

**LTCC course: Euler systems and Iwasawa Theory**  
**COURSE WORK 2**

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1. Let  $N \geq 1$ , and let  $\ell$  be prime. Denote by  $\pi : Y_1(N\ell) \longrightarrow Y_1(N)$  the natural quotient map. Show that

$$\pi_*(c\mathcal{G}_{0,1/N\ell}) = \begin{cases} c\mathcal{G}_{0,1/N} & \text{if } \ell|N \\ c\mathcal{G}_{0,1/N} \cdot (c\mathcal{G}_{0,u/N})^{-1} & \text{if } \ell \nmid N \end{cases}$$

where  $u$  is the inverse of  $\ell \pmod{N}$ .

2. Let  $M, N \geq 1$  such that  $M|N$ , and let  $\ell$  be a prime not dividing  $N$ . Denote by  $\pi : Y(M, N\ell) \rightarrow Y(M, N)$  the natural quotient map. Calculate  $(\pi \times \pi)_*(c\text{REis}_{M, N\ell})$ .
3. Let  $M, N, \ell$  be integers with  $\ell$  prime,  $\ell \nmid M$  and  $M\ell|N$ . Denote by  $\tau_\ell : Y(M\ell, N) \rightarrow Y(M, N)$  the map constructed in lectures.
- (a) Let  $a \in \mathbb{Z}/M\ell\mathbb{Z}$  be the unique lift of  $1 \in \mathbb{Z}/M\mathbb{Z}$  to an element of  $\mathbb{Z}/M\ell\mathbb{Z}$  divisible by  $\ell$ .
- (b) Show that the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & a \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  defines an embedding of  $Y(M(\ell), N)$  into  $Y(M(\ell), N)^2$ .
- (c) Show that the following diagram is Cartesian:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Y(M\ell, N) \sqcup Y(M(\ell), N) & \xrightarrow{(\iota', \gamma)} & Y(M(\ell), N)^2 \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ Y(M, N) & \xrightarrow{\iota_{M, N}} & Y(M, N)^2 \end{array}$$

Here, the vertical maps are just the natural degeneracy maps.

4. Let  $f, g$  be cuspidal modular eigenforms of weight 2 and level  $\Gamma_1(N)$ ; write  $f = \sum a_n q^n$  and  $g = \sum b_n q^n$ . Assume that  $a_n, b_n \in \mathbb{Q}$  for all  $n$ . Let  $p$  be a prime, and denote by  $V_p(f), V_p(g)$  the  $p$ -adic representations attached to  $f$  and  $g$ , respectively. Assume<sup>1</sup> that the image of  $\text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q})$  in  $\text{GL}(V_p(\star))$  is open for  $\star \in \{f, g\}$ . Show that  $V_p(f) \otimes V_p(g)$  is irreducible as a  $\text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q})$ -representation unless there exists a character  $\chi$  such that

$$a_\ell = b_\ell \chi(\ell) \quad \text{for } \ell \nmid N.$$

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<sup>1</sup>This is true when  $f$  and  $g$  are not of CM type.