

# Examples - Lecture 1

Course: Foundations of Numerical Methods

Software: Mathematica 5.0 (so far, may change....)

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Please note:

- (a) The program is divided in cells
- (b) To initialize the cells: (shift+enter); you should try only in the yellow cells

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## If statements

```
(* notes on syntax: Print[] writes something on the screen,  
the semi-colon does not let anything be printed *)  
(* initialization of variables *)  
a = 1;  
b = 3;  
(* if statement *)  
If[a < b, Print[a], Print[b]]  
(* Question: what do I have to do to get 1 on the screen? *)
```

1

---

## Do statements

```
Do[Print[2*i], {i, 1, 10}]  
(* Question: what do I have to do to get only odd or even numbers,  
or to print this until 20? *)
```

```
2
```

```
4
```

```
6
```

```
8
```

```
10
```

```
12
```

```
14
```

```
16
```

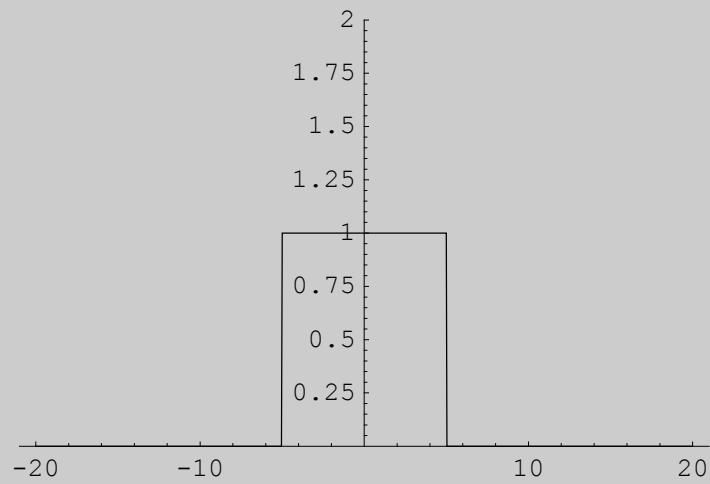
```
18
```

```
20
```

---

## Nested if statements

```
f[x_] := If[x ≤ -5, 0, If[x ≤ 5, 1, 0]]  
(* this plots the function, PlotRange is an option  
   which gives the range of the function to be plotted *)  
Plot[f[x], {x, -20, 20}, PlotRange → {0, 2}]
```



- Graphics -

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## Combined if statements/do loops

```
Do[If[i > 5, Print[50], Print[i]], {i, 1, 10}]
```

```
1
```

```
2
```

```
3
```

```
4
```

```
5
```

```
50
```

```
50
```

```
50
```

```
50
```

```
50
```

---

## Truncation error

Comments on Syntax:

- (a) Here we used the built-in exponential function
- (b) If a do loop involves only a sum, in Mathematica it can be performed in the way below  
(how about doing it in the standard way?)

```
(* initialization of variables *)  
x = 2;  
(*built-in exponential function *)  
expon = N[Exp[x]]  
(* exponential series *)  
etest = N[Sum[x^n / (n!), {n, 0, 5}]]  
(* absolute and relative errors *)  
abserror = Abs[expon - etest]  
relerr = Abs[(expon - etest) / expon]
```

7.38906

7.26667

0.122389

0.0165636

```
x = 2;  
expon = N[Exp[x]]  
etest = N[Sum[x^n / (n!), {n, 0, 100}]]  
abserror = Abs[expon - etest]  
relerr = Abs[(expon - etest) / expon]
```

7.38906

7.38906

$8.88178 \times 10^{-16}$

$1.20202 \times 10^{-16}$