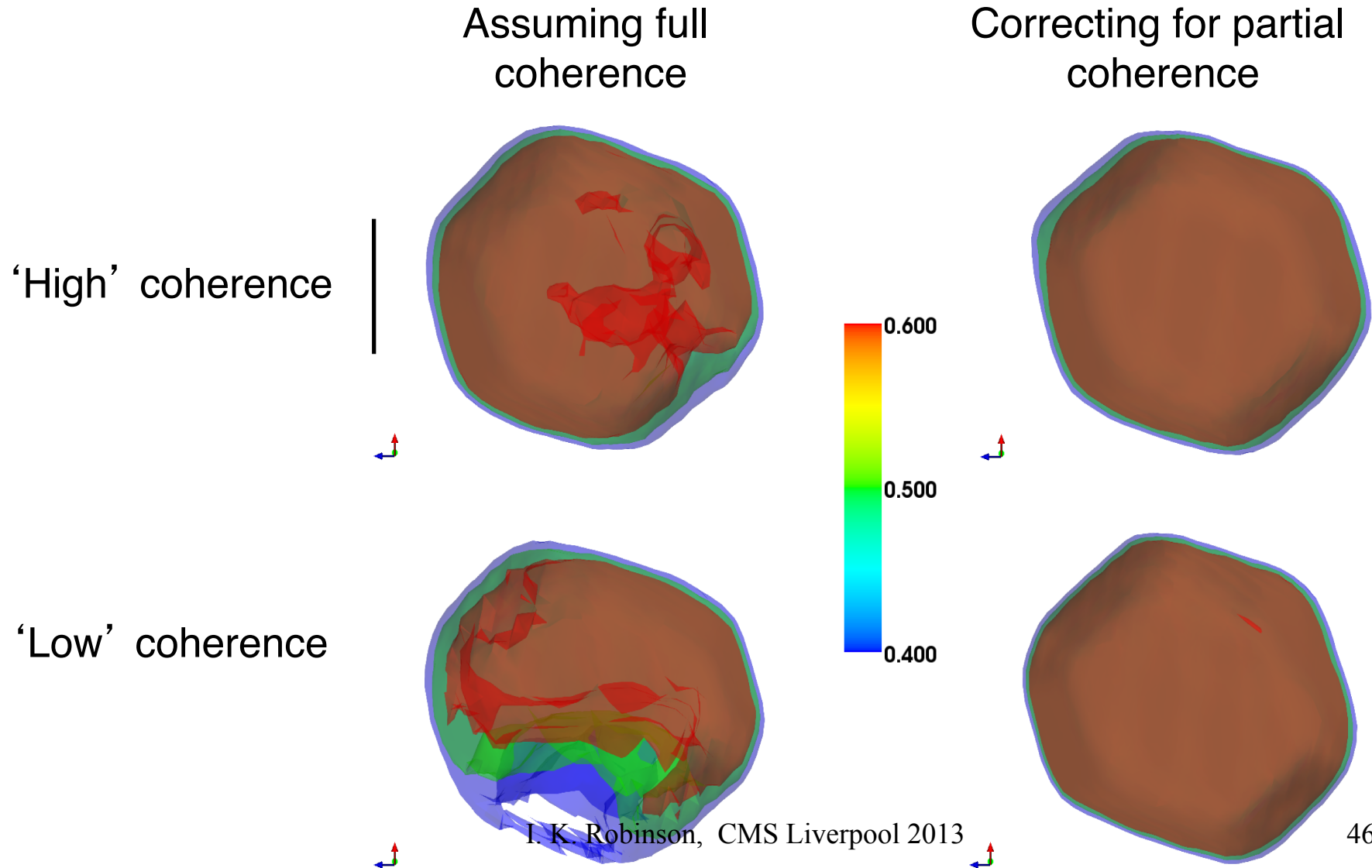


'Low' coherence

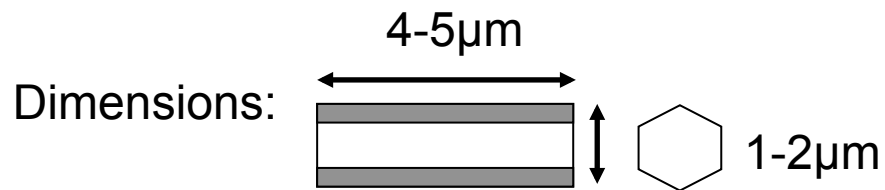
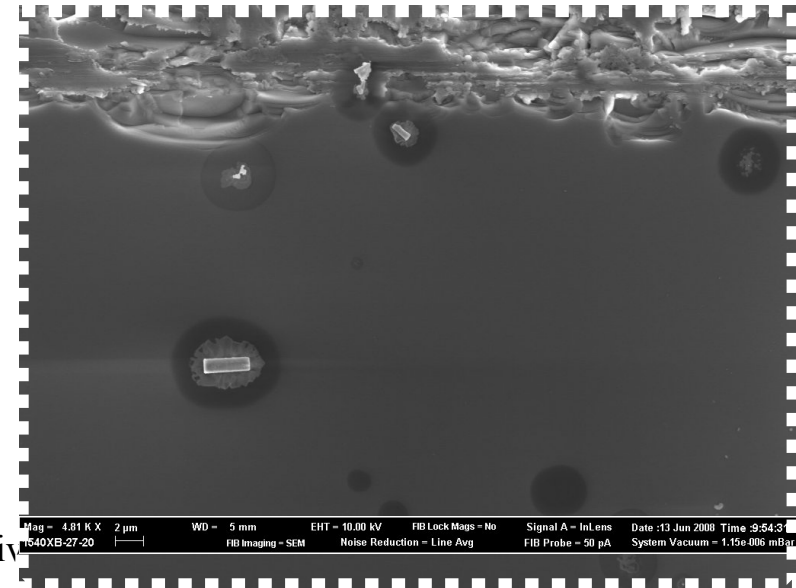
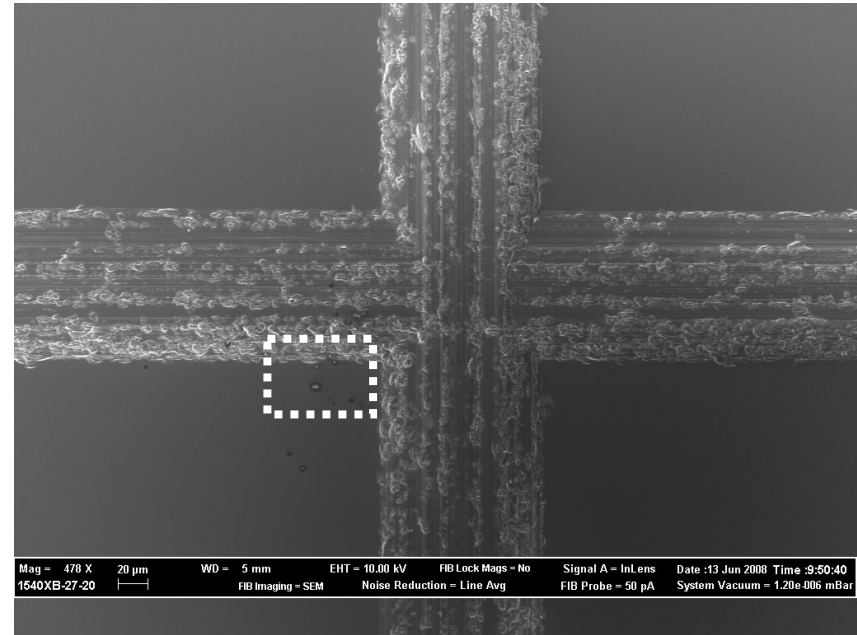
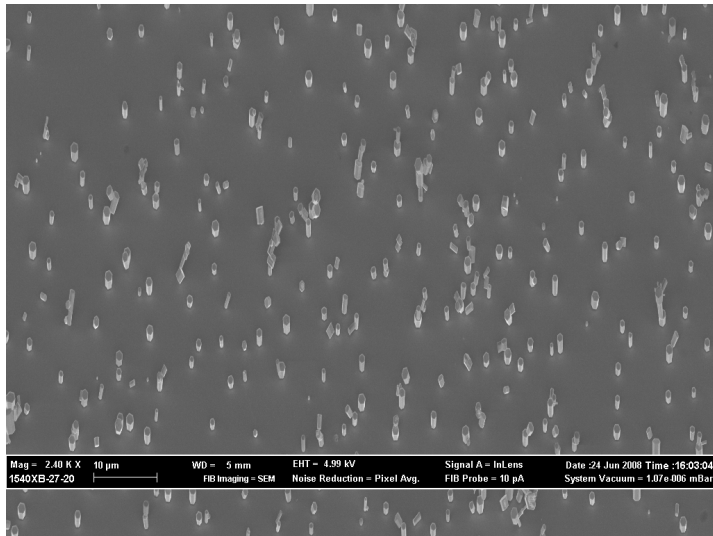


Top view of crystal

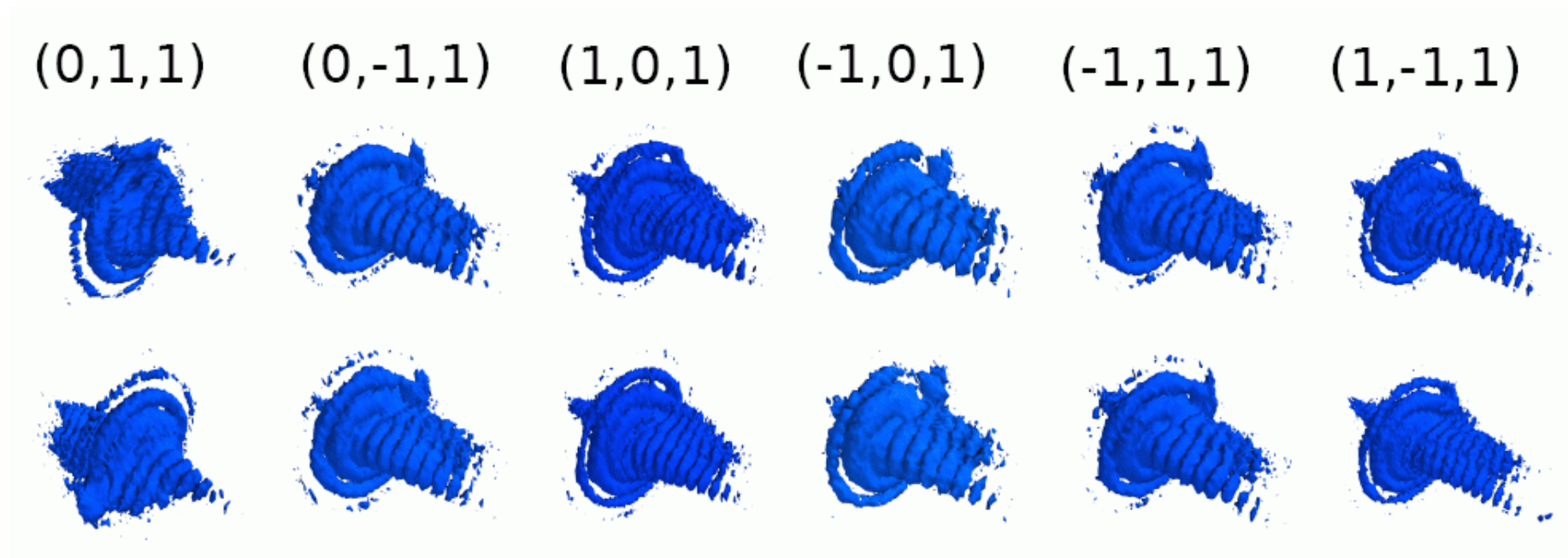
Jesse Clark et al, Nature Comms, 3 993 (2012)



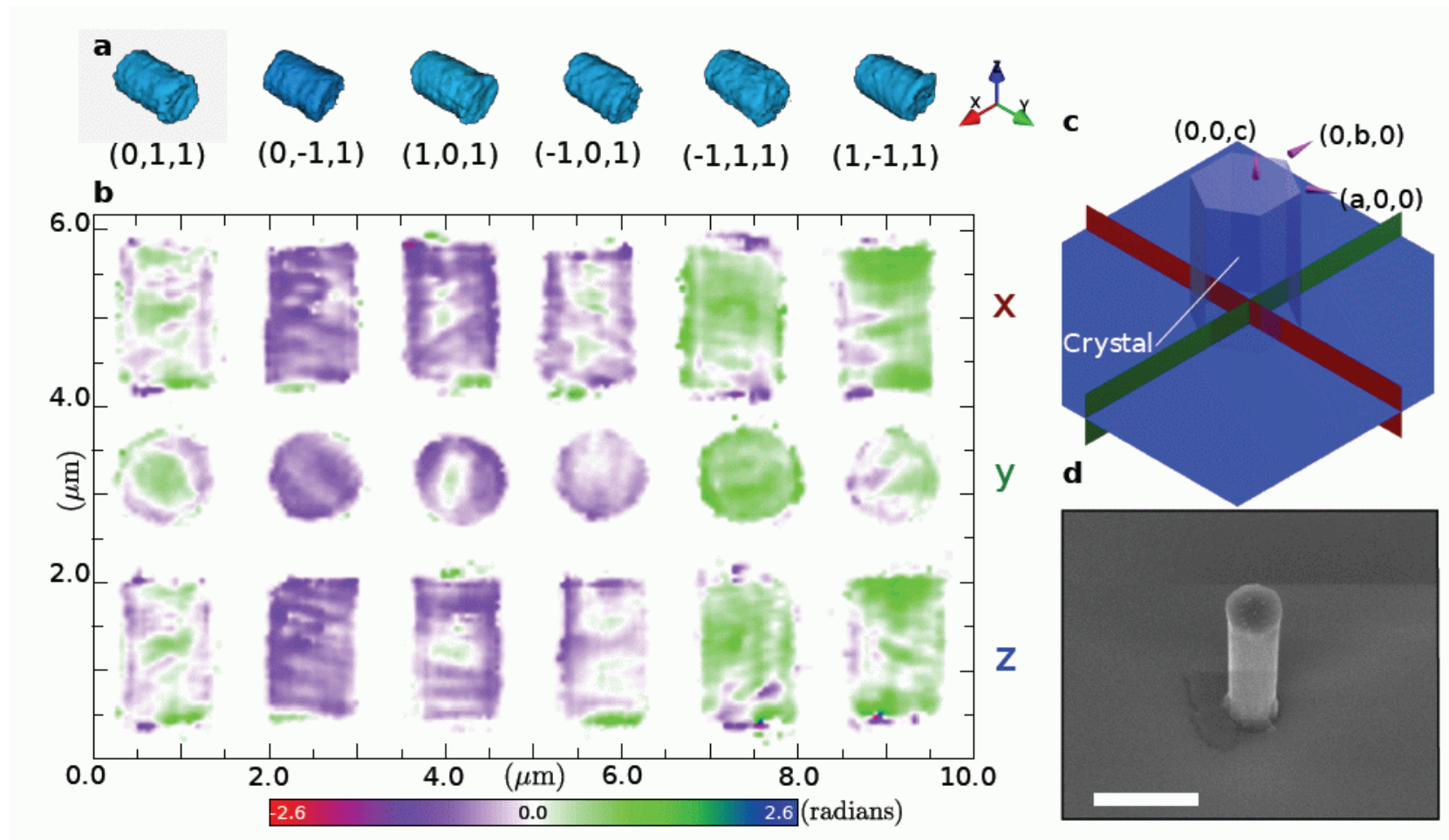
ZnO Sample Preparation



Extension to 6 Bragg Peaks

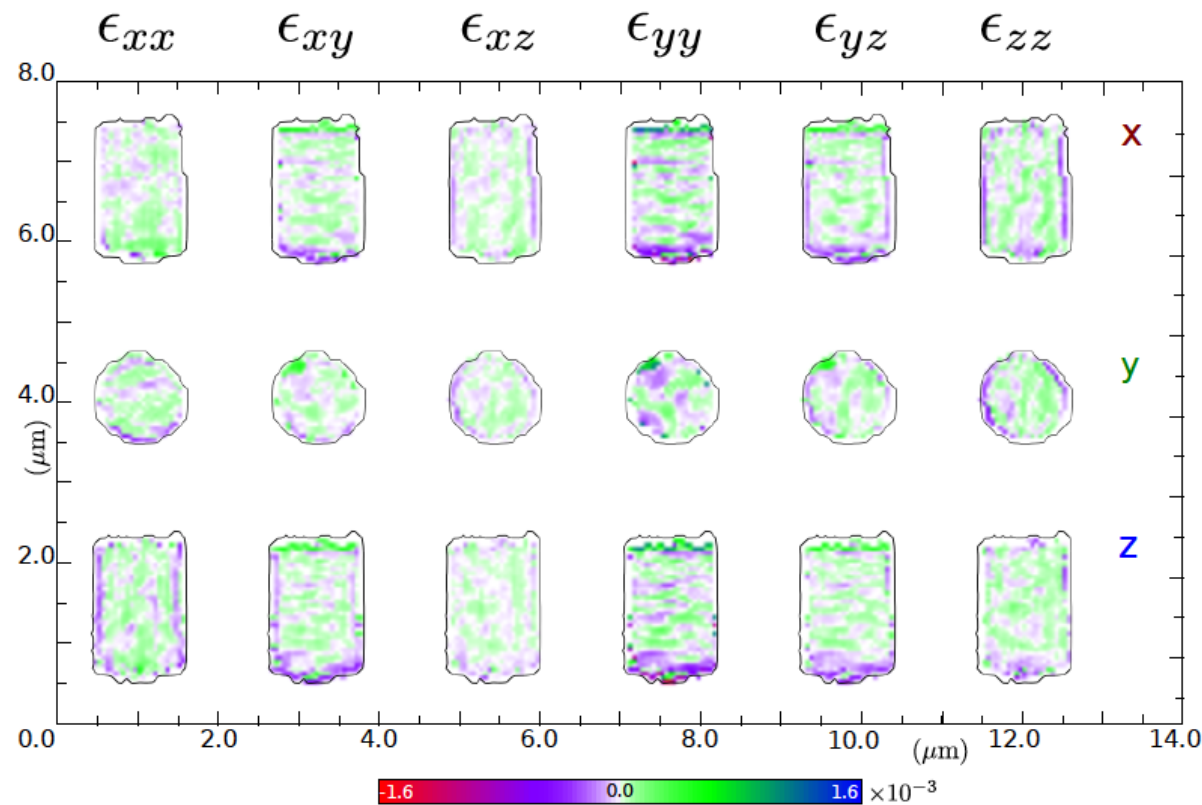


Extension to 6 Bragg Peaks



Full Strain Tensor

$$\epsilon_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u_j}{\partial x_i} + \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j} \right), \quad \tau_{ij} = \left(\frac{\partial u_j}{\partial x_i} - \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j} \right)$$



Coherent x-ray diffraction (CXD)

- Surface has become Nano
- Complex density can image strain
- Strain associated with nano-shape
- Differential strain with thiol chemistry
- Partial coherence correction
- Full strain tensor