Further mathematics for economists Exercise Sheet 8 - Functions of several variables I

- 1. Compute the gradient and the Hessian matrix of the following functions of several variables:
 - (a) $f(x,y) = x^{\alpha}y^{\beta}$.
 - (b) $f(x,y) = x^2 \sin(2xy)$.
 - (c) $f(x, y, z) = e^{3xy^2}(x^2 + 1)\cos(3z)$.
- 2. Find the differential df and the **total** derivative df/dx of the functions in 1.a and 1.b., with y = 2x.
- 3. Find df/dt for $f(x(t), y(t)) = xy + y^2$, with $x = e^t$ and y = (1 + t) using the chain rule.
- 4. A company's output is modelled by the Cobb-Douglas production function

$$Q(K,L) = 20K^{1/2}L^{1/3}.$$

(a) Show that

$$K\frac{\partial Q}{\partial K} + L\frac{\partial Q}{\partial L} = cQ(K,L)$$

for some constant c. What is the value of c?

- (b) Write down the gradient vector of Q in terms of K and L.
- (c) How could you have proven (a) without computing the partial derivatives? Discuss.
- 5. Determine whether the following functions are homogeneous. If so, of what degree?
 - (a) $f(x,y) = x^3 xy + y^3$
 - (b) $f(x,y) = 2x + y + 3\sqrt{xy}$
 - (c) $f(x,y) = \exp[x^2 + y^2]$