

Figure 1. Dominant Group Architecture for $n=5$

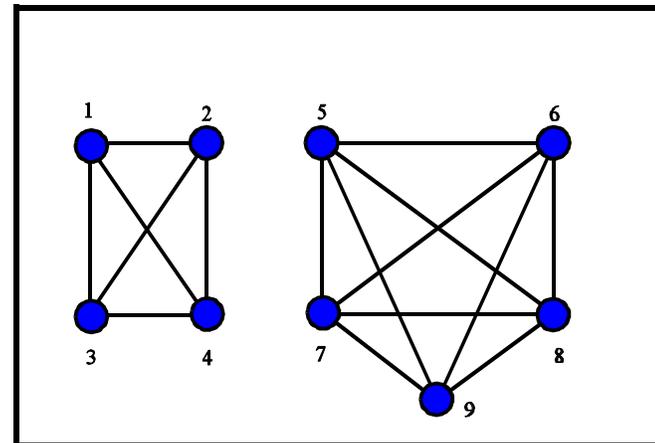
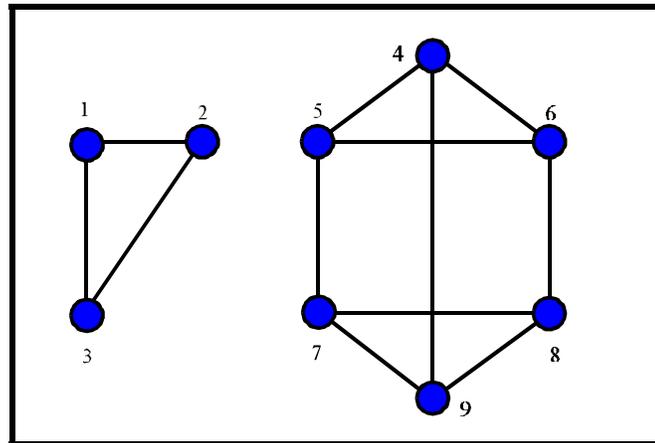
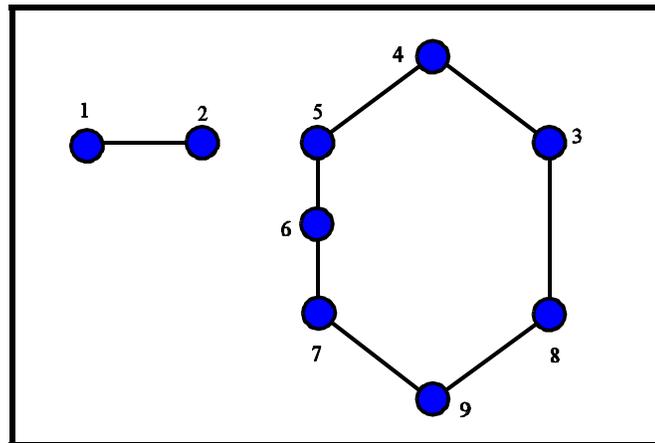


Figure 2. Decreasing Returns with Zero Spillovers: Examples of Equilibrium Networks ($n=9$)

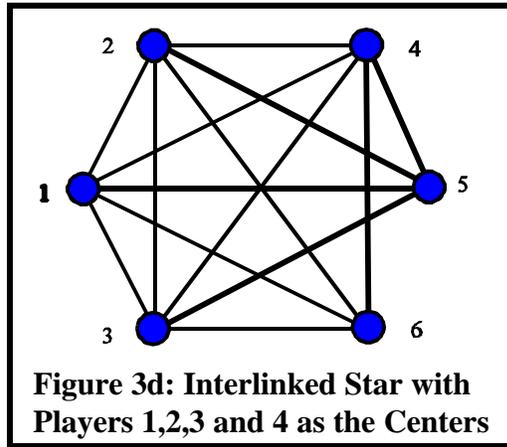
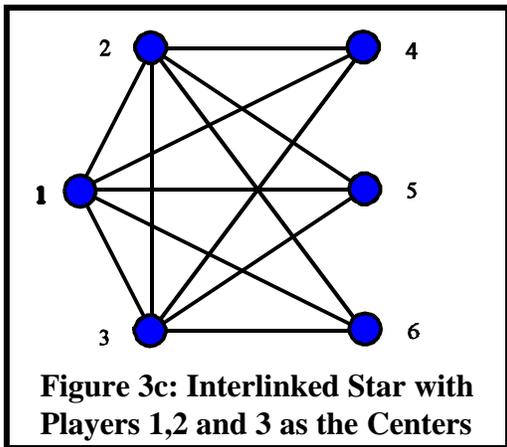
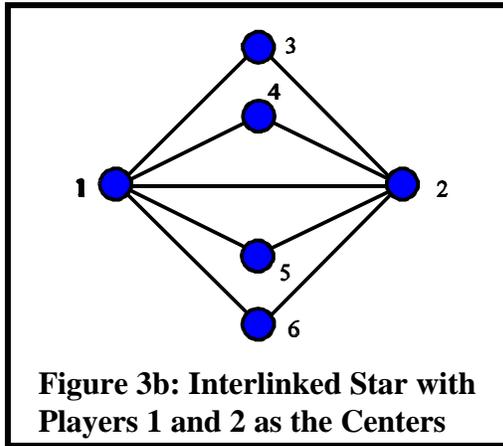
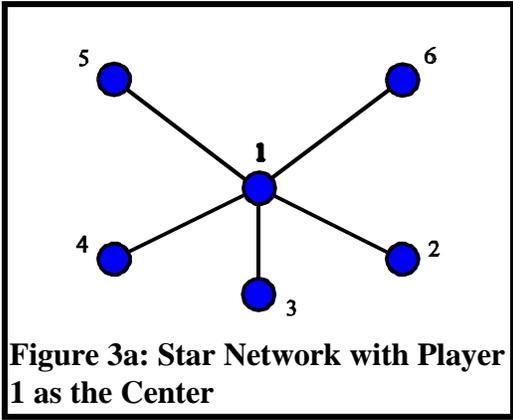


Figure 3. Interlinked Stars with Two Types of Players ($n=6$)

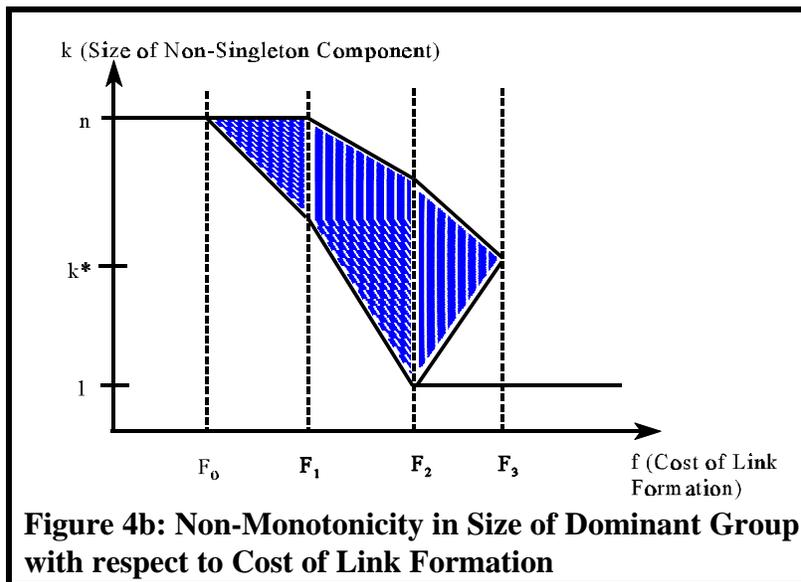
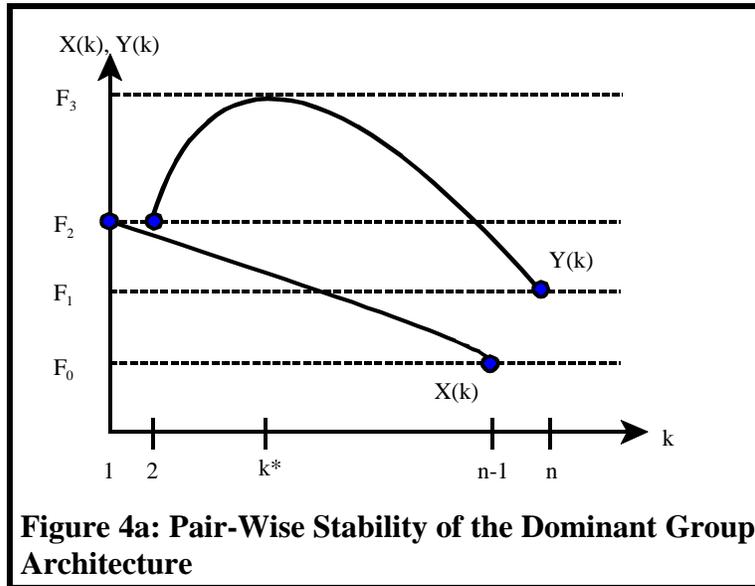


Figure 4. R&D Collaboration Between Cournot Competitors

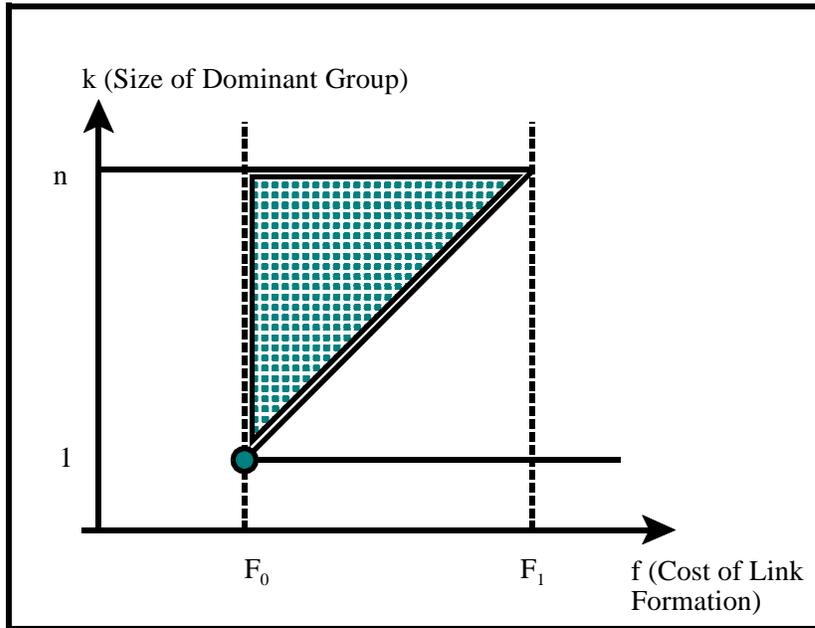


Figure 5. R&D Collaboration Between Local Monopolies
 (Note: $F_0 = \gamma(2(\alpha - \gamma_0) + \gamma)/4$, $F_1 = \gamma(2(\alpha - \gamma_0) + (n-1)\gamma)/4$)

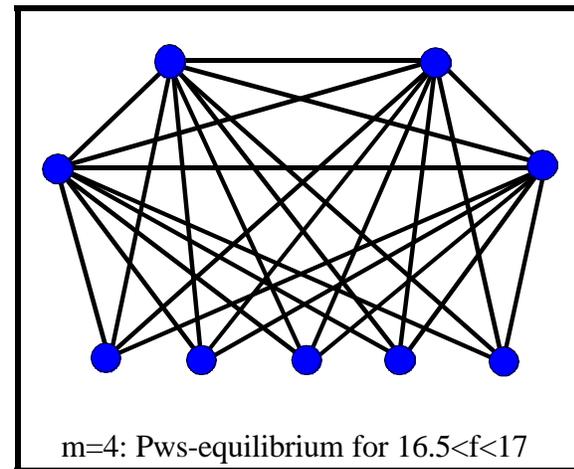
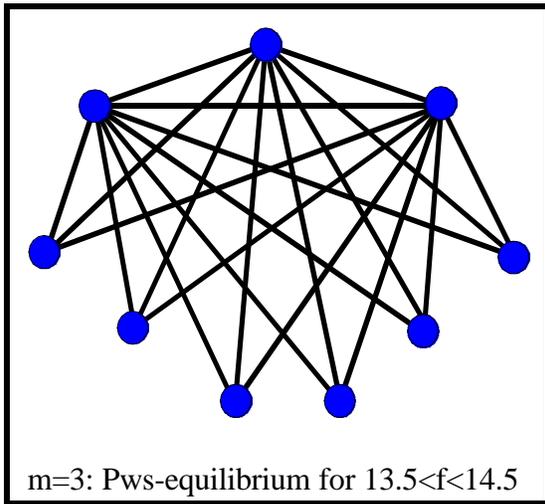
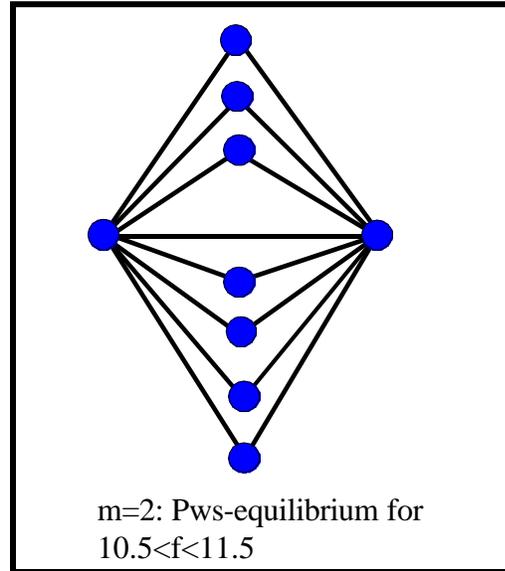
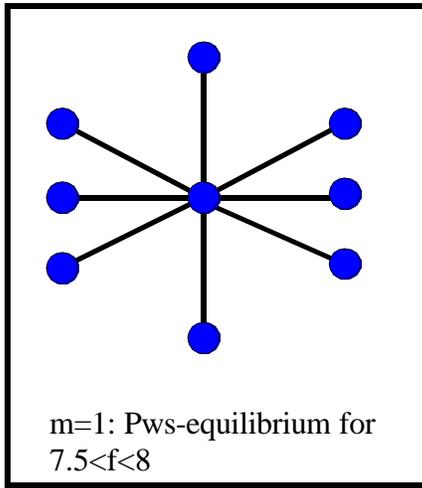


Figure 6. Equilibrium Networks in the Public Goods Example (n=9): Interlinked Stars

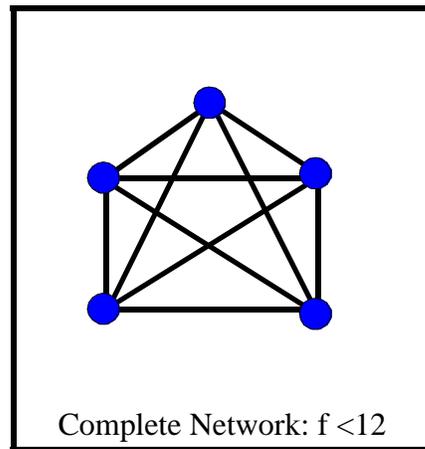
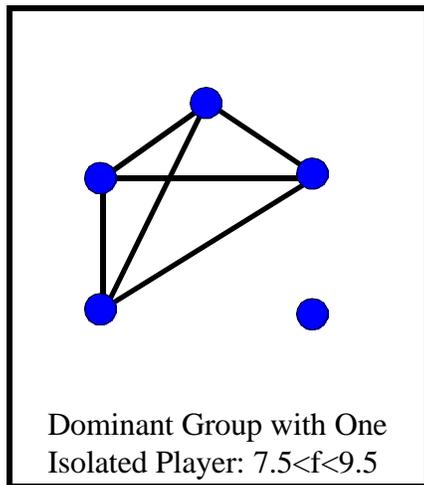
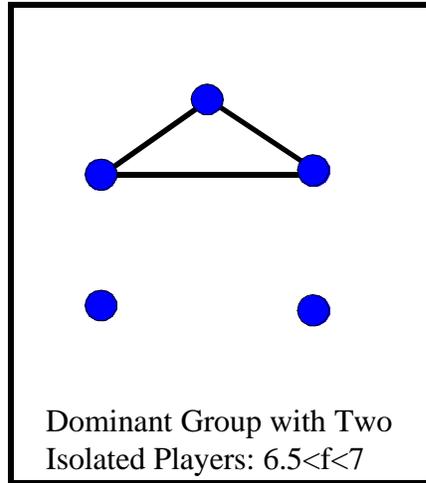
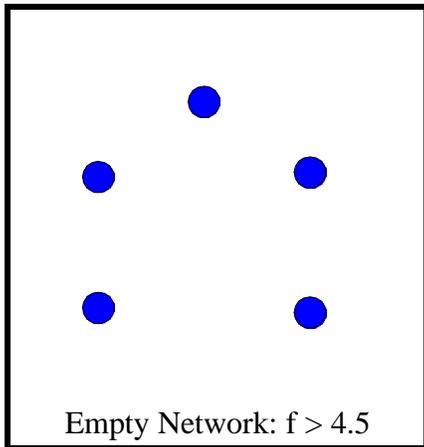


Figure 7. Equilibrium Networks in the Public Goods Example ($n=5$): Dominant Group, Empty and Complete Networks